

BECKHOFF New Automation Technology

Manual | EN

TE1130

TwinCAT 3 | Interface for Inventor®

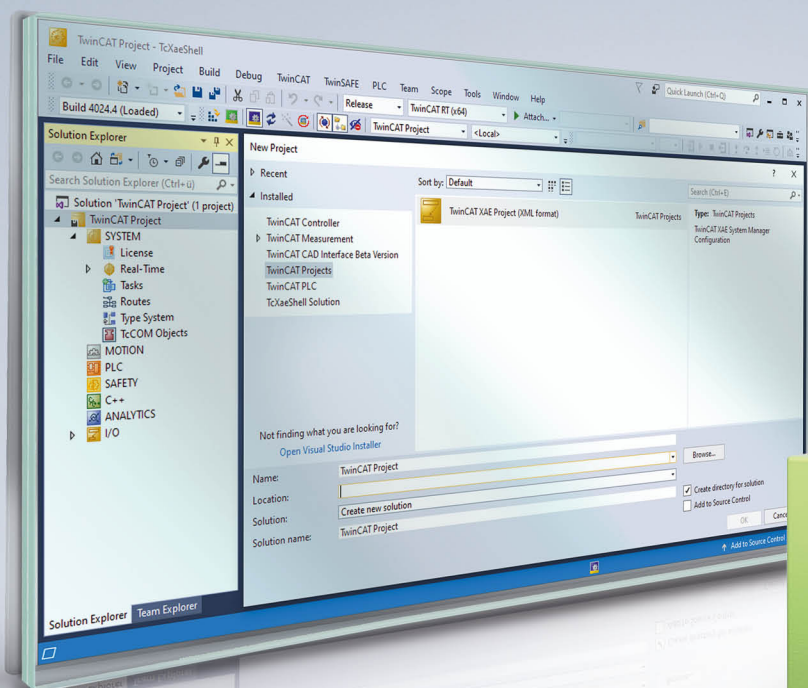


Table of contents

1 Foreword	5
1.1 Notes on the documentation	5
1.2 For your safety	6
1.3 Notes on information security.....	7
2 Overview	8
3 Installation	9
4 Basic principles	10
5 Preparing CAD model	11
5.1 TE1130 Inventor® Add-in.....	11
5.2 Creating motion axes with "Joint" - Recommended procedure	13
5.3 Creating motion axes with "Constrain"	18
5.4 Configuring the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®	21
6 I/O master set up in TwinCAT	27
7 Execution of the simulation	35
8 Support and Service	37

1 Foreword

1.1 Notes on the documentation

This description is intended exclusively for trained specialists in control and automation technology who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

For installation and commissioning of the components, it is absolutely necessary to observe the documentation and the following notes and explanations.

The qualified personnel is obliged to always use the currently valid documentation.

The responsible staff must ensure that the application or use of the products described satisfies all requirements for safety, including all the relevant laws, regulations, guidelines, and standards.

Disclaimer

The documentation has been prepared with care. The products described are, however, constantly under development.

We reserve the right to revise and change the documentation at any time and without notice.

No claims to modify products that have already been supplied may be made on the basis of the data, diagrams, and descriptions in this documentation.

Trademarks

Beckhoff®, TwinCAT®, TwinCAT/BSD®, TC/BSD®, EtherCAT®, EtherCAT G®, EtherCAT G10®, EtherCAT P®, Safety over EtherCAT®, TwinSAFE®, XFC®, XTS® and XPlanar® are registered and licensed trademarks of Beckhoff Automation GmbH.

If third parties make use of designations or trademarks used in this publication for their own purposes, this could infringe upon the rights of the owners of the said designations.

Patents

The EtherCAT Technology is covered, including but not limited to the following patent applications and patents:

EP1590927, EP1789857, EP1456722, EP2137893, DE102015105702
and similar applications and registrations in several other countries.

EtherCAT 

EtherCAT® is registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH, Germany

Copyright

© Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG, Germany.

The distribution and reproduction of this document as well as the use and communication of its contents without express authorization are prohibited.

Offenders will be held liable for the payment of damages. All rights reserved in the event that a patent, utility model, or design are registered.

1.2 For your safety

Safety regulations

Read the following explanations for your safety.

Always observe and follow product-specific safety instructions, which you may find at the appropriate places in this document.

Exclusion of liability

All the components are supplied in particular hardware and software configurations which are appropriate for the application. Modifications to hardware or software configurations other than those described in the documentation are not permitted, and nullify the liability of Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG.

Personnel qualification

This description is only intended for trained specialists in control, automation, and drive technology who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

Signal words

The signal words used in the documentation are classified below. In order to prevent injury and damage to persons and property, read and follow the safety and warning notices.

Personal injury warnings

DANGER

Hazard with high risk of death or serious injury.

WARNING

Hazard with medium risk of death or serious injury.

CAUTION

There is a low-risk hazard that could result in medium or minor injury.

Warning of damage to property or environment

NOTICE

The environment, equipment, or data may be damaged.

Information on handling the product



This information includes, for example:
recommendations for action, assistance or further information on the product.

1.3 Notes on information security

The products of Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG (Beckhoff), insofar as they can be accessed online, are equipped with security functions that support the secure operation of plants, systems, machines and networks. Despite the security functions, the creation, implementation and constant updating of a holistic security concept for the operation are necessary to protect the respective plant, system, machine and networks against cyber threats. The products sold by Beckhoff are only part of the overall security concept. The customer is responsible for preventing unauthorized access by third parties to its equipment, systems, machines and networks. The latter should be connected to the corporate network or the Internet only if appropriate protective measures have been set up.

In addition, the recommendations from Beckhoff regarding appropriate protective measures should be observed. Further information regarding information security and industrial security can be found in our <https://www.beckhoff.com/secguide>.

Beckhoff products and solutions undergo continuous further development. This also applies to security functions. In light of this continuous further development, Beckhoff expressly recommends that the products are kept up to date at all times and that updates are installed for the products once they have been made available. Using outdated or unsupported product versions can increase the risk of cyber threats.

To stay informed about information security for Beckhoff products, subscribe to the RSS feed at <https://www.beckhoff.com/secinfo>.

2 Overview

The TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® is a tool for easy configuration of a coupling between TwinCAT 3 and the 3D CAD system Autodesk® Inventor®. It enables a simulation of all movements in the 3D CAD program. Thus, the program allows PLC programmers to perform functionality tests on the PLC code at an early stage and with little effort. Simple motion axes and complex kinematics can be simulated and tested directly in Autodesk® Inventor®. Light barriers and limit switches can also be tested using collision detection. Machine error situations can also be evaluated after they have occurred.

You can also use the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® to train operators and maintenance staff in advance for regular operation and to define work instructions for troubleshooting based on simulated critical machine states. In addition, presales training for sales support for machines or machine components can also be carried out using 3D simulations.

With the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®, configuring the 3D simulation is easy. The simulation tool uses the design data from Autodesk® Inventor® and links it with the automation data. This also results in the advantage of parallel design, manufacturing, and programming.

3 Installation

System requirements

Technical data	Description
Operating system	Windows 10
Minimum TwinCAT version	TwinCAT 3.1.4026.00
TwinCAT licenses	TE1130 TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® TE1131 TwinCAT 3 Interface Maintenance for Inventor®
Requires	TC1000 TC3 ADS
Supported CAD systems	Autodesk® Inventor® 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023

TwinCAT Package Manager: Installation (TwinCAT 3.1 Build 4026)

Detailed instructions on installing products can be found in the chapter [Installing workloads](#) in the [TwinCAT 3.1 Build 4026 installation instructions](#).

Install the following workload to be able to use the product:

- TE1130 | TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®

Licensing

The TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® is an engineering product. The licensing takes place exclusively on the engineering system. The guide to licensing a full version can be found in the Beckhoff Information System in the documentation "[TwinCAT 3 Licensing](#)".

TE1131 TwinCAT 3 Interface Maintenance for Inventor®

For the annual update of the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® you need the maintenance license TE1131 TwinCAT 3 Interface Maintenance for Inventor®. This maintenance license allows you to use regular improvements and new features for one year. If you do not re-purchase the maintenance license at the end of the year, you will no longer receive new content and features. You will then use the program version that corresponds to the last paid maintenance license. To continue receiving regular updates, you must purchase the maintenance license annually.

With the maintenance license, we provide you with updates of the TE1130 TwinCAT Add-in for new versions of Autodesk® Inventor® in addition to regular updates. That way we ensure that you can use the add-in with your current version of the Autodesk® Inventor®.

4 Basic principles

The TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® connects TwinCAT with Autodesk® Inventor®. The goal of this coupling is "software-in-the-loop simulation" (SiL simulation, abbreviated as SiL in the following). In virtual commissioning or in an SiL, a closed loop is essential. I.e. values are written from the controller to the CAD model (axis positions) and at the same time values are fed back from the model to the controller/PLC (sensor values). In this context, the visualization or simulation helps the programmer to better understand the behavior of the controller and to detect possible problems in this loop.

The TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® uses the design data from Autodesk® Inventor® and the position values and other values from a TwinCAT project for the SiL. The axes to be moved, which must be configured in Autodesk® Inventor®, are imported into this TwinCAT project. The CAD software parameters are linked to the TwinCAT symbols for the simulation of motion.

The 3D simulation is not real-time capable because Autodesk® Inventor® runs on standard Windows systems or does not have a real-time simulation environment.

Operating principle

To create a simulation with the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®, a 3D model and a PLC project are basically required. During the design of a 3D model in Autodesk® Inventor®, the assemblies and axes that should be mobile later on must be configured accordingly. In addition, a PLC project is required in TwinCAT to control the machine's movement. In the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®, the mobile simulation axes of the 3D model are connected to the PLC. When running the simulation, the values are copied from the controller to the model as axis positions and values are simultaneously fed back from the model to the controller as sensor values. The movement that occurs due to the commands from the controller is displayed in the 3D model.

To use the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®, TwinCAT is triggered by an external CAD program, i.e. Autodesk® Inventor®. The TwinCAT 3 Usermode Runtime enables synchronous integration of the execution. TwinCAT 3 offers an interface for this, whereby the ticks for the runtime are specified externally. The CAD-specific add-in is used to initialize and start the TwinCAT Usermode Runtime in Autodesk® Inventor®. After initializing the Usermode Runtime, the target can be selected in TwinCAT. After starting the runtime, values can be exchanged between Autodesk® Inventor® and TwinCAT. The Usermode Runtime used for coupling the TwinCAT project and Autodesk® Inventor® has the task of ensuring synchronous execution of the non-real-time capable Autodesk® Inventor® and the real-time capable PLC code.

5 Preparing CAD model

This subchapter explains the functional principle and operation of Autodesk® Inventor®.

● Slow simulation

i Several factors within Autodesk® Inventor® slow down the simulation. Multiple opened Inventor® instances and the set visual style are among these factors.

- Only open one Inventor® instance at a time for the simulation.
- Reduce the axis and collision sensor to a minimum.
- Use simple parts for collision detection.
- Go to **View>Display>Visual Style** and set a simple **visual style**, for example "Technical Illustration" or "Shaded".
- Under **View>Display**, disable **Ray Tracing**.

i Inventor® function **Contact Solver** does not work in conjunction with TE1130 Inventor® add-in.

- Disable the function under **Inspect>Disable Contact Solver**.

Principle of operation

You have two options for creating a CAD model in Autodesk® Inventor® with which you can use the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®.

1. Joints:

Parts can be moved via joints in the CAD model. These joints have a parameter that can be defined in TwinCAT. If the value changes, the position of the part to be moved also changes.

2. Constraints:

A constraint specifies the distance or angle between parts. There is one parameter for each constraint in Inventor®. This parameter value can be changed in TwinCAT. If the value changes, the position of the part to be moved also changes.

Displacement sensors

In contrast to the axes, which write parameter values, the displacement sensors read parameter values. For example, in kinematics such as delta kinematics, the position parameter of the joint, which is located in the Tool Center Point (TCP), can be read. This is used to check whether the position moved to is the desired target position.

Collision sensors

For collision detection, the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® can be used to define sensors with which the collision between two selected components is checked and passed to TwinCAT as a BOOL variable.

5.1 TE1130 Inventor® Add-in

To use the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®, an add-in is started in Inventor®. This is used to start the TwinCAT Usermode Runtime, filter parameters, configure motion axes and create the sensors, for example.

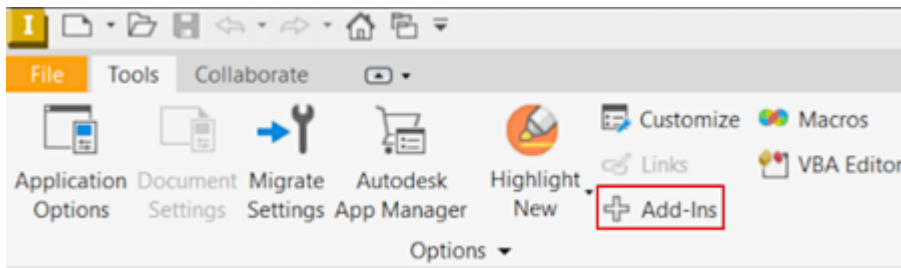
i For technical reasons, the Inventor® add-in only works in the first opened Autodesk® Inventor® instance.

Activating TE1130 Autodesk® Inventor® add-in

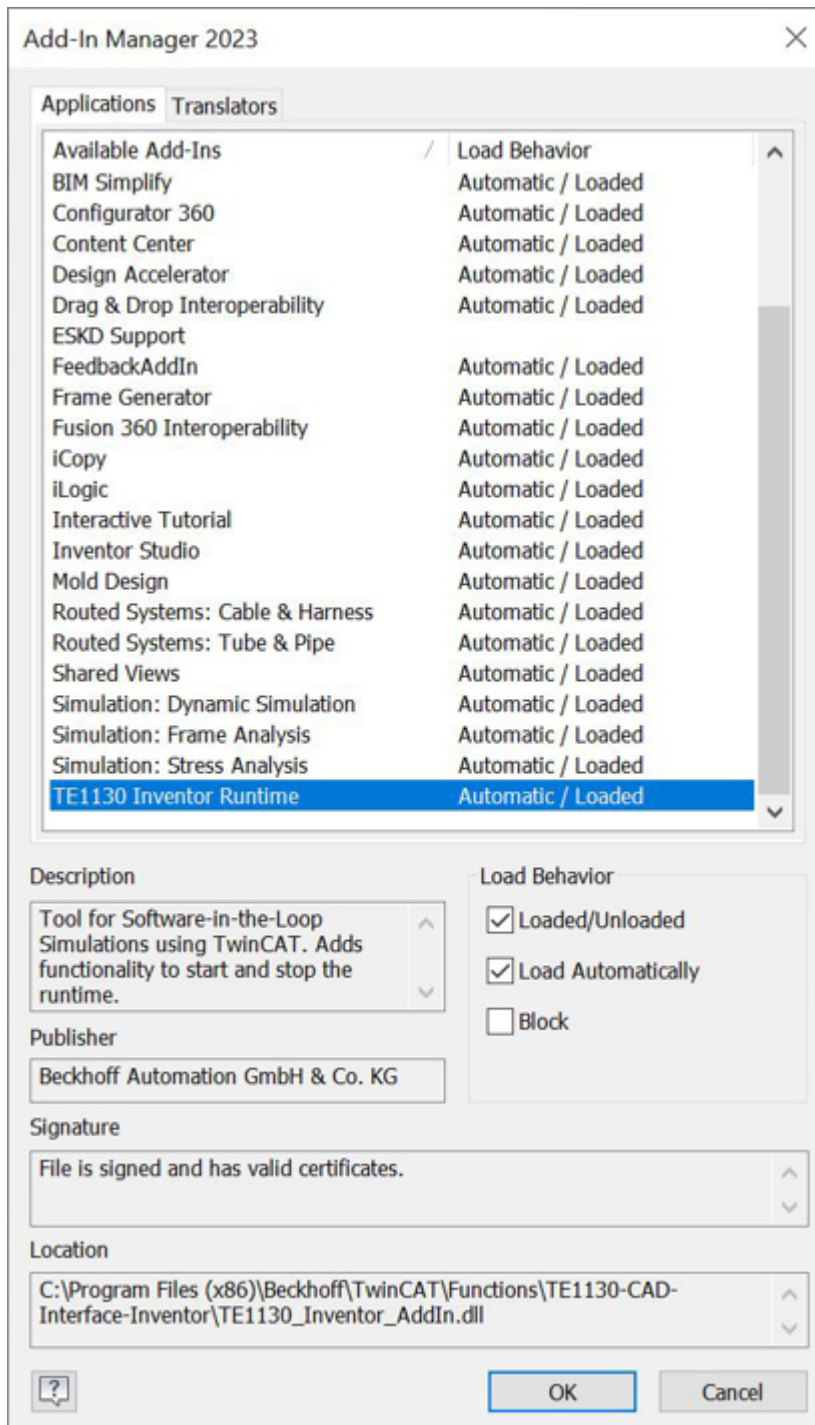
The first time you want to use the add-in in Autodesk® Inventor® it may not be displayed in the ribbon. In this case, you need to activate the add-in.

Proceed as follows:

1. Click the **Tools** tab on the ribbon in the Autodesk® Inventor® startup window.
2. Click the **Add-Ins** button.



⇒ The **Add-In Manager** window opens.

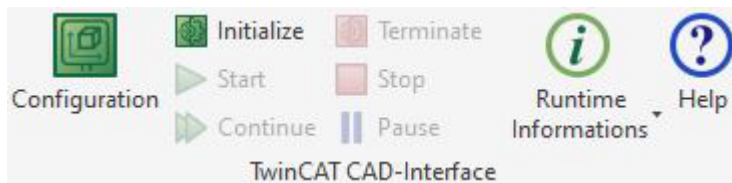


3. Select the add-in **TE1130 Inventor® Runtime**.
4. Check **Loaded/Unloaded**.

5. Check **Load Automatically**.
 6. Click the **OK** button.
- ⇒ The add-in is now displayed in the ribbon at **Add-Ins**.

Operating buttons of the TE1130 Autodesk® Inventor® add-in

You can find the add-in on the **Add-Ins** tab in Autodesk® Inventor®. The controls of the add-in are described below.



Configuration	Open configuration window to set axes and sensors.
Initialize	The function initializes the Usermode Runtime so that the "Inventor Machine" can be selected as a target in TwinCAT.
Start	Start TwinCAT Runtime from Autodesk® Inventor®.
Continue	Continue TwinCAT Runtime.
Terminate	Exit TwinCAT Runtime completely.
Stop	Set TwinCAT Runtime to configuration mode from Autodesk® Inventor®.
Pause	Stop TwinCAT Runtime to operate Autodesk® Inventor®.
Runtime Informations	Displays information about the runtime. (product version numbers, initialized model, etc.)
Help	Links to the help pages on the Internet.

5.2 Creating motion axes with "Joint" - Recommended procedure

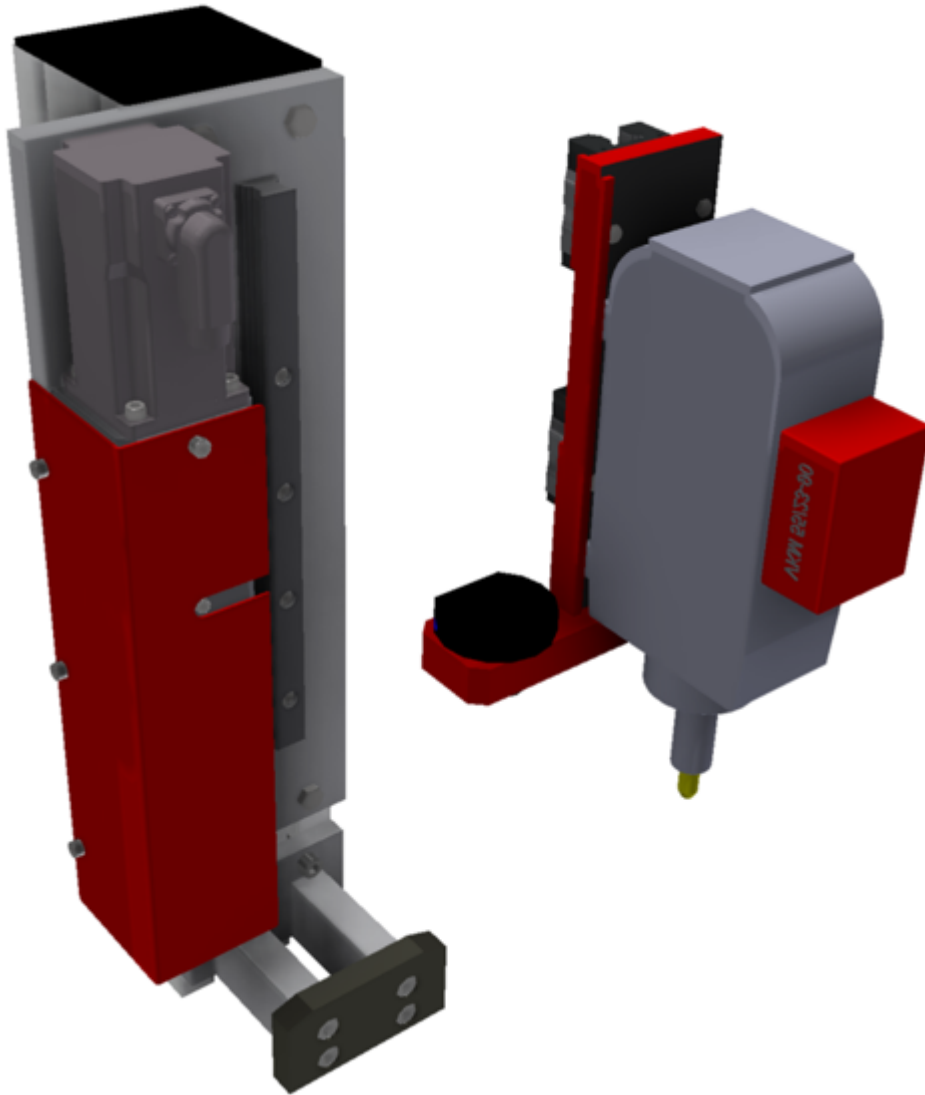
In the first step of simulation preparation, you set up or adjust the parameters of the motion axes in the CAD model. The following is the recommended procedure for creating parameters in Autodesk® Inventor®. In this procedure, the constraint of the movable part is defined with the "Joint" function. In the following example, place the origin of a joint at the top of the linear guide on the miller and select a surface along the linear guide as the joint plane.



For the simulation, it does not matter which units are set in the assemblies. The motion axis and displacement sensor units are set in TwinCAT.

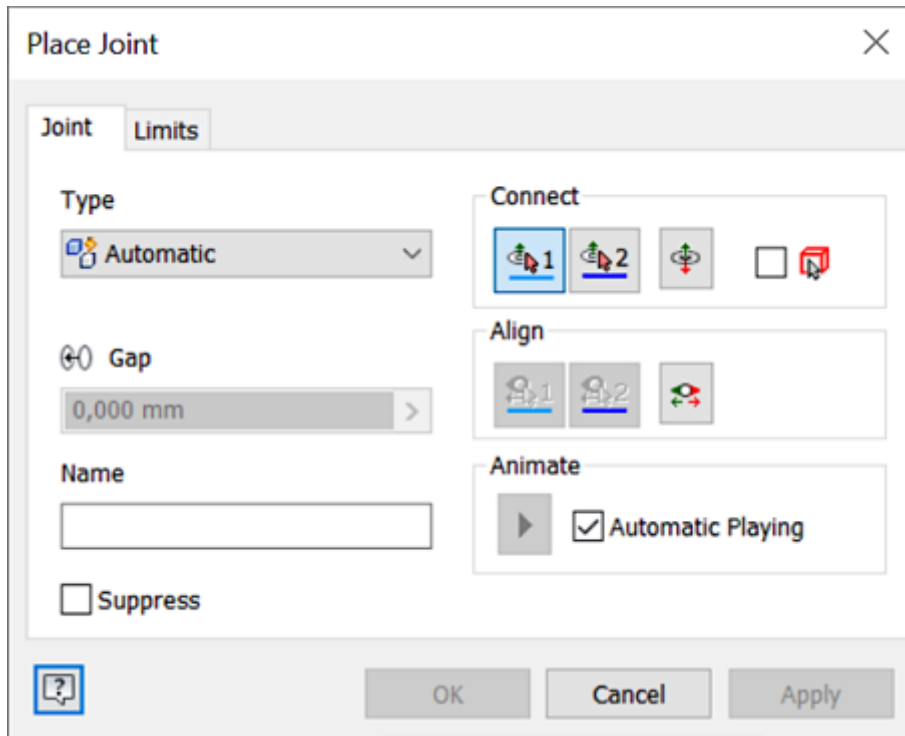
- ✓ You do not need to set any constraints between the two assemblies or parts.
- ✓ Parts can be rotated or moved in the desired direction of movement.

- ✓ Parts or assemblies which move relative to each other are placed next to each other.

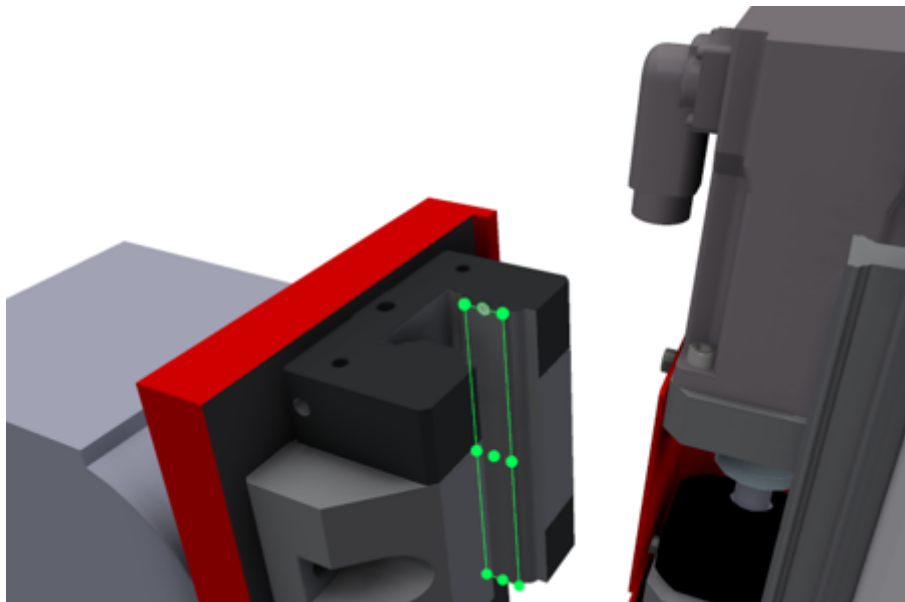


1. Click **Assemble>Relationships>Joint**.

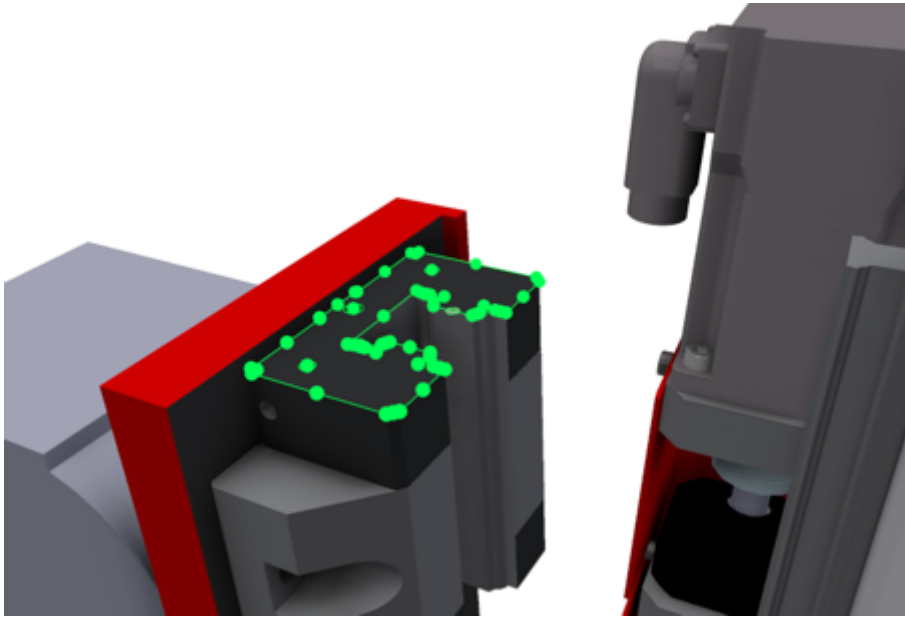
⇒ The following window opens:



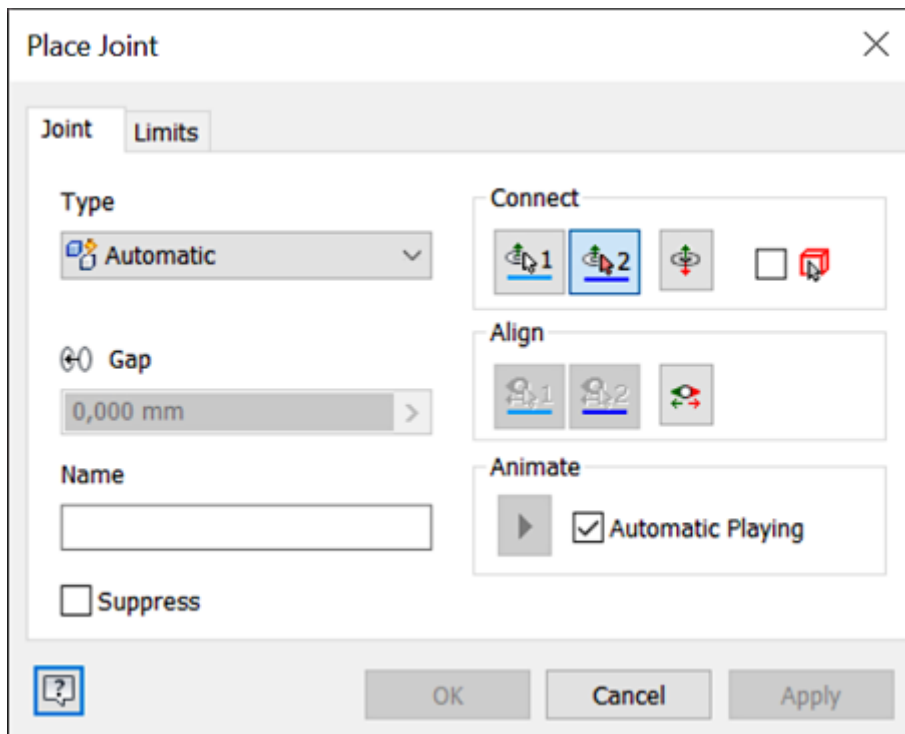
2. Select the desired joint type under **Type**.
This can be "Slider", "Rotational" or "Automatic", for example. With the "Automatic" joint type, Autodesk® Inventor® automatically selects the joint type depending on the components to be connected.
3. To select the origin of the joint on the first assembly or part, click the **1** button under **Connect**.
4. Now select the corresponding point in the CAD model. Pay attention to the joint plane here.
⇒ In the picture, you can see that the origin is placed at the top of the linear guide on the miller.



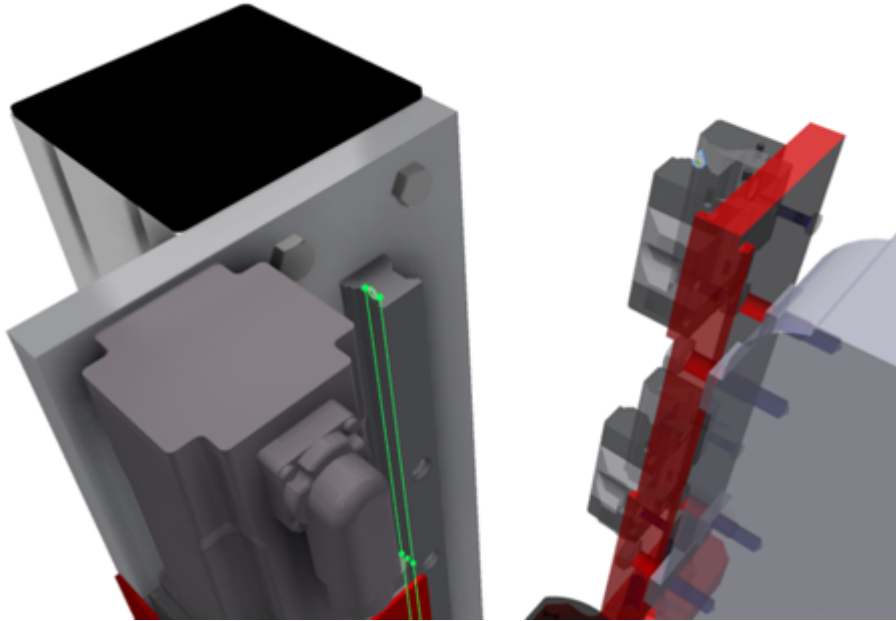
⇒ The following negative example shows how the same point was selected, but it is on the wrong joint plane.



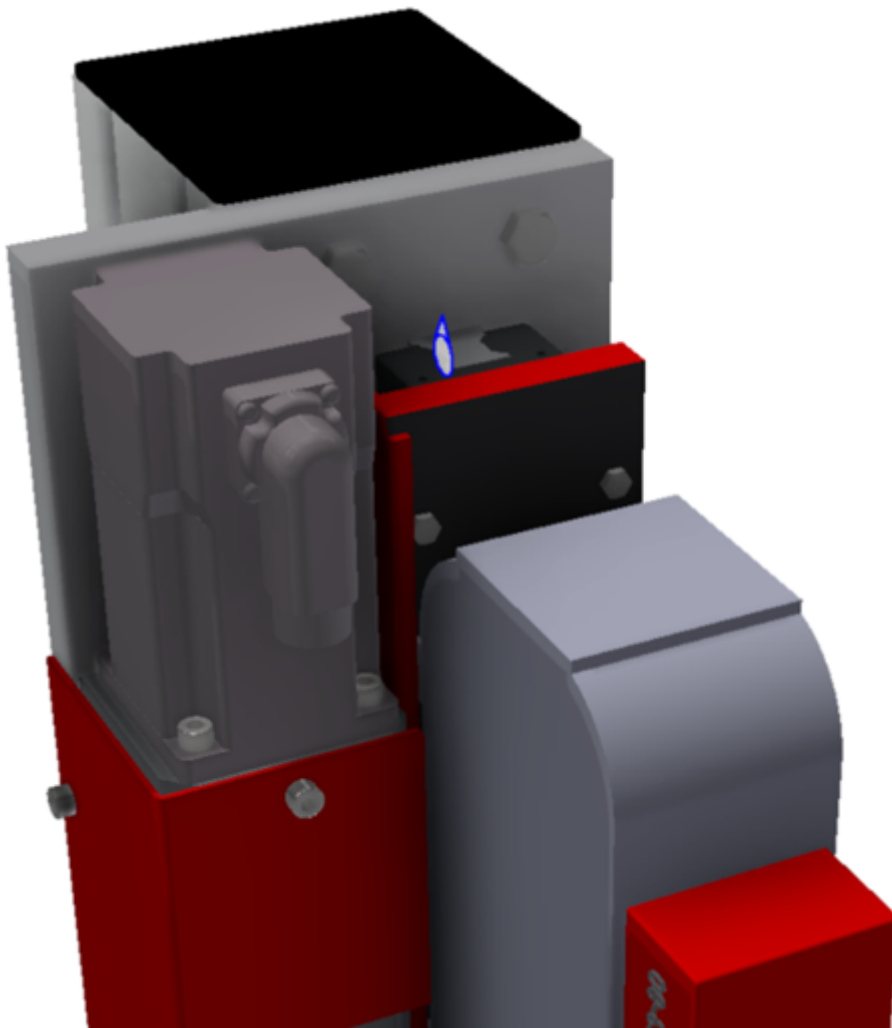
⇒ Autodesk® Inventor® now automatically activates the button **2** and you can define the second point of the joint.



5. Set the second point of the joint on the second assembly or part by selecting it in the CAD model.



- ⇒ After successful joint definition (no conflicts) Autodesk® Inventor® animates the joint. If you click on the joint in the model tree, then the joint origin as well as the (positive) direction of movement is displayed in Autodesk® Inventor®.



If required, you can adjust the direction of movement later in TwinCAT via the TcCom options with "InvertDirection". It may also be easier to adjust the joint origin via the TcCom option **Offset** in TwinCAT than in Autodesk® Inventor®. This is the procedure we recommend.

6. Click **Parameters** under **Assemble>Manage**.

⇒ The following window opens:

Parameter Name	Consumed by	Unit/Type	Equation	Nominal Value	Tolerance	Model Value	Key	Export Parameter	Comment
d110	Mate:38	mm	0 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d111	Mate:39	mm	0 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d112	Mate:39	mm	0,000000 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d113	Mate:39	mm	0,000000 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d114	Mate:40	mm	0 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d115	Mate:41	mm	0 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d116	Mate:41	mm	0,000000 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d117	Mate:41	mm	0,000000 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d118	Mate:42	mm	0 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d119	Insert:11	mm	0 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d120	Insert:11	mm	0,000000 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d121	Insert:11	mm	0,000000 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
d126	Slider:1	mm	0,000 mm	0,000000	●<Default>	0,000000	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
d127	Slider:1	mm	-3,474 mm	-3,473705	●<Default>	-3,473705	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
User Parameters									

⇒ The bottom two rows belong to the defined slider joint. The parameter "d126" describes the distance between the two selected joint planes. Parameter "d127" describes the travel distance. Only "d127" is relevant for TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®. We recommend that parameters be given a unique name.

7. To rename the parameter, click in the left column of the table.

8. Enter the desired name. Note that there is the option to assign prefixes which can then be used for filtering later.

9. Confirm with **Done**.

⇒ The slider joint is now defined in the corresponding assembly and can be moved within this assembly.

10. If necessary, [configure](#) [▶ 21] the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® before initializing the runtime.

11. Initialize the runtime in Autodesk® Inventor® or use the ScanIO function in your TwinCAT project.

12. Link the I/O master inputs to the relevant inputs in the PLC project. Link the individual I/O master outputs with an output of an NC axis or a suitable output in the PLC project.

See chapter [I/O master set up in TwinCAT](#) [▶ 27].

13. Activate the TwinCAT project.

⇒ The query asking whether the TwinCAT system should be started in Run Mode appears.

14. Confirm with **OK**.

⇒ The simulation is activated, but is in the pause state.

15. To trigger the runtime, click the **Continue** button in the TE1130 Inventor® add-in.

⇒ The simulation is active and the TwinCAT project is triggered by the Usermode Runtime.

5.3 Creating motion axes with "Constrain"

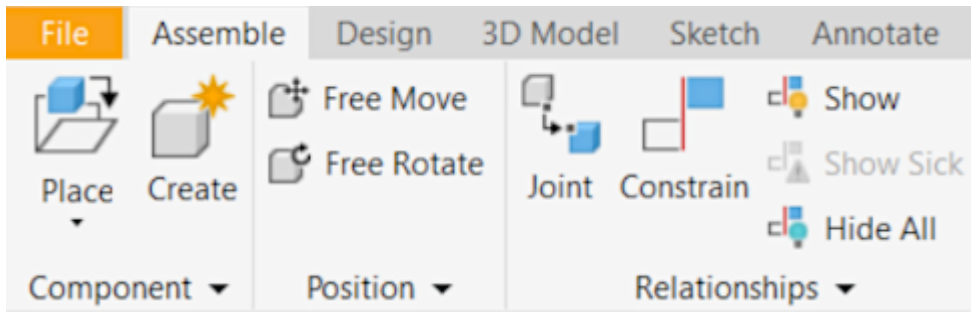
In the procedure described below, the constraint of the movable part is set with the "Constrain" function and thus the parameter is created.



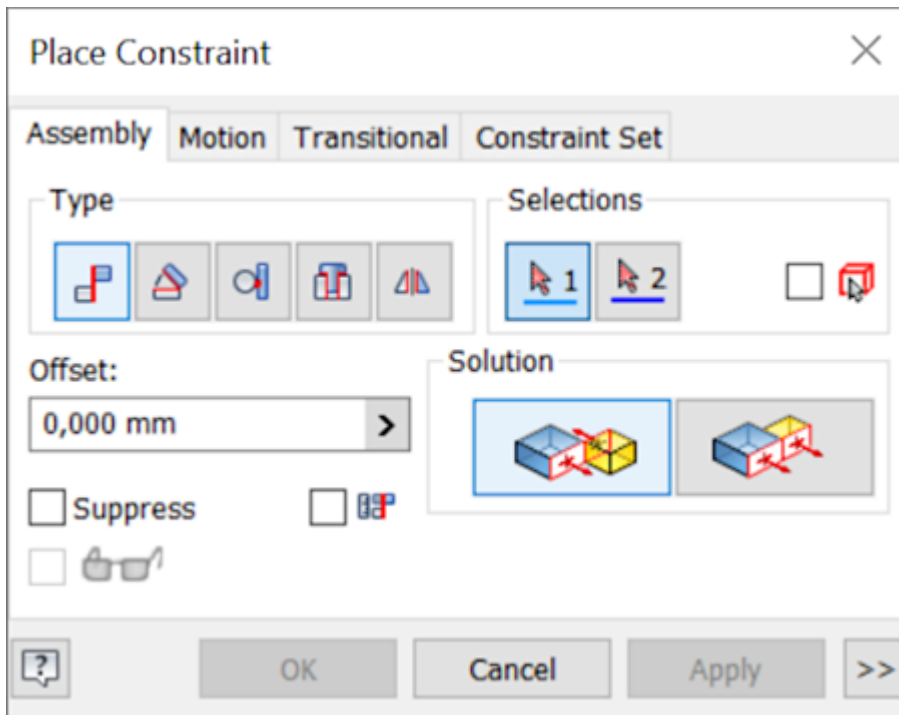
For the simulation, it does not matter which units are set in the assemblies. The motion axis and displacement sensor units are set in TwinCAT.

✓ The part must be able to be rotated or displaced in the desired direction of movement.

1. Click the **Constrain** function.

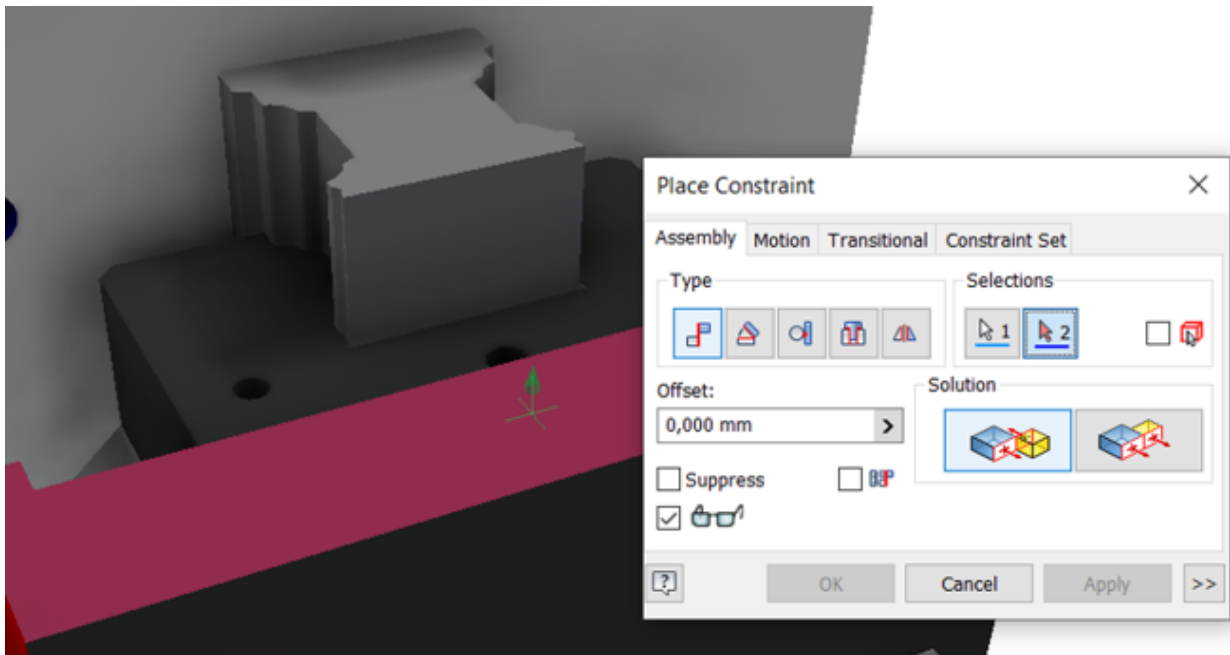


2. Create a parameter by selecting one of the following constraint types:
Mate for translatory motion – with Mate and Flush modes
Angle for rotational motion – with Directed Angle, Undirected Angle, and Explicit Reference Vector modes.

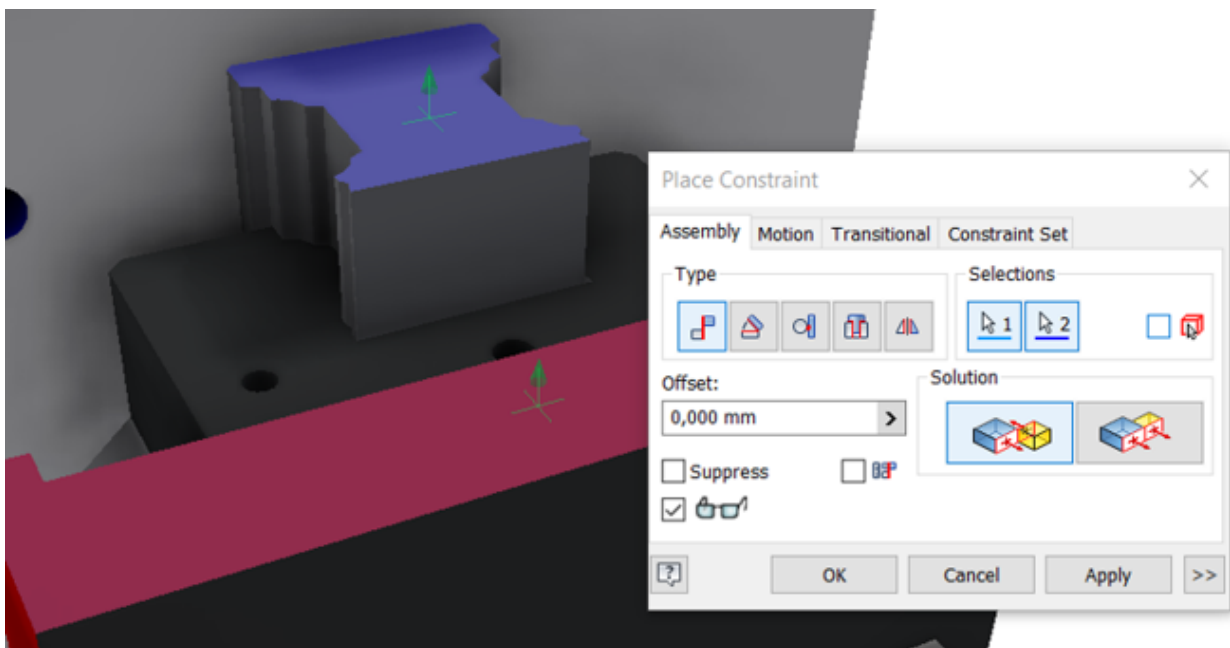


3. In this example, select **Flush**.

4. Select the reference edge or plane on the part to be moved (purple).



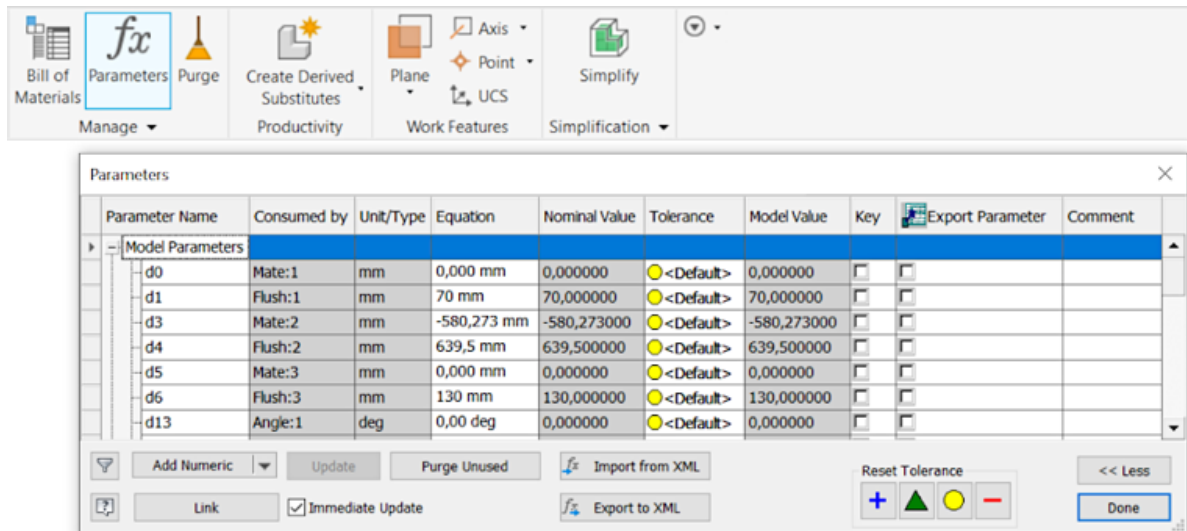
5. Select the reference edge or plane on the part that the part (blue) will move in relation to.



- ⇒ After placing the constraint, the parameter is added to the constrained parts in the model tree as a constraint.
- ⇒ A parameter representing the constraint is appended to the parameter list.

6. Rename the parameter by double-clicking the name so that you can find it more easily for linking.

⇒ A parameter representing the constraint is appended to the parameter list.



7. If necessary, [configure \[▶ 21\]](#) the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor® before initializing the runtime.
8. Initialize the runtime from Autodesk® Inventor® or use the ScanIO function in your TwinCAT project.
9. Link the I/O master inputs to the relevant inputs in the PLC project. Link the individual I/O master outputs with an output of an NC axis or a suitable output in the PLC project.
See [chapter I/O master set up in TwinCAT \[▶ 27\]](#).
10. Activate the TwinCAT project.
 - ⇒ The query asking whether the TwinCAT system should be started in Run Mode appears.
11. Confirm with **OK**.
 - ⇒ The simulation is activated, but is in the pause state.
12. To trigger the runtime, click the **Continue** button in the TE1130 Inventor® add-in.
 - ⇒ The simulation is active and the TwinCAT project is triggered by the Usermode Runtime.

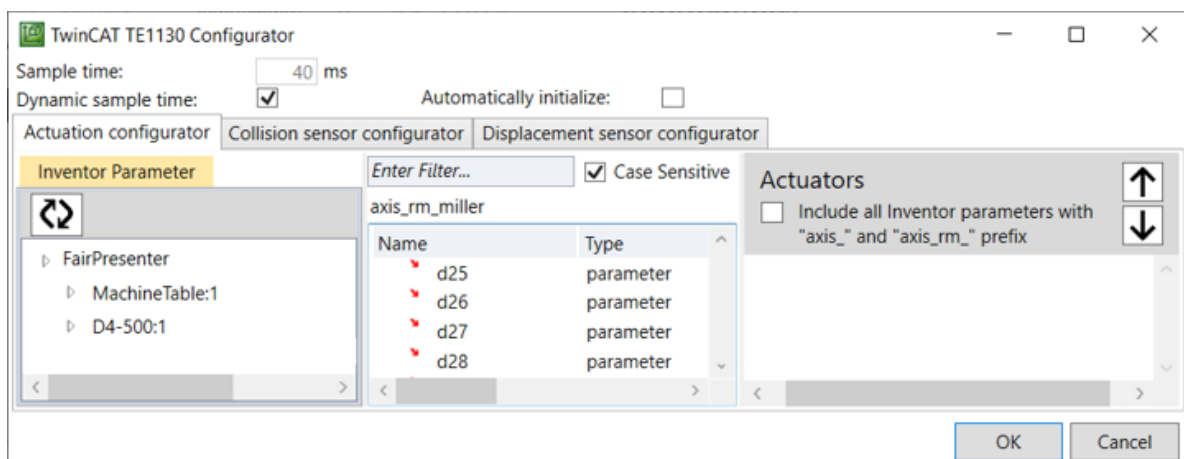
5.4 Configuring the TwinCAT 3 Interface for Inventor®

Click the **Configuration** button in the TwinCAT add-in to open the configuration window, in which you execute settings for the axes and sensors.

Settings in the configuration window

You can execute the following settings in the configuration window:

1. Click the **Configuration** button in the TwinCAT add-in.
 - ⇒ The TwinCAT TE1130 Configurator is opened, in which the configurations can be executed. The **Actuator configurator** tab is opened.



- ⇒ The default value 40 ms is entered in the input field **Sample time**.
- 2. Activate the checkbox for **Dynamic sample time**, so that the sample time adjusts automatically.
 - ⇒ The number of steps in TwinCAT is adapted to the calculation time of the CAD system.
- 3. Activate the checkbox for **Automatically initialize**, so that the TwinCAT Runtime for the model is automatically initialized immediately when it is opened.
- 4. On the **Actuation configurator** tab, select parameters as motion axes.
- 5. Activate the checkbox **Actuators** to filter axes by their name.
 - ⇒ All joints that have the prefix "axis_" in their name are automatically filtered and selected.
- 6. Configuration of collision sensors is performed on the **Collision sensor configurator** tab.
- 7. Select parameters as displacement sensors on the **Displacement sensor configurator** tab.
- 8. Activate the checkbox **Displacement sensors** to filter axes by their name.
 - ⇒ All joints that have the prefix "sensor_" in their name are automatically filtered and selected.
- ⇒ The more advanced configurations can be found below.

Set sample time

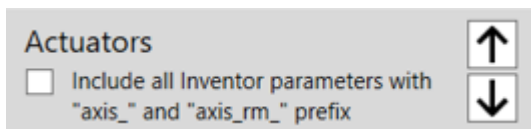
In the TwinCAT Configurator, the sample time is used to set the ticks per sample for the Usermode Runtime. This means that with a set sample time of 40 ms and a base time of 1 ms in TwinCAT, 40 ticks are executed every time new parameter values are written or sensor values are read into the controller. The smaller this value is, the smoother the axes move in Inventor®, but the slower the controller runs.

TwinCAT TE1130 Configurator

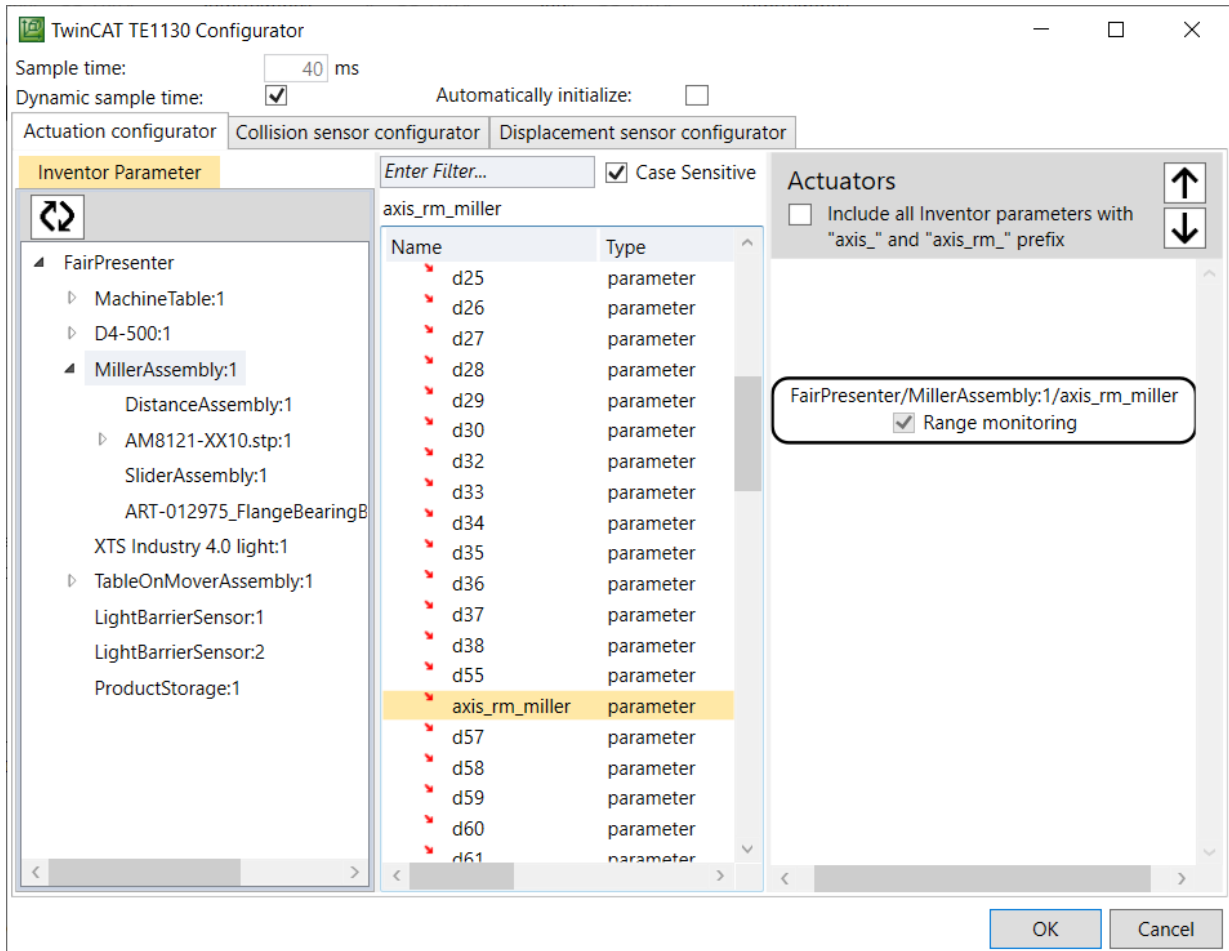
Sample time: ms
Dynamic sample time:

Select axes without filter function

- ✓ You are on the **Actuation configurator** tab.
- ✓ The filter function for actuators is disabled.



1. To select axes, drag and drop the desired parameters into the right-hand selection area of the configuration window.



2. Use the arrow keys to change the arrangement of the axes. This has no influence on the order in which these are created in the I/O master.

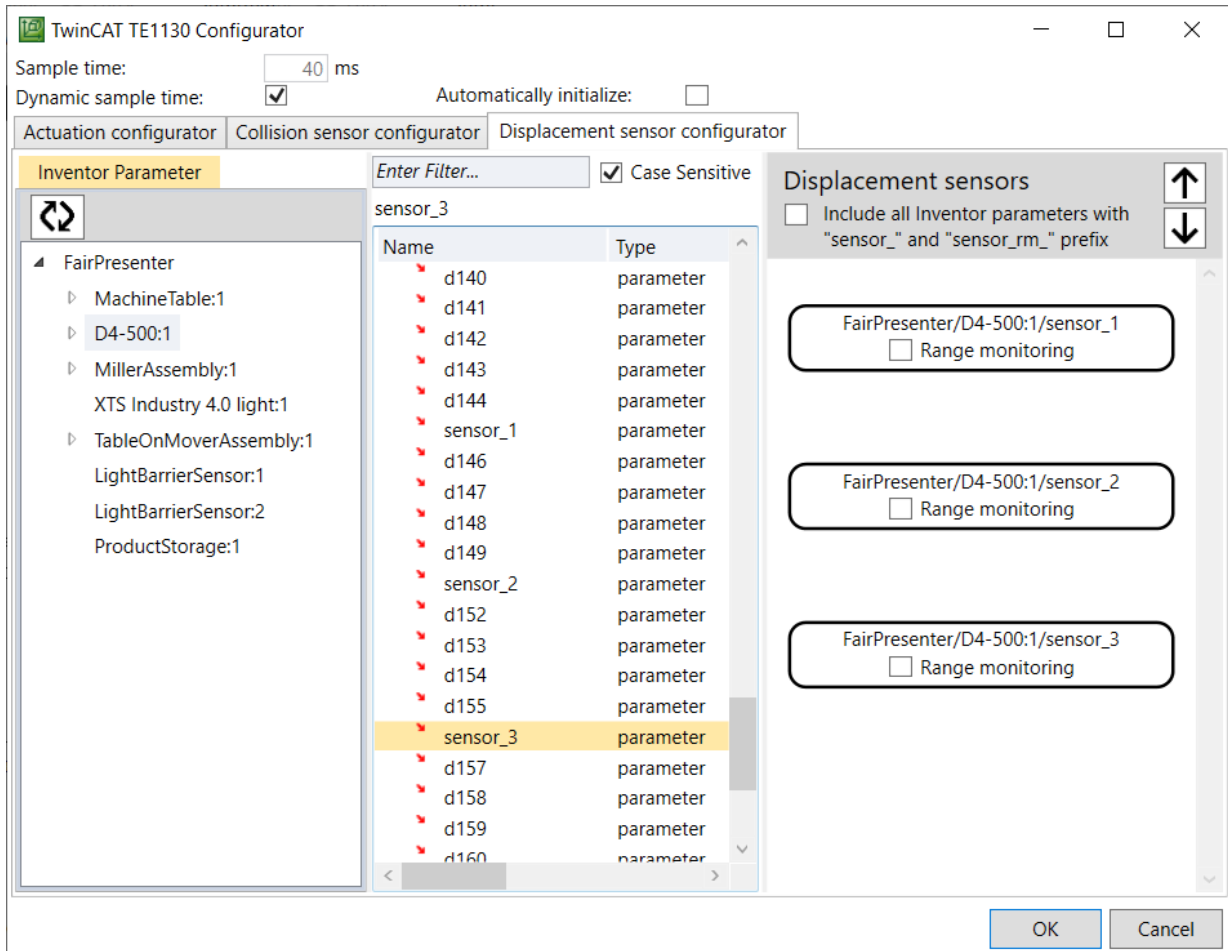
⇒ The selected axes can now be used for the simulation.

Selection of displacement sensors without filter

- ✓ You are on the **Displacement sensor configurator** tab.
- ✓ The filter function for displacement sensors is disabled.



1. To select displacement sensors, drag them from the parameter list to the right-hand selection area of the configuration window.



2. Use the arrow keys to change the order of the selected displacement sensors. This has no influence on the order in which these are created in the I/O master.

⇒ You can now use the selected displacement sensors for the simulation.

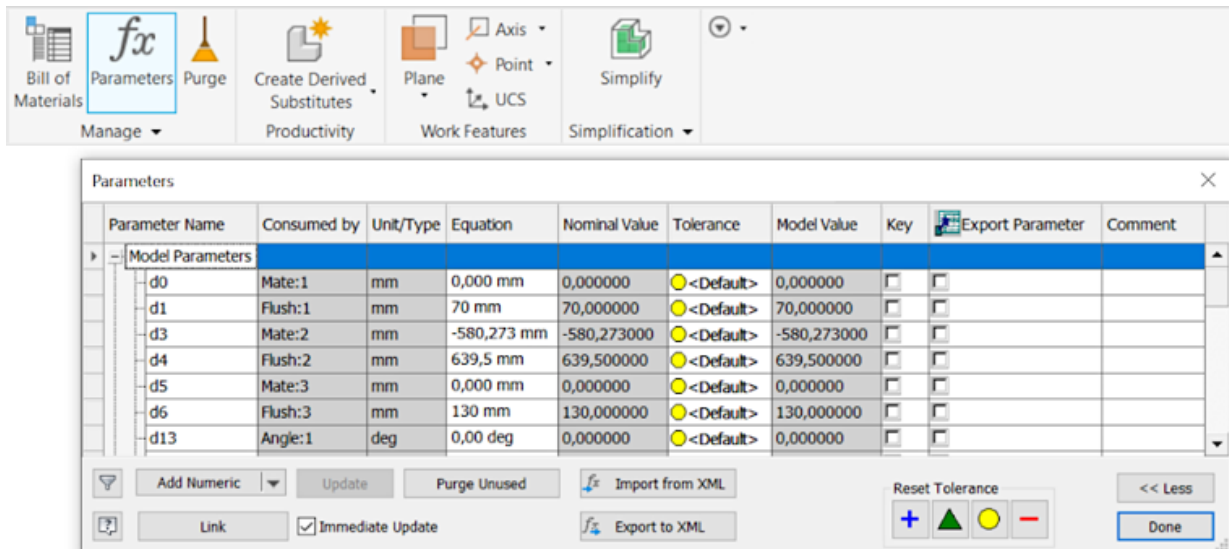
Setting the filter function

You can use a filter function for configuring axes and sensors, via which the desired parameters are automatically filtered and selected. To use this function, name the desired parameters appropriately with a prefix. For parameters, use the prefix "axis_", for example "axis_xxx". Joints used as sensors are given a name with the prefix "sensor_", for example "sensor_xxx". If you have named the parameters appropriately, they will be selected automatically.

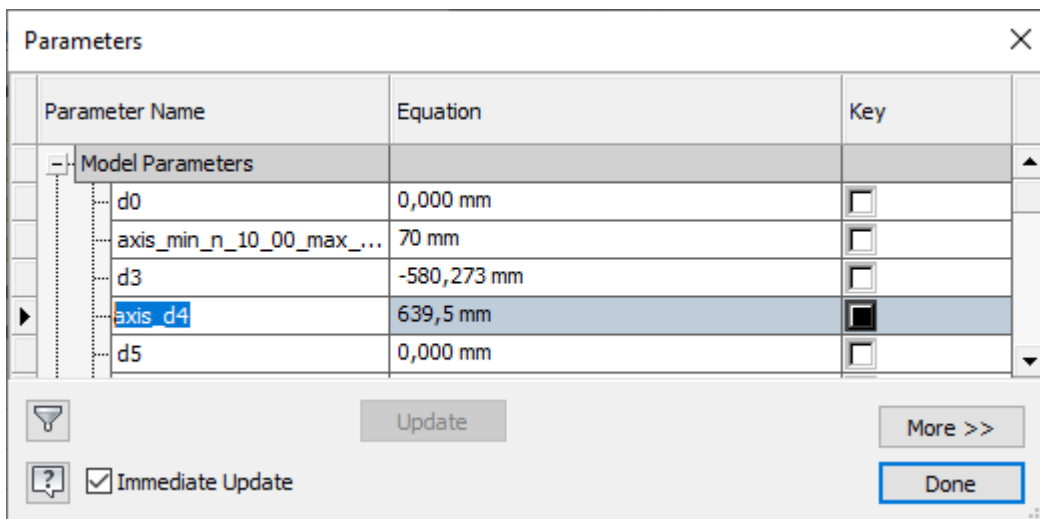
To name axes and sensors appropriately, proceed as follows:

1. Select the **Assemble** tab.
2. Select **Parameters**.

3. The **Parameters** window opens.



4. Click in the field with the desired parameter.



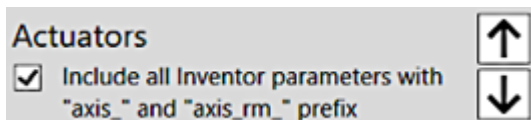
5. Enter the desired name with matching prefix.

6. Confirm with the **Done** button.

⇒ The parameters have been renamed.

To filter and select axes, proceed as follows:

1. Open the TwinCAT Add-In.
2. Click the **Configuration** button.
⇒ The **TwinCAT TE1130 Configurator** window opens.
3. Check the **Actuators** or **Displacement sensors** checkbox.



⇒ The right-hand selection area of the configuration window is grayed out and only the axes and sensors with the prefix are selected.

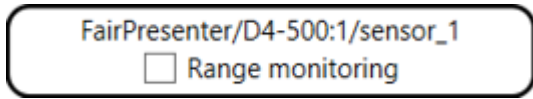
Range monitoring

Range monitoring is activated and deactivated in the configuration window. The lower and upper limits for range monitoring are set in the TwinCAT project after scanning.

You have two options to activate or deactivate range monitoring:

Checkbox:

1. Check or uncheck the **Range monitoring** checkbox.



⇒ Range monitoring of the selected parameter is now activated or deactivated.

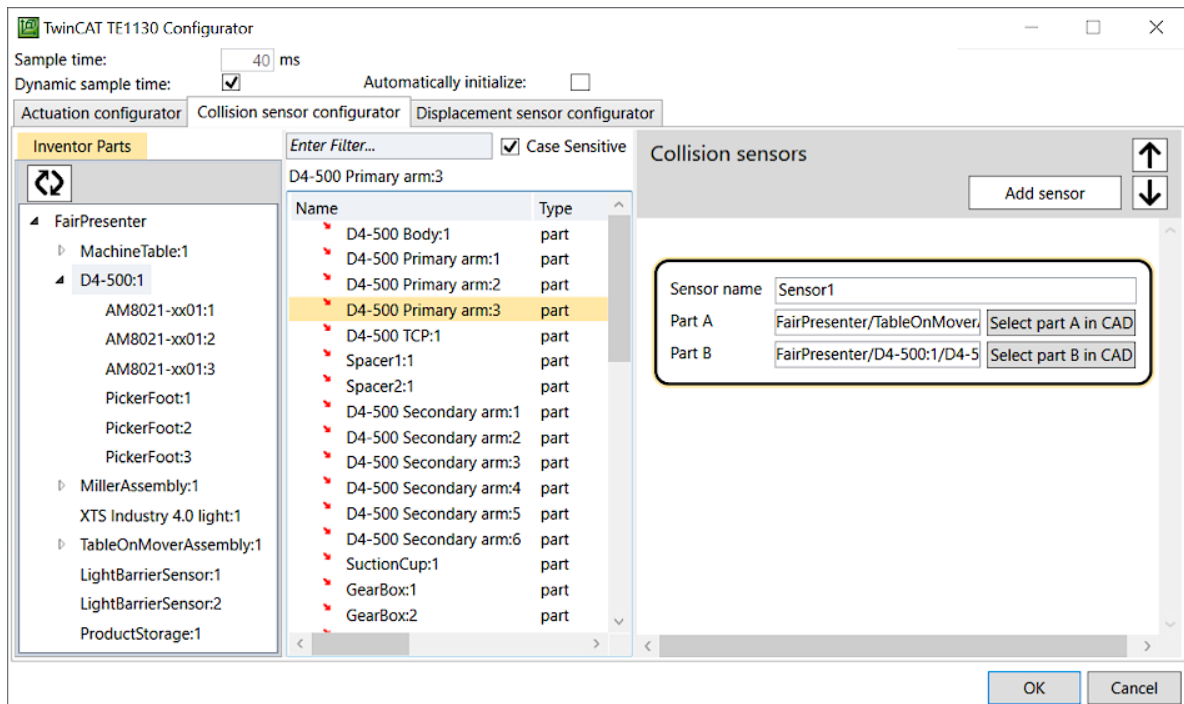
Prefix:

1. Enter the abbreviation "rm" in the prefix of the axis or sensor.
- ⇒ Range monitoring is activated for the axes and sensors with the prefixes "axis_rm_" and "sensor_rm_".

Configuration of collision sensors

In order to use the collision detection, you need to add "sensors" to the configuration.

1. Open the **Collision sensor configurator** tab.
 2. Click the **Add sensor** button.
- ⇒ A sensor configuration is added in the right-hand selection area of the configuration window.



3. Enter a name for the sensor.
- ⇒ From here you have two options:
1. Drag and drop the parts that a collision check is to be performed for into the fields **Part A** and **Part B**.
 2. Click the button **Select part A in CAD** or **Select part B in CAD** and then select the part in the CAD model.
- ⇒ This sensor is displayed in the System Manager via the TMC file in the I/O master and can be linked there. You can find the sensors under the I/O group **InventorCollisionsSensors**.

Settings in the configuration window finished

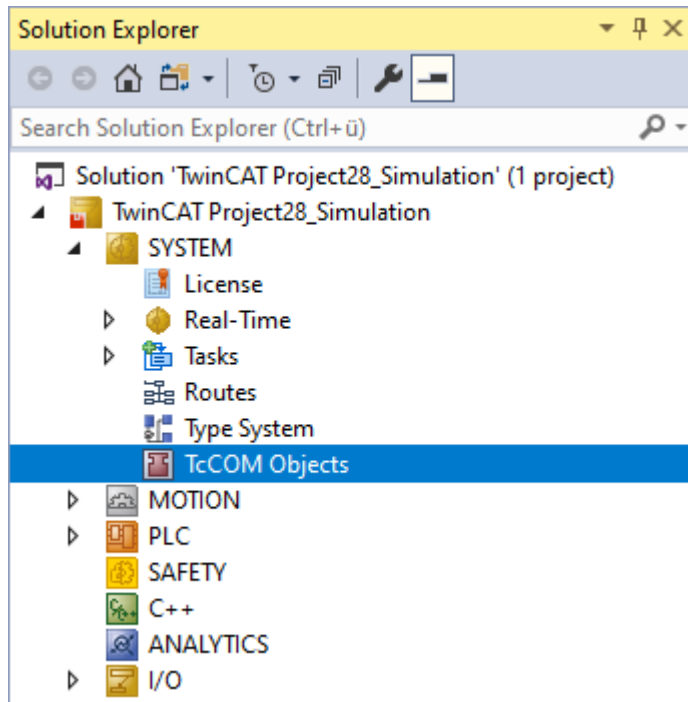
In the next step, link the axes and sensors together, see chapter [I/O master set up in TwinCAT \[▶ 27\]](#). The TwinCAT project must be activated after linking. The Usermode Runtime can be started and stopped from TwinCAT as well as from Autodesk® Inventor® with the start and stop buttons.


6 I/O master set up in TwinCAT

In TwinCAT, the sensors and axes are linked and the motion simulation is controlled.

Loading parameters and sensors in TwinCAT

- ✓ The runtime in the TwinCAT add-in of Autodesk® Inventor® has been initialized.
 - ✓ The TwinCAT project is open.
 - ✓ The target in the TwinCAT project was set as "Inventor machine".
1. Under **System**, select the **TcCOM object**.

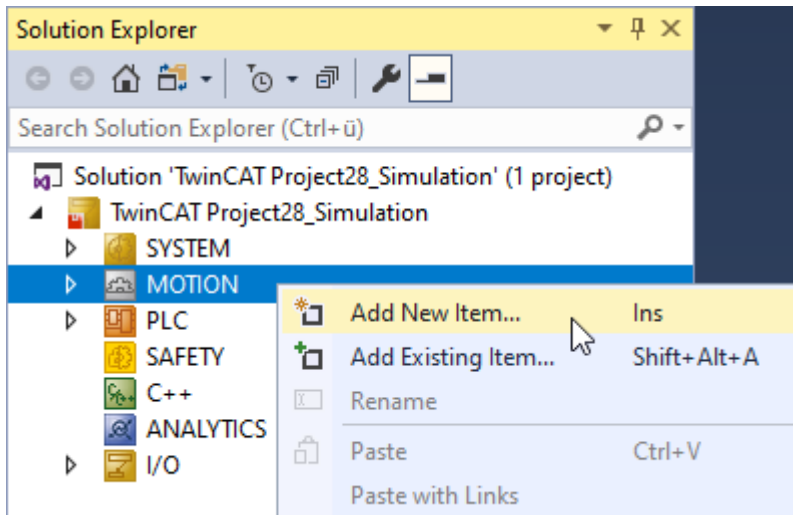


2. Click scan .
 - ⇒ All set axes and sensors from Autodesk® Inventor® are loaded into TwinCAT and displayed as either inputs or outputs. Information from Autodesk® Inventor® is transferred to the PLC project via the inputs. Information from the PLC project is transferred to Autodesk® Inventor® via the outputs.
 - ⇒ If you load new axes of your CAD model into TwinCAT, all existing links are preserved. Only the new axes and sensors are then added.

Linking axes

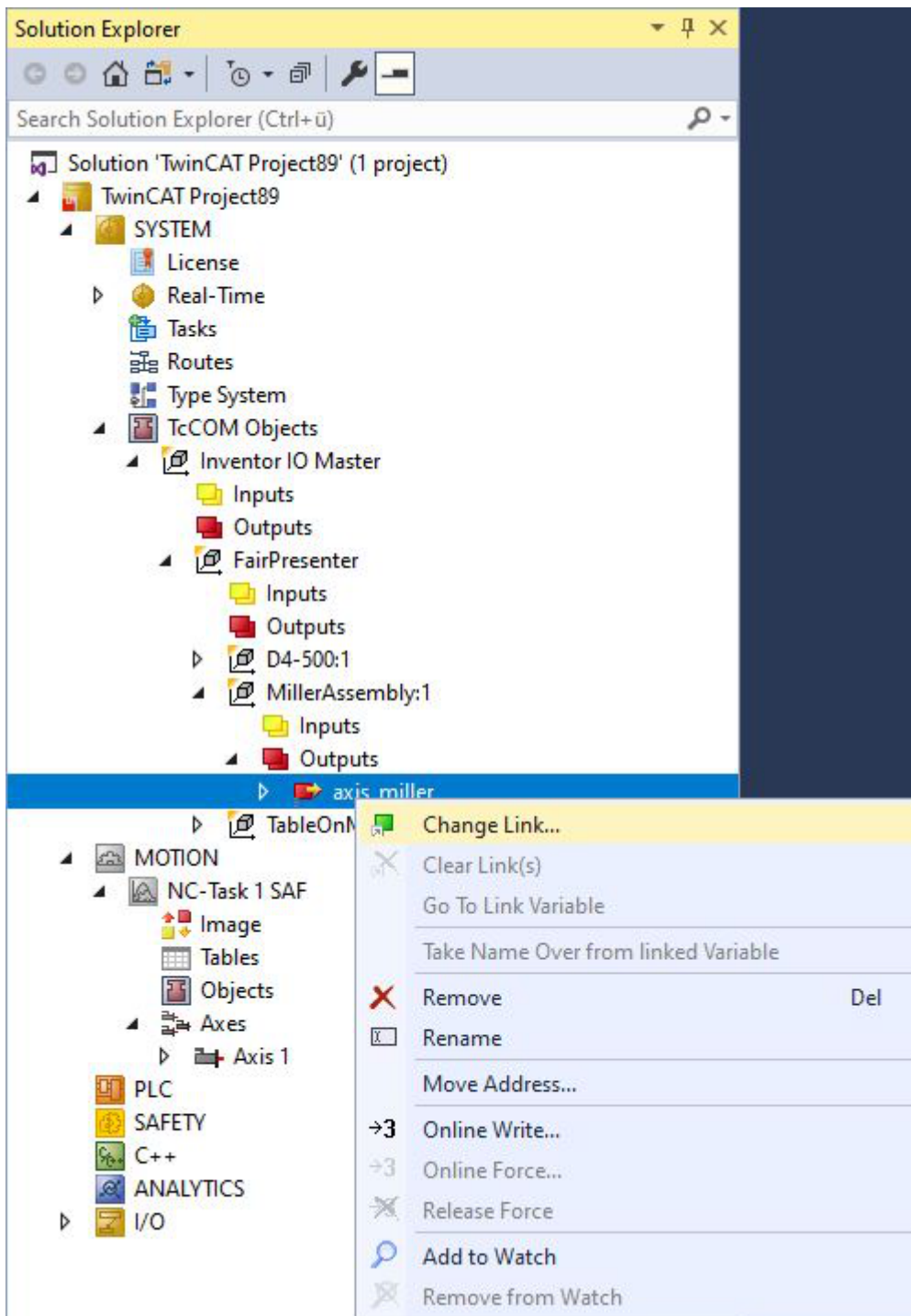
- ✓ The runtime in the TwinCAT add-in of Autodesk® Inventor® is initialized.
- ✓ Axes and sensors are loaded in TwinCAT.

1. First, create a new Motion configuration by right-clicking **MOTION**.

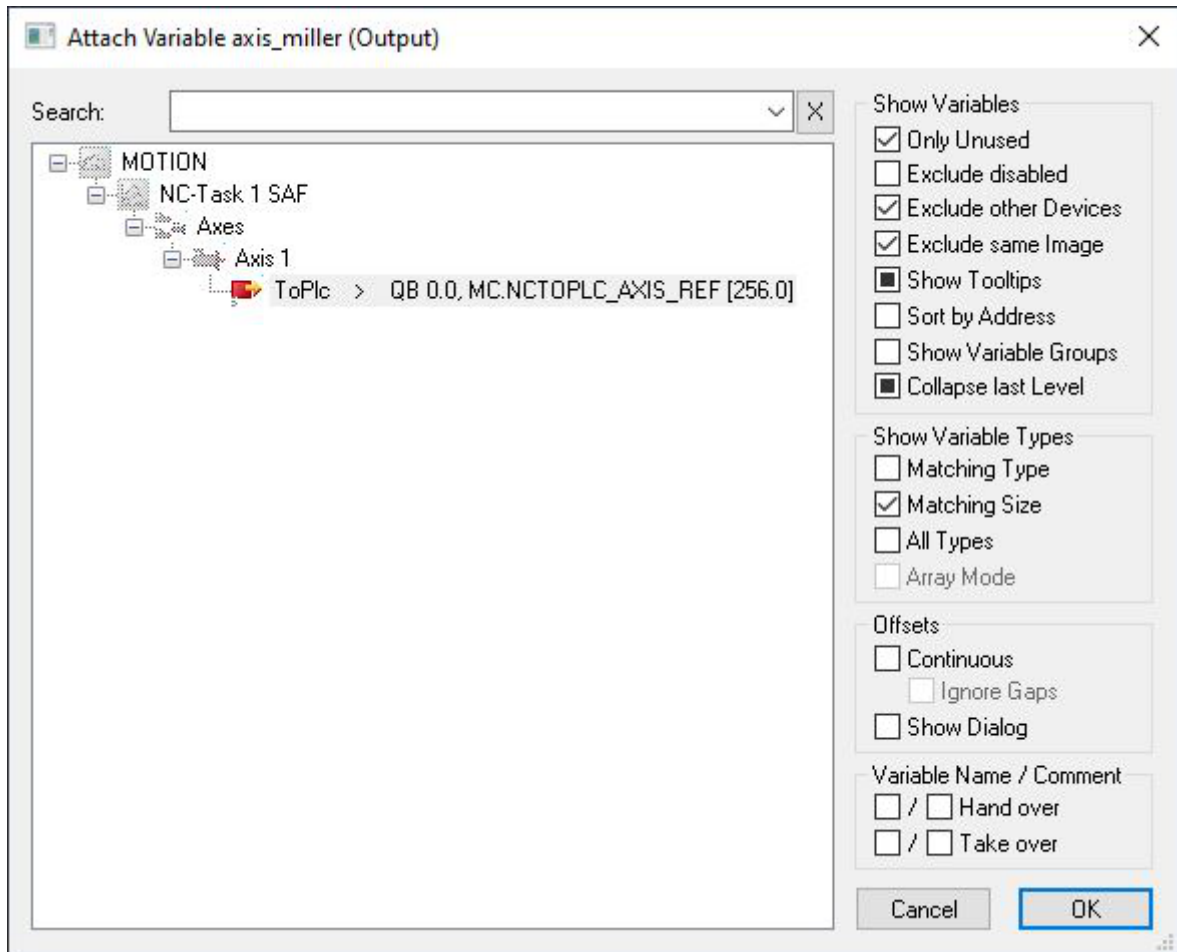


2. Select **Add New Item**.
⇒ The window **Insert Motion Configuration** opens.
3. Enter a name for the configuration.
4. Confirm with **OK**.
5. Create an axis by right-clicking **Axes**.
6. Select **Add New Item**.
⇒ The window **Insert an NC axis** opens.
7. Enter a name for the axis and confirm with **OK**.
8. Right-click on the axis of the TcCom object.

9. Select **Change Link...**



⇒ The **Attach Variable** window opens.



10. Select the axis in the MOTION area to which you want to link the axis from CAD.
11. If the desired axis is already linked with a project, uncheck the checkbox **Only Unused** to see all created axes.
12. Confirm with **OK**.
13. To set the context, double-click the top node of the TcCom object.

14. Select the **Context** tab.

Object Context Parameter (Init) Data Area Interfaces Interface Pointer

Context: 1

Depend On: Manual Config

Need Call From Sync Mapping

Data Areas: 0 'Inputs' 1 'Outputs'

Interfaces:

Data Pointer:

Interface Pointer:

Result:

ID	Task	Name
1		

15. Assign a task to the object using the drop-down menu **Task**.

Task

05000010 'NC-Task 1 SAF'

00000000

05000010 'NC-Task 1 SAF'

05000020 'NC-Task 1 SVB'

03000011 'I/O Idle Task'

08500010 'AuxTask'

02010050 'PlcTask'

If you use NC axes, it is recommended to select "NC-Task 1 SAF".

16. Activate the configuration.

⇒ You can now run the simulation.

Conversion of axis positions between TwinCAT project and CAD project

You have the possibility to make settings regarding the axes and sensors in the TwinCAT I/O master. At **Unit** you have the option of setting the desired unit for an axis, for example. The numerical value written into the I/O master is converted according to the set unit and transferred to Autodesk® Inventor®. In addition, the set offset as well as the limits of the range monitoring from Autodesk® Inventor® are also interpreted according to the set unit.

1. Open the desired top node of an object.
2. Click the **Parameter** tab.

3. Go to **Value** and set the units for **Offset** according to your requirements.

Object	Context	Parameter (Init)	Data Area	Interfaces	Interface Pointer	
	Name	Value	CS	Unit	Type	PTCID
+	DataAreaSizes	[..., ...]	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 (Array Elem...		0x0300...
-	Units	...	<input type="checkbox"/>			0x0000...
	.TranslationalUnit	inheritFromParent			TranslationalU...	
	.RotationalUnit	inheritFromParent			RotationalUnit...	
-	axis_phi1_Parameter	...	<input type="checkbox"/>			0x0000...
	.Offset	0.0			LREAL	
	.InvertDirection	FALSE			BOOL	
	.Unit	radian			rotationalUnit	
+	axis_phi2_Parameter	...	<input type="checkbox"/>			0x0000...
+	axis_phi3_Parameter	...	<input type="checkbox"/>			0x0000...
+	sensor_1_Parameter	...	<input type="checkbox"/>			0x0000...
+	sensor_2_Parameter	...	<input type="checkbox"/>			0x0000...
+	sensor_3_Parameter	...	<input type="checkbox"/>			0x0000...

Show Online Values
 Show Hidden Parameter
 Structured View

⇒ This results in a conversion depending on the selected unit.

Units

In Inventor, the units can be set according to the model hierarchy after scanning the configuration in the TwinCAT project. One unit for translatory axes and one unit for rotatory axes can be set separately for each assembly. In addition, a unit can be set for each axis according to its type (translatory/rotatory).

By default, the units "millimeter" and "degree" are set in the main assembly. "inheritFromParent" is set by default for all subassemblies and all axes and displacement sensors. This means that all axes and displacement sensors take over the units of the higher-level assembly in this case. If the units are changed based on this default setting at the level of a subassembly, then the units of this subassembly apply to all subordinate subassemblies, axes and displacement sensors. With the selection "inheritFromMainAssembly", subordinate assemblies, axes or displacement sensors can take over the units of the main assembly. Furthermore, it is possible to set a unit individually for each axis or displacement sensor. The units of Inventor® are irrelevant here. Different units can be set in the CAD model.

Offset and "InvertDirection"

The joint origin in Autodesk® Inventor® and the axis origin assumed by the PLC may not be identical. We recommend setting both the offset and the direction in the TwinCAT project after loading or scanning the axes and sensors.

1. First adjust the direction.

⇒ If PLC and CAD coordinate system point in the same direction, then "InvertDirection" is set to "FALSE", otherwise "InvertDirection" is set to "TRUE".

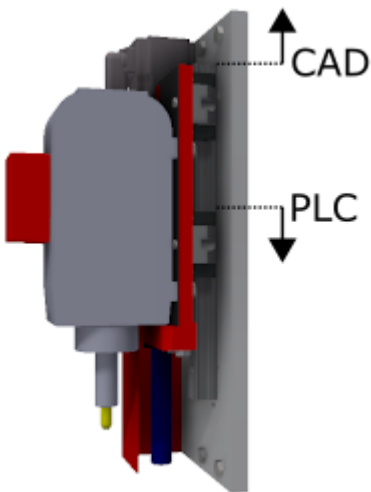
2. Set the offset between the two coordinate systems in the respective axis or displacement sensor unit.

⇒ The joint origin is now converted.

Example

In this example, the vertical motion axis of a miller is parameterized.

The CAD coordinate system points in the opposite direction and has an offset with respect to the PLC coordinate system. The offset is 150 mm. According to the scheme explained above, the unit "cm" was set for the axis. So for this example you have to set "InvertDirection" to "TRUE" and the "Offset" to "15".



The range monitoring of the axis is defined in the PLC coordinate system and in the axis units. In this example, the range monitoring is to trigger when the axis exceeds the defined range of 5 or - 5. Therefore parameterize "-5" for "Min" and "5" for "Max".

	Name	Value	Online	PV	CS	Unit	Type	PTCID
+	DataAreaSizes	[..., ...]			<input type="checkbox"/>	2 (Arr...		0x0300002A
-	Units	...			<input type="checkbox"/>			0x00000000
	.TranslationalUnit	inheritFromPar... ▼					Translation...	
	.RotationalUnit	inheritFromPar... ▼					Rotational...	
-	axis_rm_miller_Parameter	...			<input type="checkbox"/>			0x00000001
	.Offset	15.0					LREAL	
	.InvertDirection	TRUE ▼					BOOL	
	.Unit	centimeter ▼					translation...	
	.Min	-5					LREAL	
	.Max	5.0					LREAL	

The conversion between axis position in PLC coordinates $x_{Axis,PLC}$ and CAD coordinates $x_{Axis,CAD}$ is described below:

- Factor for direction inversion:

$$s_{dir} \in \{-1 \ 1\}$$

If "InvertDirection" is "TRUE", then $s_{dir} = -1$ otherwise $s_{dir} = 1$.

- Offset in the specified unit:

$$d \in \mathbf{R}$$

- The conversion factor s_{unit} of the selected unit (translatory: micrometer, millimeter, centimeter, meter, inch, foot or rotatory: degree, radian)
- Lower limit of range monitoring in the specified unit x_{min} .
- Upper limit of range monitoring in the specified unit x_{max} .
- Conversion of axes from the PLC for Autodesk® Inventor®:

$$x_{Axis,CAD} = s_{dir} \cdot (x_{Axis,PLC} + d) \cdot s_{Unit}$$

- Condition for range monitoring of axes:

$$S_{dir} \cdot (x_{Axis, CAD} \cdot S_{Unit}^{-1} - d) \leq x_{\min}$$

$$S_{dir} \cdot (x_{Axis, CAD} \cdot S_{Unit}^{-1} - d) \geq x_{\max}$$

- Conversion of collision sensors, from Autodesk® Inventor® to PLC:

$$x_{Displ.Sensor, PLC} = S_{dir} \cdot (x_{Displ.Sensor, CAD} \cdot S_{Unit}^{-1} - d)$$

- Conditions for range monitoring for the collision sensors, from Autodesk® Inventor® to the PLC:

$$S_{dir} \cdot (x_{Displ.Sensor, CAD} \cdot S_{Unit}^{-1} - d) \leq x_{\min}$$

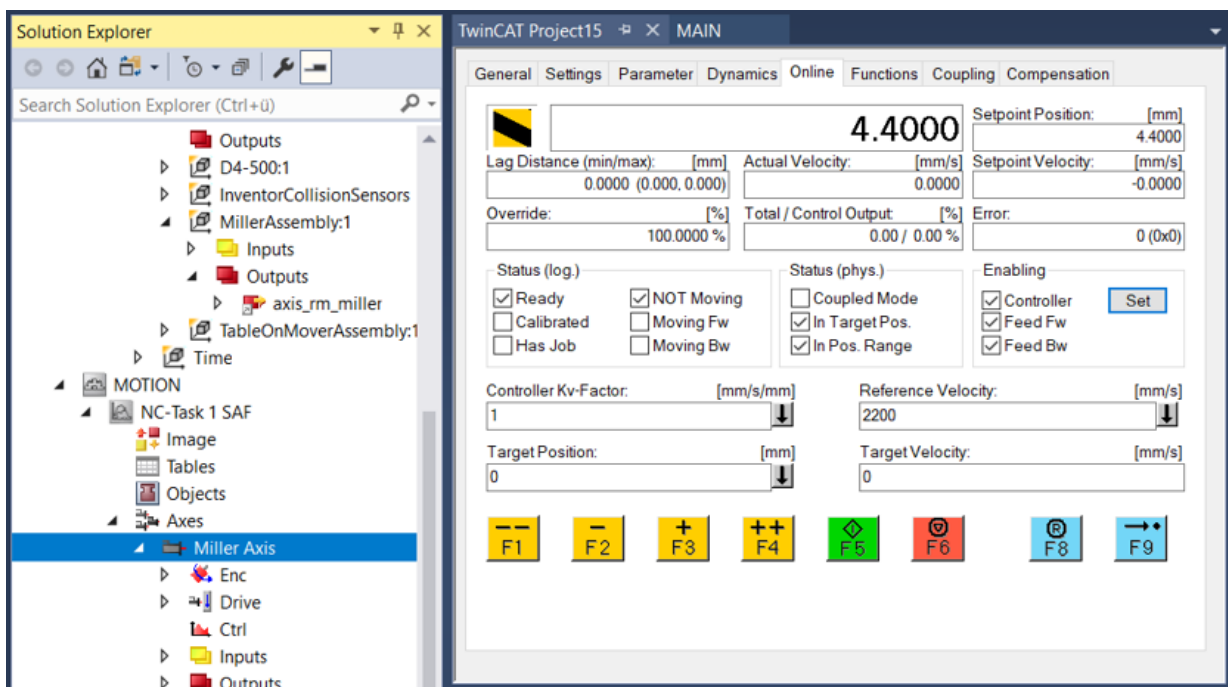
$$S_{dir} \cdot (x_{Displ.Sensor, CAD} \cdot S_{Unit}^{-1} - d) \geq x_{\max}$$

7 Execution of the simulation

The following chapter explains how to carry out the simulation in Autodesk® Inventor®.

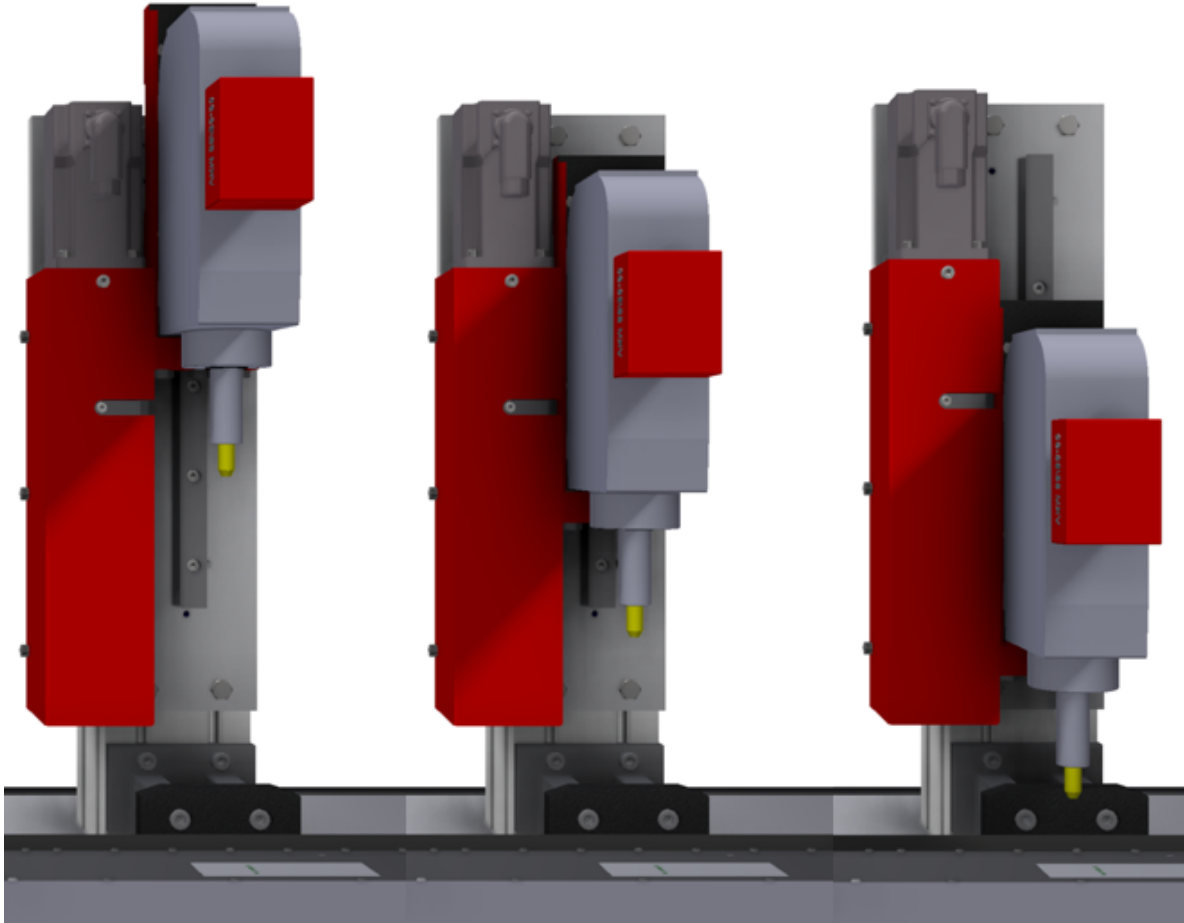
When executing the simulation, it is possible to move individual axes or start a PLC project. The following is an example of how you can move individual axes.

- ✓ The CAD model is open.
 - ✓ The TwinCAT project is open.
 - ✓ A PLC project is open.
 - ✓ The TwinCAT Runtime is initialized.
1. Start the TwinCAT Runtime in the add-in of Autodesk® Inventor® or activate the configuration in the TwinCAT project.
 2. Open the axis that will be moved by double-clicking on it.
 3. Select the **Online** tab.



4. To move manually, first set the controller enable.
5. Move the axis using the buttons +, ++ or the keys [F3], [F4] and the buttons -, -- or the keys [F1], [F2].

⇒ The movement of the axis is now visible in the CAD model.



6. Stop the simulation by stopping the TwinCAT Runtime in the Autodesk® Inventor® add-in.

8 Support and Service

Beckhoff and their partners around the world offer comprehensive support and service, making available fast and competent assistance with all questions related to Beckhoff products and system solutions.

Download finder

Our [download finder](#) contains all the files that we offer you for downloading. You will find application reports, technical documentation, technical drawings, configuration files and much more.

The downloads are available in various formats.

Beckhoff's branch offices and representatives

Please contact your Beckhoff branch office or representative for [local support and service](#) on Beckhoff products!

The addresses of Beckhoff's branch offices and representatives round the world can be found on our internet page: www.beckhoff.com

You will also find further documentation for Beckhoff components there.

Beckhoff Support

Support offers you comprehensive technical assistance, helping you not only with the application of individual Beckhoff products, but also with other, wide-ranging services:

- support
- design, programming and commissioning of complex automation systems
- and extensive training program for Beckhoff system components

Hotline: +49 5246 963-157
e-mail: support@beckhoff.com

Beckhoff Service

The Beckhoff Service Center supports you in all matters of after-sales service:

- on-site service
- repair service
- spare parts service
- hotline service

Hotline: +49 5246 963-460
e-mail: service@beckhoff.com

Beckhoff Headquarters

Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG

Huelshorstweg 20
33415 Verl
Germany

Phone: +49 5246 963-0
e-mail: info@beckhoff.com
web: www.beckhoff.com

More Information:
www.beckhoff.com/te1130

Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG
Hülshorstweg 20
33415 Verl
Germany
Phone: +49 5246 9630
info@beckhoff.com
www.beckhoff.com

