# **BECKHOFF** New Automation Technology

Operating Instructions | EN EL6910

TwinSAFE Logic Terminal



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## **1** Documentation notes

## 1.1 Disclaimer

Beckhoff products are subject to continuous further development. We reserve the right to revise the operating instructions at any time and without prior announcement. No claims for the modification of products that have already been supplied may be made on the basis of the data, diagrams and descriptions in these operating instructions.

In these operating instructions we define all permissible use cases whose properties and operating conditions we can guarantee. The use cases we define are fully tested and certified. Use cases beyond this, which are not described in these operating instructions, require the approval of Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co KG.

## 1.1.1 Trademarks

Beckhoff<sup>®</sup>, TwinCAT<sup>®</sup>, EtherCAT<sup>®</sup>, EtherCAT G<sup>®</sup>, EtherCAT G10<sup>®</sup>, EtherCAT P<sup>®</sup>, Safety over EtherCAT<sup>®</sup>, TwinSAFE<sup>®</sup>, XFC<sup>®</sup>, XTS<sup>®</sup> and XPlanar<sup>®</sup> are registered and licensed trademarks of Beckhoff Automation GmbH.

The use of other brand names or designations by third parties may lead to an infringement of the rights of the owners of the corresponding designations.

## 1.1.2 Patents

The EtherCAT technology is protected by patent rights through the following registrations and patents with corresponding applications and registrations in various other countries:

- EP1590927
- EP1789857
- EP1456722
- EP2137893
- DE102015105702



EtherCAT<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH.



Safety over EtherCAT<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark and patented technology, licensed by Beckhoff Automation GmbH.

## 1.1.3 Limitation of liability

All components in this product as described in the operating instructions are delivered in a specific configuration of hardware and software, depending on the application regulations. Modifications and changes to the hardware and/or software configuration that go beyond the documented options are prohibited and nullify the liability of Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG.

### The following is excluded from the liability:

- · Failure to observe these operating instructions
- Improper use
- Use of untrained personnel
- Use of unauthorized spare parts

## 1.1.4 Copyright

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The distribution and reproduction of this document as well as the use and communication of its contents without express authorization are prohibited.

Offenders will be held liable for the payment of damages. All rights reserved in the event of the grant of a patent, utility model or design.

## **1.2** Version numbers of the documentation

Version	Comment	
2.3.2	New fonts undone	
2.3.1	Chapter "Due diligence" expanded	
	<ul> <li>"Safety parameters" changed to "Target failure measures"</li> </ul>	
	"Service life" changed to "Lifetime"	
	New fonts	
	<ul> <li>Chapter renamed to "Version numbers of the documentation"</li> </ul>	
	Corrections	
2.3.0	Chapter "Safety and instruction" revised	
	Chapter "For your safety" added	
	Chapter "Intended use" revised	
	<ul> <li>Operating temperature extended in chapter "Technical data"</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Warning added to chapter "Mounting rail installation"</li> </ul>	
	Chapter "Service life" revised	
	Certificate removed	
2.2.0	In chapter "Technical data" harmful gas test and footnote for corrosive environment added	
2.1.0	Descriptions for EL9930 removed	
2.0.0	"Documentation notes" updated	
	<ul> <li>Added a link to certificate download page in "Technical data"</li> </ul>	
	Firmware update description removed	
	<ul> <li>Appendix adapted and extended</li> </ul>	
	Certificate adapted	
1.10.0		
1.9.0 • Extension TwinSAFE product version history		
Restructuring of PROFIsafe configuration		
1.8.0	Description Multiple Download added	
	Note added to <i>Project Settings</i>	
	Description of mounting rail installation updated	
1.7.0	Note added to Customizing	
	Description of firmware update added	
	Version history of the TwinSAFE product added	
	Note EN 81 updated	
	Foreword updated	
	Safety instructions adapted to IEC 82079-1.	
1.6.0	<ul> <li>Description of the new features in TwinCAT 3.1 Build 4022 added</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Notes for the extension of certificates with EN 81-20, EN 81-22 and EN 81-50 added</li> </ul>	
	Notes on diagnostic history added	
	Project design limits updated	
	<ul> <li>Notes on the arrangement of TwinSAFE components added</li> </ul>	
	References and note for info data added	
1.5.0	Note and sequence chart added under Backup/Restore	
	Note for input and output process image added	
	Description added to Sync Manager configuration	
L	TwinSAFE SC description updated	
1.4.1	Technical data for <i>permissible air pressure</i> extended	

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Version	Comment
1.4.0	User administration screenshots updated
	<ul> <li>State and Diag of the TwinSAFE group updated</li> </ul>
	Type examination certificate added
1.3.0	Screenshots updated
	Certificate added
1.2.0	Standards reference updated
	Safety parameters updated
1.1.0	Description of diagnostic object 0xFEA0 extended
1.0.0	First released version
	Backup/Restore description extended
0.5.0	<ul> <li>Descriptions of external connections, properties of FB ports, parameterization of Alias Devices, Variable Mapping and Customizing updated</li> </ul>
0.4.0	Description of the group sequence added
	Check Safe Addresses description added
0.3.0 • System description added	
0.2.0	Screenshots for TwinCAT release adapted
	Description of info data revised
	LED description added
0.1.0	Migration and structural adaptation
0.0.7	System description updated
0.0.6	Online View extended
0.0.5	TwinSAFE group description extended
0.0.4	PROFIsafe master/slave description extended
0.0.3	Customizing extended
0.0.2	Creating network and group descriptions
0.0.1	Creation of the document

## **1.3** Version history of the TwinSAFE product

This version history lists the software and hardware version numbers. You will also find a description of the changes to previous versions contained in each case. See the following table.



### Updated hardware and software

TwinSAFE products are subject to a cyclical revision. We reserve the right to revise and change the TwinSAFE products at any time and without prior notice.

No claims for changes to products already delivered can be asserted from these hardware and/or software changes.

Date	Software ver- sion	Hardware version	Modifications
16 March	04	00	FBTon: New time base of 100 ms and 1000 ms
2020			<ul> <li>FBTon2: New FB Ton with saving of the residual running time for next start</li> </ul>
			FBXor: New FB for exclusive OR
			FBSLI2: New FB SLI with handling of an overflow
3 August	03	00	Swapping of data bytes for PROFIsafe implemented
2018			Update of the CoE Online display
			Optimization in case of communication errors at low temperatures

Date	Software ver- sion	Hardware version	Modifications
			• FB Muting: After an FB error in Backwards mode, the FB error can be acknowledged without restarting the TwinSAFE group.
			An error acknowledgement is now required after a user has logged into the logic without deleting the project.
6 February 2017	02	00	Timestamp of diag messages optimized Revision display implemented
25 January 2017	01	00	First release

## 1.4 References

No.	Version	Title / description	
[1]	/	Not used.	
[2]	/	Not used.	
[3]	/	Not used.	
[4]	3.1.0 or newer	Documentation TwinSAFE-Logic-FB	
		The document describes the safety function blocks that are available in the EL6910 and form the safety application.	
[5]	1.8.0 or newer	TwinSAFE Application Guide	
		The Application Guide provides the user with examples for the calculation of target failure measures for safety functions according to the standards DIN EN ISO 13849-1 and EN 62061 or EN 61508:2010, such as are typically used on machines.	
[6]	2006/42/EC	Directive 2006/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on machinery, and amending Directive 95/16-7/EC (recast) of 29 June 2006	
		This directive, also known as the Machinery Directive, defines requirements for the placing on the market of machines and machine-like components, such as safety components.	

## 1.5 Staff qualification

These operating instructions are intended exclusively for trained specialists in control technology and automation with the relevant knowledge.

The trained specialist personnel must ensure that the applications and use of the described product meet all safety requirements. This includes all applicable and valid laws, regulations, provisions and standards.

## Trained specialists

Trained specialists have extensive technical knowledge from studies, apprenticeships or technical training. Understanding of control technology and automation is available. Trained specialists can:

- Independently identify, avoid and eliminate sources of hazard.
- Apply relevant standards and directives.
- · Implement specifications from accident prevention regulations.
- Evaluate, prepare and set up the workplaces.
- · Evaluate, optimize and execute work independently.

## **1.6** Safety and instruction

Read the contents that refer to the activities you have to perform with the product. Always read the chapter For your safety in the operating instructions.

Observe the warnings in the chapters so that you can handle and work with the product as intended and safely.

#### **Explanation of symbols**

Various symbols are used for a clear arrangement:

- 1. The numbering indicates an action that should be taken.
- The bullet point indicates an enumeration.
- [...] The square brackets indicate cross-references to other text passages in the document.
- [1] The number in square brackets indicates the numbering of a referenced document.

The signal words used in the documentation are classified below.

#### Signal words

#### Warning of personal injuries

### ▲ DANGER

Hazard with high risk of death or serious injury.

Hazard with medium risk of death or serious injury.

There is a low-risk hazard that could result in medium or minor injury.

#### Warning of damage to property or environment

NOTICE

#### Notes

The environment, equipment, or data may be damaged.

#### Information on handling the product

i

This information includes, for example: Recommendations for action, assistance or further information on the product.

## **1.7 Beckhoff Support and Service**

### Support

Beckhoff Support offers technical advice on the use of individual Beckhoff products and system planning. The employees support you in the programming and commissioning of sophisticated automation systems.

Hotline:	+49 5246/963-157
E-mail:	support@beckhoff.com
Web:	www.beckhoff.com/support

#### Training

Training in Germany takes place in our training center at the Beckhoff headquarters in Verl, at subsidiaries or, by arrangement, at the customer's premises.

Hotline:	+49 5246/963-5000
E-mail:	training@beckhoff.com
Web:	www.beckhoff.com/training

#### Service

The Beckhoff Service Center supports you with after-sales services such as on-site service, repair service or spare parts service.

Hotline:	+49 5246/963-460
E-mail:	service@beckhoff.com
Web:	www.beckhoff.com/service

#### Download area

In the download area you can obtain product information, software updates, the TwinCAT automation software, documentation and much more.

Web: www.beckhoff.com/download

#### Headquarters

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For the addresses of our worldwide locations, please visit our website at Global Presence.

## 2 For your safety

## 2.1 Due diligence



### Read the entire documentation for the TwinSAFE component

- TwinSAFE Application Guide
- Documentation TwinSAFE-Logic-FB

The operator must comply with all the requirements and notes specified in these operating instructions in order to fulfill his duty of care. This includes in particular that you

- comply with the provisions defined in the chapter Limitation of liability [▶ 6].
- only operate the TwinSAFE component when it is in perfect working order.
- provide the operating instructions in a legible condition and complete at the place of use of the TwinSAFE component.
- do not remove the safety markings attached to the TwinSAFE component and maintain their legibility.

The operator is also responsible for the safe operation of the system. This includes risk assessment. The following standards apply for risk assessment:

- EN ISO 12100:2010, Safety of machinery General principles for design Risk assessment and risk reduction
- ISO 13849-1, Safety of machinery Safety-related parts of control systems Part 1: General principles for design

Beckhoff is not responsible for the safe operation of the system.



#### No disposal in domestic waste

Products marked with a crossed-out waste bin must not be disposed of with domestic waste. The device is considered waste electrical and electronic equipment when it is disposed of. Observe the national regulations for the disposal of waste electrical and electronic equipment.

## 2.2 General safety instructions

This chapter contains safety instructions for handling the product. This product is a safety component as defined by the Machinery Directive. The product must be installed in a machine or system by the machine builder and is used to ensure the safety function. Safety components are not required for the functioning of a machine. However, a failure or malfunction of safety components will result in a hazard to personal safety. Read the documentation prepared by the machine builder.

## 2.2.1 Before operation

### Use in machines according to the Machinery Directive

Only use the TwinSAFE component in machines that comply with the Machinery Directive. This is how you ensure safe operation.

See document [6] at <u>References [▶ 10]</u>.

### Ensure traceability

Ensure the traceability of the TwinSAFE component via the serial number.

### Use SELV/PELV power supply

Use a SELV/PELV power supply unit with an output-side voltage limit of  $U_{max}$  = 36  $V_{DC}$  to supply the TwinSAFE component with 24  $V_{DC}$ .

Failure to observe this will endanger the safety function of the product. Depending on the machine, death and danger to life, serious physical injury and damage to the machine may result.

## 2.2.2 During operation

#### Interference due to emitted interference

Do not operate the following devices in the vicinity of the TwinSAFE component: for example, radio telephones, radios, transmitters or high-frequency systems.

TwinSAFE components comply with the requirements of the applicable electromagnetic compatibility standards with regard to interference emission and immunity. If you exceed the limits for emitted interference specified in the standards, the function of the TwinSAFE component may be impaired.

#### Observe the GND concept

When grounding the TwinSAFE component, observe special conditions.

#### Identification of the logic component

Make sure that you enter the correct serial number of the logic terminal to be configured during log-in procedures. The correct serial number can be found on the housing of the TwinSAFE component.

#### Use of permissible engineering tools and procedures

The TÜV SÜD certificate applies to these TwinSAFE components, the function blocks available in it, the documentation and the engineering tool. Engineering tools allowed are <u>TE9000 - TwinCAT 3 Safety Editor</u> and <u>TE9200 - TwinSAFE Loader</u>. Use only the latest versions of the engineering tools. You will find this on the <u>Beckhoff website</u>.

Procedures or engineering tools that deviate from this are not covered by the certificate. This is especially true for externally generated xml files for the TwinSAFE import.

## 2.2.3 After operation

### De-energize and switch off components before working on them

Check all safety-relevant equipment for functionality before working on the TwinSAFE component. Secure the working environment. Secure the machine or plant against being inadvertently started up. Observe the chapter <u>Decommissioning [ $\blacktriangleright$  137]</u>.

# 3 TwinSAFE System Description

## 3.1 Beckhoff system expansion for safety technology

The TwinSAFE products from Beckhoff enable convenient expansion of the Beckhoff I/O system with safety components, and integration of all the cabling for the safety circuit within the existing fieldbus cable. Safe signals can be mixed with standard signals without restriction. The standard controller transmits the safety-related TwinSAFE telegrams. Quick diagnosis and easy replacement of components significantly simplifies maintenance.

The following basic functionalities are included in the TwinSAFE components:

- digital inputs (e.g. EL19xx, EP1908),
- digital outputs (e.g. EL29xx),
- drive components (e.g. AX5805) and
- logic units (e.g. EL6900, EL6910).

For a wide range of applications, you can wire all the safety-related sensors and actuators to these components. The required logic link of the inputs and the outputs is handled by the EL69xx. In addition to Boolean operations, the EL6910 now also enables analog operations.

## 3.2 Safety concept

### TwinSAFE: Safety and I/O technology in one system

- · Extension of the familiar Beckhoff I/O system with TwinSAFE components
- · Safe and non-safe components can be combined as required
- Logic link of the I/Os in the EL69xx TwinSAFE logic terminal
- Suitable for applications up to SIL 3 according to EN 61508:2010 and Cat 4, PL e according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1:2016-06
- · Safety-relevant networking of machines via bus systems
- In the event of an error, all TwinSAFE components always switch to the deenergized and therefore safe state
- No safety requirements for the higher-level standard TwinCAT system

#### Safety-over-EtherCAT protocol (FSoE)

- Transfer of safety-relevant data via any media ("genuine black channel")
- TwinSAFE communication via fieldbus systems such as EtherCAT, Lightbus, PROFIBUS, PROFINET or Ethernet
- IEC 61508:2010 SIL 3 compliant
- FSoE is IEC standard (IEC 61784-3-12) and ETG standard (ETG.5100)

#### Fail-safe principle (fail stop)

The basic rule for a safety system such as TwinSAFE is that failure of a part, a system component or the overall system must never lead to a dangerous condition. The safe state is always the switched off and wattless state.

### 

### Safe state

For all TwinSAFE components the safe state is always the switched-off, wattless state.

## 4 Product description

## 4.1 EL6910 - TwinSAFE logic terminal

The TwinSAFE Logic terminal is the link unit between the TwinSAFE inputs and outputs.

The EL6910 meets the requirements of EN 62061:2005/A2:2015 and EN 61508:2010 SIL 3, EN 81-20:2014, EN 81-22:2014, EN 81-50:2014 and EN ISO 13849-1:2015 (Cat 4, PL e).

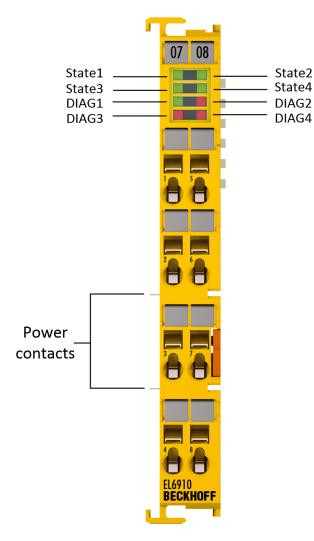


Fig. 1: EL6910 - TwinSAFE Logic terminal

## 4.2 Intended use

## 

### Caution - Risk of injury!

TwinSAFE components may only be used for the purposes described below!

The TwinSAFE Terminals expand the application area of Beckhoff Bus Terminal system with functions that enable them to be used for machine safety applications. The TwinSAFE Terminals are designed for machine safety functions and directly associated industrial automation tasks. They are therefore only approved for applications with a defined fail-safe state. This safe state is the switched-off and de-energized state. Fail-safety according to the relevant standards is required.

The EL6910 TwinSAFE logic terminal allows the connection of:

- · Beckhoff Bus Couplers, EK1xxx series
- · Beckhoff CXxxxx series Embedded PCs with E-bus connection

### 

#### Note on approval according to EN 81-20, EN 81-22 and EN 81-50

- The TwinSAFE components may only be used in machines that have been designed and installed in accordance with the requirements of the EN 60204-1 standard.
- Provide a surge filter for the supply voltage of the TwinSAFE components against overvoltages (reduction to overvoltage category II).
- EN 81 requires that in the case of devices with internal temperature monitoring, a stop must be reached in the event of an overtemperature. In this case, passengers must be able to disembark (see EN 81-20 chapter 5.10.4.3, for example). To ensure this, application measures are necessary. The internal terminal temperature of the TwinSAFE components can be read out by the user. A direct switch-off occurs at the maximum permissible temperature of the respective TwinSAFE component (see chapter Temperature measurement).

The user must select a temperature threshold below the maximum temperature such that a stop can be reached in all cases before the maximum temperature is reached. Information on the optimum terminal configuration can be found under Notes on the arrangement of TwinSAFE components and under Example configuration for temperature measurement.

- For the use of the TwinSAFE components according to EN 81-22 and EN 81-50, the conditions described in the manuals for achieving category 4 according to EN ISO 13849-1:2015 **must** be observed.
- The use of TwinSAFE components is limited to indoor applications.
- Basic protection against direct contact must be provided, either by fulfilling protection class IP2X or by installing the TwinSAFE components in a control cabinet which corresponds at least to protection class IP54 according to EN 60529.
- The ambient conditions regarding temperature, humidity, heat dissipation, EMC and vibrations, as specified in the operating instructions under technical data, must be observed.
- The operating conditions in hazardous areas (ATEX) are specified in the operating instructions.
- The safe state (triggering) of the application must be the de-energized state. The safe state of the TwinSAFE components is always the de-energized, switched-off state, and this cannot be changed.
- The service life specified in the operating instructions must be observed.
- If the TwinSAFE component is operated outside the permissible temperature range, it changes to "Global Shutdown" state.
- The TwinSAFE components must be installed in a control cabinet with protection class IP54 according to EN 60529, so that the requirement for degree of pollution 3 according to EN 60664-1 can be reduced to level 2.
- The TwinSAFE components must be supplied by a SELV/PELV power supply unit with a maximum voltage of  $U_{max} \le 36 V_{DC}$ .

## 4.3 Technical data

The current certificates of all TwinSAFE products with the underlying standards and directives can be found at <a href="https://www.beckhoff.com/en-en/support/download-finder/certificates-approvals/">https://www.beckhoff.com/en-en/support/download-finder/certificates-approvals/</a>.

Output process image         Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3           Supply voltage (SELV/PELV)         24 V <sub>00</sub> (-15% / +20%)           Current consumption via E-bus         approx. 160 mA           Power loss of the terminal         typically 1 W           Dimensions (W x H x D)         12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm           Permissible ambient temperature (operation)         -30 °C +55 °C (see notes in chapter <u>Sample configuration for temperature measurement P 201</u> )           Permissible air humidity         5% 95%, non-condensing           Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)         750 hPa 1100 hPa (this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abox sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)           Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3         3K3 (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment configuration)           Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1         Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)           Inadmissible operating conditions         TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions:	Product designation	EL6910
Status display       4 diagnostic LEDs         Minimum/maximum cycle time       approx. 1 ms / according the project size         Fault reaction time       swatchdog times         Watchdog time       min. 2 ms, max, 80000 ms         Input process image       Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3         Supply voltage (SELV/PELV)       24 V <sub>SC</sub> (-15% / +20%)         Current consumption via E-bus       approx. 160 mA         Power loss of the terminal       typically 1 W         Dimensions (W x H x D)       12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm         Weight       approx. 50 g         Permissible ambient temperature (peration)       -40 °C+65 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement IV 24)         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage)       40 °C+470 °C         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       750 hPa1100 hPa         (This is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abor sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)         Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3       3K3         (The deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data with are specified differently in this documentalis         • under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natur background radiation)       • under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natur background radia	Number of inputs	0
Minimum/maximum cycle time       approx. 1 ms / according the project size         Fault reaction time       ≤ watchdog times         Watchdog time       min. 2 ms, ax. 60000 ms         Input process image       Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3         Output process (SELV/FELV)       24 Vuc. (-15% / 42%).         Current consumption via E-bus       approx. 160 mA         Power Loss of the terminal       typically 1 W         Dimensions (W x H x D)       12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm         Weight       approx. 50 g         -90 C : + 55 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement IP.241)         Permissible ambient temperature (operation)       -30 °C + 55 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement IP.241)         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       750 FPa 1100 HPa ((this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abors ae level assuming an international standard atmosphere)         Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3       3K3         Kith deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the tenhcial data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1       Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)         Inadmissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operatif	Number of outputs	0
Fault reaction time       Switchdog times         Watchdog time       min. 2 ms, max. 60000 ms         Input process image       Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3         Output process image       Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3         Supply voltage (SELVPELV)       24 V <sub>KC</sub> (-15% / +20%)         Current consumption via E-bus       approx. 160 mA         Power loss of the terminal       yplcally 1 W         Dimensions (W x H x D)       12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm         Weight       approx. 165 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement P. 24)         Permissible ambient temperature (operation)       40 °C + 70 °C         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       750 hPa 1100 hPa (the viation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       3K3 (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also apples only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1       Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)         Inadmissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions         Vibration / shock resistance       con	Status display	4 diagnostic LEDs
Watchdog time     min. 2 ms, max. 60000 ms       Input process image     Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3       Supply voltage (SELV/PELV)     24 V <sub>DC</sub> (-15% / +20%)       Current consumption via E-bus     approx. 160 mA       Power loss of the terminal     Upication in TwinCAT 3       Weight     approx. 160 mA       Power loss of the terminal     Upicatily 1 W       Dimensions (W x H x D)     12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm       Weight     approx. 50 g       Permissible ambient temperature (operation)     30 °C + +70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + +70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + +70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + +70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + +70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + +70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + 70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + 70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + 70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + 70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (transport/storage)     -40 °C + 70 °C       Permissible arbient temperature (tra	Minimum/maximum cycle time	approx. 1 ms / according the project size
Input process image         Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3           Output process image         Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3           Supply voltage (SELV/PELV)         24 V <sub>RC</sub> (-15% / +20%)           Current consumption via E-bus         approx. 160 mA           Power loss of the terminal         typically 1 W           Dimensions (W x H x D)         12 rm x 100 mm x 68 mm           Weight         approx. 50 g           Permissible ambient temperature (operation)         40 °C +57 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement (P 24)           Permissible air humidity         5%95%, non-condensing           Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)         750 hPa 1100 hPa (this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abor sea level assuring an international standard atmosphere)           Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3         3K3 (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)           Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1         Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)           Inadmissible operating conditions         15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes           According to IN shock resistance         conforms to EN 60068-2-27 (EN 61000-6-4           Shocks         15 g with puls	Fault reaction time	≤ watchdog times
Output process image         Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3           Supply voltage (SELV/PELV)         24 V <sub>00</sub> (-15% / +20%)           Current consumption via E-bus         approx. 160 mA           Power loss of the terminal         typically 1 W           Dimensions (W x H x D)         12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm           Permissible ambient temperature (operation)         -30 °C +55 °C (see notes in chapter <u>Sample configuration for temperature measurement P 201</u> )           Permissible air humidity         5% 95%, non-condensing           Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)         750 hPa 1100 hPa (this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abox sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)           Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3         3K3 (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment configuration)           Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1         Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)           Inadmissible operating conditions         TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions:	Watchdog time	min. 2 ms, max. 60000 ms
Supply voltage (SELV/PELV)         24 V <sub>pc</sub> (-15% / +20%)           Current consumption via E-bus         approx. 160 mA           Power loss of the terminal         ypically 1 W           Dimensions (W x H x D)         12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm           Permissible ambient temperature (operation)         -30 °C +55 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement I > 2d))           Permissible ambient temperature (transport/storage)         40 °C + 70 °C           Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)         750 hPa 1100 hPa           (this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abox ose level assuming an international standard atmosphere)           Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3         3K3           (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)           Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1         Degree of pollution (cote-et assuming an international standard atmosphere)           Inadmissible operating conditions         TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions           · under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natur background radiation)         · in an environments'           · in an environment tat leads to unacceptable solling of the bus terminal         conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27           EMC immunity / emission	Input process image	Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3
Current consumption via E-bus         approx. 160 mA           Power loss of the terminal         typically 1 W           Dimensions (W x H x D)         12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm           Weight         approx. 50 g           Permissible ambient temperature (operation)         30 °C + 55 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement IP-24)           Permissible air humidity         5% 95%, non-condensing           Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)         750 hPa 1100 hPa ((this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abov sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)           Stick         3K3         (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)           Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1         Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)           Inadmissible operating conditions         "under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natur background radiation)           • in an environment s <sup>1</sup> • in an environment s <sup>1</sup> • in a environment still edds to unacceptable solling of the bus terminal           Vibration / shock resistance         conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27           EMC immunity / emission         conforms to EN 60068-2-60.2016-60, method 4 with increased concentrations according to NNSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A	Output process image	Dynamic, according to the TwinSAFE configuration in TwinCAT 3
Power loss of the terminal         typically 1 W           Dimensions (W x H x D)         12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm           Weight         approx. 50 g           Permissible ambient temperature (operation)         -30 °C +55 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement (P.24))           Permissible air humidity         5% +70 °C           Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)         750 hPa 1100 hPa (this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abor sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)           Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3         3K3 (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)           Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1         Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)           Inadmissible operating conditions         TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions: <ul> <li>under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natur background radiation)</li> <li>in corrosive environments<sup>1</sup></li> <li>in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminal</li> </ul> Vibration / shock resistance         conforms to EN 60068-2-4 / EN 60068-2-27           EMC immunity / emission         conforms to EN 60068-2-6 (EN 60064 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Lew GX Group A           Harmful gas te	Supply voltage (SELV/PELV)	24 V <sub>DC</sub> (-15% / +20%)
Dimensions (W x H x D)       12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm         Weight       approx. 50 g         Permissible ambient temperature (operation)       -30 °C +55 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement (* 24))         Permissible ambient temperature (transport/storage)       40 °C + +70 °C         Permissible air humidity       5% 95%, non-condensing         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       750 hPa 1100 hPa (this is equivalent to an attitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abox see level assuming an international standard atmosphere)         Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3       3K3 (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1       Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)         Inadmissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions.         • in an environment for addition)       • in corrosive environments'         • in an environment sit       • in an environment for EN 60068-2-67         EMC immunity / emission       conforms to EN 60068-2-67 EN 61000-6-4         Shocks       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       Acrogram for EN 60068-2-67 (EN 61000-6-4         Kis Group A       • test duration: 21 days	Current consumption via E-bus	approx. 160 mA
Weight       approx. 50 g         Permissible ambient temperature (operation)       30 °C + 55 °C (see notes in chapter Sample configuration for temperature measurement [▶ 24])         Permissible ambient temperature (transport/storage)       40 °C + 70 °C         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       5% 95%, non-condensing         Premissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       750 hPa 1100 hPa         (this equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m aborsea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)         Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3       3K3         (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions: <ul> <li>under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natur background radiation)</li> <li>in corrosive environments<sup>1</sup></li> <li>in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bust terminal</li> <li>in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bust terminal</li> </ul> Vibration / shock resistance       conforms to EN 60068-2-67 / EN 60068-2-77         EMC immunity / emission       for Sortos to EN 60068-2-67 / EN 60068-2-71         Shocks       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       Accordin	Power loss of the terminal	typically 1 W
Permissible ambient temperature (operation)       -30 °C +55 °C (see notes in chapter <u>Sample configuration for temperature measurement [P-24]</u> )         Permissible aim humidity       5% 95%, non-condensing         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       750 PPa 1100 PPa (this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m abox sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)         Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3       3K3 (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also apples only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1       Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)         Inadmissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions:         Vibration / shock resistance       conforms to EN 60068-2-67 (EN 60068-2-77)         EMC immunity / emission       conforms to EN 60068-2-67 (EN 60068-2-67)         Shocks       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60068-2-67 (EN 60068-2-67)         Notes       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSUSA 71.04-2013 Leve GX Group A         Protection rating       IP20         Permitted operating environment       Inter corticabinet	Dimensions (W x H x D)	12 mm x 100 mm x 68 mm
temperature measurement [▶ 24])           Permissible ani humidity         40 °C + +70 °C           Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)         5% 95%, non-condensing           Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)         5% 95%, non-condensing           Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3         3K3           Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3         3K3           Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3         3K3           Climate category according to EN 6064-1         Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)           Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1         Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)           Inadmissible operating conditions         TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions:           • under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natur background radiation)         • in an environments <sup>1</sup> • in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminal         • in corrosive environments <sup>1</sup> • in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminal         • in corrosive environments <sup>1</sup> • in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of	Weight	approx. 50 g
Permissible air humidity       5% 95%, non-condensing         Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       750 FPa 1100 FPa         (this is equivalent to an altidue of approx690 m to 2450 m abox sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)         Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3       3K3         (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1       Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)         Inadmissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions:         • under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natuu background radiation)       • in corrosive environments!         • in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminal       • under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natuu background radiation)         Vibration / shock resistance       conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27         EMC immunity / emission       conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27         EMC immunity / emission       f5 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60060-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANS//ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A         • Test duration: 21 days       • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb <td>Permissible ambient temperature (operation)</td> <td></td>	Permissible ambient temperature (operation)	
Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)       750 hPa 1100 hPa (this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m above sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)         Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3       3K3 (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1       Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)         Inadmissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions: <ul> <li>under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natuu background radiation)</li> <li>in corrosive environments<sup>1</sup></li> <li>in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminal</li> </ul> Vibration / shock resistance       conforms to EN 60068-2-60 / EN 60068-2-27         EMC Immunity / emission       conforms to EN 60068-2-60 / EN 60068-2-27         Shocks       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60068-2-60::2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A         • Test duration: 21 days       • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb         • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb       • Nitrogen dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb         Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IPS4 according	Permissible ambient temperature (transport/storage)	-40 °C + +70 °C
(this is equivalent to an altitude of approx600 m to 2450 m abors sea level assuming an international standard atmosphere)       Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3     3K3       (the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)       Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1     Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)       Inadmissible operating conditions     TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions: <ul> <li>under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natur background radiation)</li> <li>in corresive environments<sup>1</sup></li> <li>in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminal</li> </ul> Vibration / shock resistance     conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27        EMC immunity / emission      conforms to EN 600068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-67        Shocks      15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes           Harmful gas test         According to DIN EN 60068-2-60.2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A           • Test duration: 21 days         • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb           • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb         • Nitrogen dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb           Protection rating         IP20           Permistible operating environment         In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529	Permissible air humidity	5% 95%, non-condensing
(the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environment conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are specified differently in this documentation)         Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1       Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)         Inadmissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions:         • under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the nature background radiation)       • in corrosive environments <sup>1</sup> • in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminal       vuber the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the nature background radiation)         Vibration / shock resistance       conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27         EMC immunity / emission       conforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4         Shocks       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A         • Test duration: 21 days       • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb         • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb       • Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb         • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb       Permitted operating environment         Interpretion rating       IP20         Permitted operating environment       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]	Permissible air pressure (operation/storage/transport)	(this is equivalent to an altitude of approx690 m to 2450 m above
Inadmissible operating conditions       TwinSAFE Terminals must not be used under the following operating conditions:         • under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the nature background radiation)       • under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the nature background radiation)         • in corrosive environments <sup>1</sup> • in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminal         Vibration / shock resistance       conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27         EMC immunity / emission       conforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4         Shocks       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A         • Test duration: 21 days       • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb         • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb       • Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb         • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb       Protection rating         Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [ <b>&gt;</b> 23]	Climate category according to EN 60721-3-3	(the deviation from 3K3 is possible only with optimal environmental conditions and also applies only to the technical data which are
operating conditions:• under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the nature background radiation)• in corrosive environments1• in a environments1• in a neuronment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminalVibration / shock resistanceconforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27EMC immunity / emissionconforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4ShocksHarmful gas testHarmful gas testAccording to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A• Test duration: 21 days• Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb• Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb• Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppbProtection ratingPermitted operating environmentPermissible installation positionsee chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]	Permissible degree of pollution according to EN 60664-1	Degree of pollution 2 (note chapter Maintenance)
background radiation)• in corrosive environments1• in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminalVibration / shock resistanceconforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27EMC immunity / emissionconforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4Shocks15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axesHarmful gas testAccording to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A• Test duration: 21 days • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb • Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppbProtection ratingIP20Permitted operating environmentIn the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529Permissible installation positionsee chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]	Inadmissible operating conditions	
• in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the bus terminalVibration / shock resistanceconforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27EMC immunity / emissionconforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4Shocks15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axesHarmful gas testAccording to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A• Test duration: 21 days • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb• Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppbProtection ratingIP20Permitted operating environmentIn the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529Permissible installation positionsee chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]		<ul> <li>under the influence of ionizing radiation (exceeding the natural background radiation)</li> </ul>
bus terminalVibration / shock resistanceconforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27EMC immunity / emissionconforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4Shocks15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axesHarmful gas testAccording to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A • Test duration: 21 days • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppbProtection ratingIP20Permitted operating environmentIn the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529Permissible installation positionsee chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]		<ul> <li>in corrosive environments<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>
EMC immunity / emission       conforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4         Shocks       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A         • Test duration: 21 days       • Test duration: 21 days         • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb       • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb         • Nitrogen dioxide: (10 ± 5) ppb       • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb         Protection rating       IP20         Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [> 23]		
Shocks       15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes         Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A         • Test duration: 21 days       • Test duration: 21 days         • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb         • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb         • Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb         • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb         Protection rating         Permitted operating environment         In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position	Vibration / shock resistance	conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27
Harmful gas test       According to DIN EN 60068-2-60:2016-06, method 4 with increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Leve GX Group A         • Test duration: 21 days       • Test duration: 21 days         • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb       • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb         • Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb       • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb         Protection rating       IP20         Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]	EMC immunity / emission	conforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4
increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Level         GX Group A         • Test duration: 21 days         • Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb         • Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb         • Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb         • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb         Protection rating         Permitted operating environment         In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position	Shocks	15 g with pulse duration 11 ms in all three axes
<ul> <li>Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb</li> <li>Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb</li> <li>Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb</li> <li>Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb</li> <li>Protection rating</li> <li>IP20</li> <li>Permitted operating environment</li> <li>In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529</li> <li>Permissible installation position</li> <li>see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]</li> </ul>	Harmful gas test	increased concentrations according to ANSI/ISA 71.04:2013 Level
<ul> <li>Nitrogen dioxide: (1250 ± 20) ppb</li> <li>Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb</li> <li>Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb</li> <li>Protection rating</li> <li>IP20</li> <li>Permitted operating environment</li> <li>In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529</li> <li>Permissible installation position</li> <li>see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]</li> </ul>		Test duration: 21 days
• Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb         • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb         Protection rating       IP20         Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]		<ul> <li>Hydrogen sulfide: (50 ± 5) ppb</li> </ul>
• Chlorine: (10 ± 5) ppb         • Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb         Protection rating       IP20         Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]		
• Sulfur dioxide: (300 ± 20) ppb         Protection rating       IP20         Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]		
Protection rating       IP20         Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶23]		
Permitted operating environment       In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection rating IP54 according to IEC 60529         Permissible installation position       see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [▶ 23]	Protection rating	
		In the control cabinet or terminal box, with minimum protection
	Permissible installation position	see chapter Installation position and minimum distances [ 23]
	Approvals	CE, cULus, TÜV SÜD

<sup>1</sup> A corrosive environment exists when corrosion damage becomes apparent.

## 4.4 Target failure measures

Key data	EL6910
Lifetime [a]	20
Proof test interval [a]	not required <sup>1)</sup>
PFH <sub>D</sub>	1.79E-09
%SIL 3 of PFH <sub>D</sub>	1.79%
PFD <sub>avg</sub>	2.54E-05
%SIL 3 of PFD <sub>avg</sub>	2.54%
MTTF <sub>D</sub>	high
DC	high
Performance Level	PL e
Category	4
HFT	1
Classification element 2)	Туре В

1. Special proof tests are not required during the entire lifetime of the EL6910 EtherCAT Terminal.

2. Classification according to IEC 61508-2:2010 (see chapters 7.4.4.1.2 and 7.4.4.1.3)

The EL6910 EtherCAT Terminal can be used for safety-related applications according to IEC62061 and IEC 61508:2010 up to SIL 3 and EN ISO 13849-1:2015 up to PL e (Cat4).

Further information on calculating or estimating the  $MTTF_{D}$  value from the  $PFH_{D}$  value can be found in the TwinSAFE Application Guide or in EN ISO 13849-1:2015, Table K.1.

Safety over EtherCAT communication is already included in the target failure measures with 1% of SIL 3 according to the protocol specification.

## 4.5 Dimensions

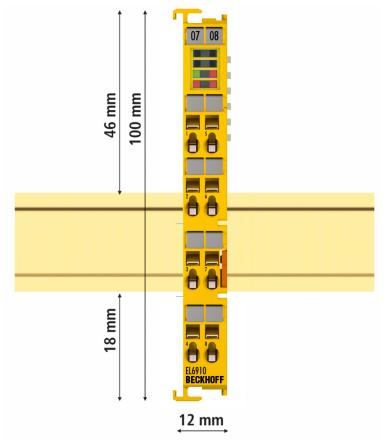


Fig. 2: Dimensions of the EL6910

Width: 12 mm (side-by-side installation) Height: 100 mm Depth: 68 mm

## 5.1 Environmental conditions

Please ensure that the TwinSAFE components are only transported, stored and operated under the specified conditions (see technical data)!

### **WARNING**

### **Risk of injury!**

The TwinSAFE components must not be used under the following operating conditions.

- under the influence of ionizing radiation (that exceeds the level of the natural environmental radiation)
- in corrosive environments
- in an environment that leads to unacceptable soiling of the TwinSAFE component

## NOTICE

### **Electromagnetic compatibility**

The TwinSAFE components comply with the current standards on electromagnetic compatibility with regard to spurious radiation and immunity to interference in particular.

However, in cases where devices such as mobile phones, radio equipment, transmitters or high-frequency systems that exceed the interference emissions limits specified in the standards are operated near TwinSAFE components, the function of the TwinSAFE components may be impaired.

## 5.2 Installation

## 5.2.1 Safety instructions

Before installing and commissioning the TwinSAFE components please read the safety instructions in the foreword of this documentation.

## 5.2.2 Transport / storage

Use the original packaging in which the components were delivered for transporting and storing the TwinSAFE components.

## 

#### Note the specified environmental conditions

Please ensure that the digital TwinSAFE components are only transported and stored under the specified environmental conditions (see technical data).

## 5.2.3 Mechanical installation

### **M** WARNING

### **Risk of injury!**

Bring the bus system into a safe, de-energized state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the devices!

## 5.2.3.1 Control cabinet / terminal box

The TwinSAFE terminals must be installed in a control cabinet or terminal box with IP54 protection class according to IEC 60529 as a minimum.

RFCKHO

## 5.2.3.2 Installation position and minimum distances

For the prescribed installation position the mounting rail is installed horizontally and the mating surfaces of the EL/KL terminals point toward the front (see illustration below). The terminals are ventilated from below, which enables optimum cooling of the electronics through convection. The direction indication "down" corresponds to the direction of positive acceleration due to gravity.

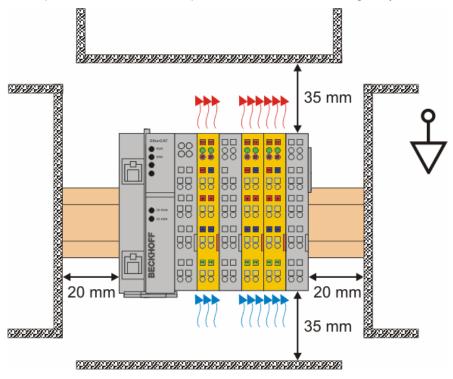


Fig. 3: Installation position and minimum distances

In order to ensure optimum convection cooling, the distances to neighboring devices and to control cabinet walls must not be smaller than those shown in the diagram.

				p	• • • • • •									••••			
		p4	2	peg	l <u>C_</u>	ک	ک		peG	l <u>c</u>	ک			G		ک	<u>الا</u> لم
	88																
	88 00 00																
	Us		15	15	1 5			1 5	1 5							15	
<u> </u>	24V0V	15	15 00	15	15	15	1500	15	15	15	15	15	15	1'5' 00	15	15	15 00
	00												00		00		
	00/11-	26	2 6	2 6	2 6	26	2 6	26	26	26	2 6	2 6	26	2'6'	26	26	26
	24V Up	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	2'6' 00	26 ÔÔ	26 00	26
											120 120		$\sim$	$\sim$	107 107		
	24V Up	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37 00	3' <u>7'</u> 000	37	37	37
	24VUp 37	00	00	ÔÔ	ÔÔ	00	00	ÔÔ	ÔÔ	00	00	00	00	00	00	ÔÔ	00
		48	48	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	48	48	4 8	4 8	4' 8'	4 8	4 8	4 8
	PE PE	48 ÔÔ	48 00	48	$\hat{\mathbf{O}}$	4800	4800	$\hat{\mathbf{O}}$	ÔÔ.	48	48	$\hat{\mathbf{O}}$	불봉	4' 8' 00	ÔÔ	ÔÔ	ÔÔ
											EL6910	0.0	EL2904		~ ~		
		EK1100 BECKHOFF			EL1104 BECKHOFF		EL1904 BECKHOFF	EL3102 BECKHOFF			BECKHOFF	EL9110 BECKHOFF			EL9110 BECKHOFF	EL2008 BECKHOFF	EL2008 BECKHOFF
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## 5.2.3.3 Sample configuration for temperature measurement

Fig. 4: Sample configuration for temperature measurement

The sample configuration for the temperature measurement consists of an EK1100 EtherCAT coupler with connected terminals that match the typical distribution of digital and analog signal types at a machine. On the EL6910 a safety project is active, which reads safe inputs and enables all 4 safe outputs during the measurement.

## External heat sources / radiant heat / impaired convection

The maximum permissible ambient temperature of 55°C was checked with the above sample configuration. Impaired convection, an unfavorable location near heat sources or an unfavorable configuration of the EtherCAT Terminals may result in overheating of the terminals.

The key parameter is always the maximum permitted internally measured temperature of 95°C, above which the TwinSAFE terminals switch to safe state and report an error. The internal temperature can be read from the TwinSAFE components via CoE.

# BECKHOFF

## 5.2.3.4 Installation on mounting rails

## **M** WARNING

## Risk of electric shock and damage of device!

Bring the bus terminal system into a safe, powered down state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the Bus Terminals!

### Installation

## NOTICE

### Material damage due to improper installation

Pressing on the LED strip can damage the TwinSAFE component and impair the function of the LEDs.

• Do not press on the LED strip when pushing the TwinSAFE component against the mounting rail. Instead, grasp the TwinSAFE component at the top and bottom edge or at the height of the orange tab to slide it onto the mounting rail.

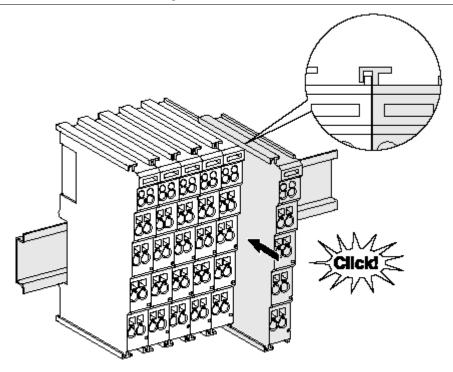


Fig. 5: Installation on the mounting rail

The bus couplers and bus terminals are attached to commercially available 35 mm mounting rails (DIN rail according to EN 60715) by applying slight pressure:

- 1. First attach the fieldbus coupler to the mounting rail.
- 2. The bus terminals are now attached on the right-hand side of the fieldbus coupler. To do this, plug the components together with tongue and groove and push the terminals against the mounting rail until the latch audibly engages on the mounting rail. If you first snap the terminals onto the mounting rail and then push them next to each other without the tongue and groove interlocking, no functional connection will be established! When correctly assembled, no significant gap should be visible between the housings.



### Fastening of mounting rails

The locking mechanism of the terminals and couplers protrudes into the profile of the mounting rail. When installing the components, make sure that the locking mechanism doesn't come into conflict with the fixing bolts of the mounting rail. For fastening mounting rails with a height of 7.5 mm under the terminals and couplers, use flat fastening components such as countersunk head screws or blind rivets.

## Disassembly

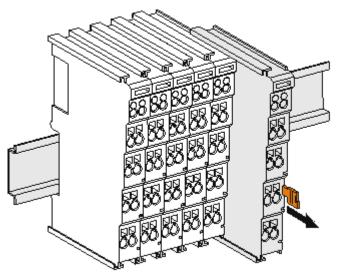


Fig. 6: Removal from mounting rail

Each terminal is secured by a lock on the mounting rail, which must be released for disassembly:

- 1. Pull down the terminal at its orange-colored straps from the mounting rail by approx. 1 cm. The rail locking of this terminal is automatically released, and you can now pull the terminal out of the Bus Terminal block with little effort.
- 2. To do this, grasp the unlocked terminal simultaneously at the top and bottom of the housing surfaces with your thumb and index finger and pull it out of the Bus Terminal block.

## 5.2.3.5 Notes on the arrangement of TwinSAFE components

The following notes illustrate favorable and unfavorable terminal arrangements from a thermal perspective.

Components with higher waste heat are identified with a red symbol *(*, components with lower waste heat

are identified with a blue symbol (.

#### EK11xx EtherCAT Coupler and EL9410 power supply terminal

The more terminals are attached after an EtherCAT Coupler or a power supply terminal, the higher the E-bus current that their power supply units have to supply. With increasing current the waste heat from the power supply units also increases.

### EL69x0

The EL69x0 emits a relatively high amount of waste heat, since it has a high internal clock rate and high logic performance.

#### EL2904, EL291x, EL291x-2200

The EL2904 emits a relatively high amount of waste heat due to the potentially high output current of the connected actuators.

#### EL1904

The EL1904 also emits a relatively high amount of waste heat, despite the fact that the external load due to clock outputs and safe inputs is relatively low.

#### Thermally unfavorable arrangement of the TwinSAFE terminals

The following arrangement is rather unfavorable, as terminals with relatively high waste heat are attached directly to the EtherCAT Coupler or the power supply terminal with high E-bus load. The additional external heating of the TwinSAFE terminals by the adjacent power supply units increases the internal terminal temperature, which can lead to the maximum permissible temperature being exceeded. This leads to the diagnosis message "Overtemperature".

	$\mathbb{Z}$		$\mathbb{Z}$		$\mathbb{Z}$	$\mathbb{Z}$								$\mathbb{Z}$		
				0000												L
Us 24V0V (1) (5)	1500	1 5	15	1' 5'	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	1500	15	1' 5'	1500	
24V Up (2) (6)	2600	26	2600	2' 6'	26	26	2600	26	2600	2600	2600	2600	26	2'6'	2600	
24VUp ③ ⑦	37	3700	37	3' 7'	3700	37	3700	37	3700	3700	3700	37	37	3' 7'	37	
PE PE	4 8 0 0 EK1100 BECKHOFF	4 8 O O EL6900 BECKHOP	48 EL2904 F BECKHOF	4' 8'	4 8 O O EL1904 BECKHOFF	48 00 EL1904 BECXHOFF	4 8 0 0 EL3102 BECKHOFF	4 8 0 0 EL3102 BECKHOFF	48 OO EL1104 BECKHOFF	4 8 0 0 EL1104 BECKHOFF	48 00 EL9410 BECKHOFF	4 8 0 0 EL6900 BECKHOFF	4 8 00 EL2904 BECKHOFF	4' 8'	4 8 O O EL2008 BECKHOFF	

## EK1100 2A E-Bus

EL9410 2A E-Bus

Fig. 7: Thermally unfavorable arrangement of the TwinSAFE terminals

### Thermally favorable arrangement of the TwinSAFE terminals

The following arrangement is thermally optimized, as terminals with low current consumption and therefore low waste heat are attached between the EtherCAT Coupler/power supply terminal and terminals with higher waste heat.

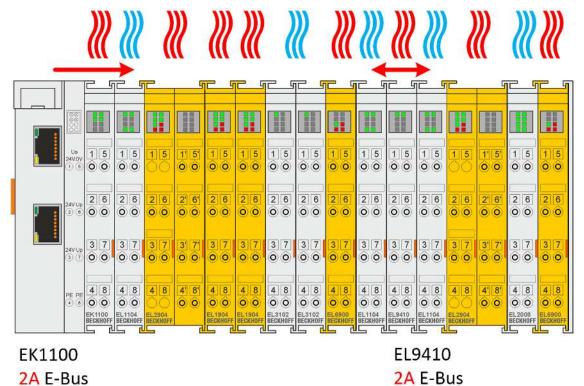


Fig. 8: Thermally favorable arrangement of the TwinSAFE terminals

## 5.2.4 Electrical installation

## 5.2.4.1 Connections within a Bus Terminal block

The electric connections between the Bus Coupler and the Bus Terminals are automatically realized by joining the components:

#### Spring contacts (E-bus)

The six spring contacts of the E-bus deal with the transfer of the data and the supply of the Bus Terminal electronics.

#### NOTICE

#### **Observe the E-bus current**

Observe the maximum current that your Bus Coupler can supply to the E-bus! Use the EL9410 Power Supply Terminal if the current consumption of your terminals exceeds the maximum current that your Bus Coupler can feed to the E-bus supply.

#### Power contacts

The power contacts deal with the supply for the field electronics and thus represent a supply rail within the Bus Terminal block. The power contacts are supplied via terminals on the Bus Coupler.

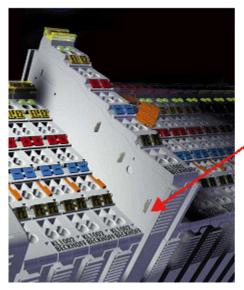


## Note the connection of the power contacts

During the design of a Bus Terminal block, the pin assignment of the individual Bus Terminals must be taken account of, since some types (e.g. analog Bus Terminals or digital 4-channel Bus Terminals) do not or not fully loop through the power contacts. Potential supply terminals (EL91xx, EL92xx) interrupt the power contacts and thus represent the start of a new supply rail.

#### PE power contact

The power contact labelled PE can be used as a protective earth. For safety reasons this contact mates first when plugging together, and can ground short-circuit currents of up to 125 A.



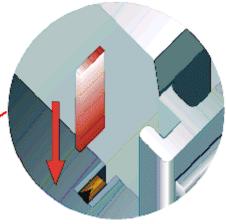


Fig. 9: PE power contact

## 

## Insulation tests

Note that, for reasons of electromagnetic compatibility, the PE contacts are capacitatively coupled to the mounting rail. This may lead to incorrect results during insulation testing or to damage on the terminal (e.g. disruptive discharge to the PE line during insulation testing of a consumer with a rated voltage of 230 V). For insulation testing, disconnect the PE supply line at the Bus Coupler or the Potential Supply Terminal! In order to decouple further feed points for testing, these Power Feed Terminals can be released and pulled at least 10 mm from the group of terminals.

## 

## Serious risk of injury!

The PE power contact must not be used for other potentials!

## 5.2.4.2 Overvoltage protection

If protection against overvoltage is necessary in your plant, provide a surge filter for the voltage supply to the Bus Terminal blocks and the TwinSAFE terminals.

EL6900/EL6910 pin assignment

## 5.2.4.3

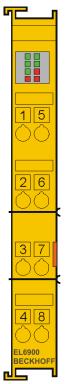


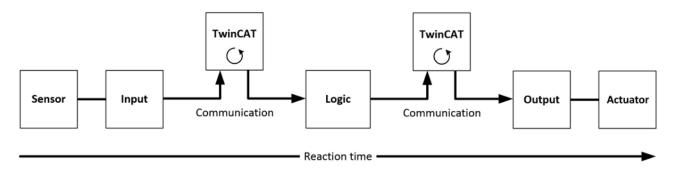
Fig. 10: EL6900/EL6910 pin assignment

Terminal point	Output	Signal
1	-	not used, no function
2		not used, no function
3	-	not used, no function
4		not used, no function
5	-	not used, no function
6		not used, no function
7	-	not used, no function
8	1	not used, no function

## 5.2.5 TwinSAFE reaction times

## 5.2.5.1 Typical response time

The typical reaction time is the time that is required to transmit information from the sensor to the actuator, if the overall system is working without error in normal operation.



### Fig. 11: Typical response time

Definition	Description
RTSensor	Response time of the sensor, until the signal is made available at the interface. Typically provided by the sensor manufacturer.
RTInput	Response time of the safe input, e.g. EL1904 or EP1908. This time can be found in the technical data. In the case of the EL1904 it is 4 ms.
RTComm	Response time of the communication. This is typically 3 times the EtherCAT cycle time, since a new Safety-over-EtherCAT telegram has to be generated before new data can be sent. These times depend directly on the higher-level standard controller (cycle time of the PLC/NC).
RTLogic	Response time of the logic terminal. This is the cycle time of the logic terminal and typically ranges from 500 $\mu$ s to 10 ms for the TwinSAFE logic terminal, depending on the size of the safety project. The actual cycle time can be read from the terminal.
RTOutput	Response time of the output terminal. This is typically between 2 and 3 ms.
RTActor	Response time of the actuator. This information is typically provided by the actuator manufacturer
WDComm	Watchdog time of the communication

The typical response time is based on the following formula:

 $ReactionTime_{typ} = RT_{Sensor} + RT_{Input} + 3 * RT_{Comm} + RT_{Logic} + 3 * RT_{Comm} + RT_{Output} + RT_{Actuator}$ 

with

*ReactionTime*<sub>*typ*</sub> =  $5ms + 4ms + 3 \times 1ms + 10ms + 3 \times 1ms + 3ms + 20ms = 48ms$ 

## BECKHOFF

## 5.2.5.2 Worst case response time

The worst-case response time is the maximum time required for switching off the actuator in the event of an error.

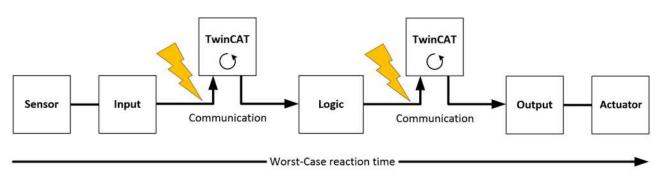


Fig. 12: Worst case response time

It is assumed that a signal change takes place at the sensor, and that this is passed to the input. A communication error occurs just at the moment when the signal is to be passed to the communication interface. This is detected by the logic once the watchdog time of the communication connection has elapsed. This information should then be passed on to the output, resulting in a further communication error. This fault is detected at the output once the watchdog time has elapsed, resulting in shutdown.

This results in the following formula for the worst-case response time:

 $ReactionTime_{max} = WD_{Comm} + WD_{Comm} + RT_{Actuator}$ 

with

 $ReactionTime_{max} = 15 ms + 15 ms + 20 ms = 50 ms$ 

## 5.3 Operation in potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX)

## 5.3.1 Special conditions

### **WARNING**

Observe the special conditions for the intended use of Beckhoff fieldbus components in hazardous areas (directive 2014/34/EU)!

The certified components are to be installed in a suitable housing that guarantees a protection rating of at least IP54 in accordance with EN 60529! The environmental conditions during use are thereby to be taken into account.

If the temperatures during nominal operation are higher than 70 °C at the feed-in points of cables, lines or pipes, or higher than 80 °C at the wire branching points, then cables must be selected whose temperature data correspond to the actual measured temperature values!

Observe the permissible ambient temperature range of 0 to 55 °C when using Beckhoff fieldbus components in hazardous areas!

Measures must be taken to protect against the nominal operating voltage being exceeded by more than 40% due to short-term interference voltages!

The individual terminals may only be unplugged or removed from the bus terminal system if the supply voltage has been switched off or if a non-explosive atmosphere is ensured!

The connections of the certified components may only be connected or disconnected if the supply voltage has been switched off or if a non-explosive atmosphere is ensured!

The fuses of the EL92xx power supply terminals may only be exchanged if the supply voltage has been switched off or if a non-explosive atmosphere is ensured!

Address selectors and ID switches may only be adjusted if the supply voltage has been switched off or if a non-explosive atmosphere is ensured!

The fundamental health and safety requirements are fulfilled by compliance with the following standards:

- EN 60079-0:2013
- EN 60079-15:2011

## 5.3.2 Identification

Beckhoff fieldbus components that are certified for use in potentially explosive atmospheres bear one of the following markings:



II 3 G Ex nA IIC T4 Gc KEMA 10ATEX0075 X Ta: 0 ... 55  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

or



II 3 G Ex nA nC IIC T4 Gc KEMA 10ATEX0075 X Ta: 0 ... 55 °C

## 5.3.3 Date code and serial number

The TwinSAFE terminals bear a date code, which is composed as follows:

Date code: CW YY SW HW

Legend: CW: Calendar week of manufacture YY: Year of manufacture SW: Software version HW: Hardware version

Sample: Date code 29 10 02 01 Calendar week: 29 Year: 2010 Software version: 02 Hardware version: 01

In addition the TwinSAFE terminals bear a unique serial number.

## 5.3.4 Further ATEX documentation



## Please also refer to the further documentation

Notes regarding application of the Bus Terminal system in areas potentially explosive atmosphere are available in the <u>Download</u> section of the Beckhoff website at <u>http://www.beckhoff.de</u>.

## 5.4 Configuration of the terminal in TwinCAT

### Do not change CoE objects!

Do not change any of the CoE objects in the TwinSAFE terminals. Any modifications of the CoE objects (e.g. via TwinCAT) will permanently set the terminals to the Fail-Stop state or lead to unexpected behavior of the terminals!

## 5.4.1 Configuration requirements

Version 3.1 Build 4020 or higher of the TwinCAT automation software is required for configuring the EL6910. The current version is available for download from the Beckhoff website (<u>www.beckhoff.de</u>).

NOTICE

TwinCAT support

The EL6910 cannot be used under TwinCAT 2.

## 5.4.2 Adding an EtherCAT coupler

See TwinCAT 3 automation software documentation.

## 5.4.3 Adding an EtherCAT Terminal

See TwinCAT 3 automation software documentation.

## 5.4.4 Adding an EL6910

An EL6910 is added in exactly the same way as any other Beckhoff EtherCAT Terminal. In the list, open *Safety Terminals* and select the EL6910.

Add EtherC	AT device at port B (E-Bus) o	f Term 4 (EL1104)			×
Search:	Na	me: Term 12	Multiple:	1	OK
Туре:	Analog Input Modu Analog Output Terr Analog Ouput Terr Analog Ouput Terr Measuring Termina Communication Te Drive and Axis Mod System Terminals Customer specific Safety Terminals EL6910, Twind EL6910, Twind	minals (EL4xxx) ninals XFC (EL4xxx) als (EL5xxx) minals (EL6xxx) dules (EL7xxx) dules (EM7xxx) Terminals fast Hot Connect) SAFE PLC SAFE PLC			Cancel Port A D B (E-Bus) C
	Extended Information	🔲 Show Hidd	en Devices	V Show	Sub Groups

Fig. 13: Adding an EL6910

# i

#### Size of the process image

The process image of the EL6910 is adjusted dynamically, based on the TwinSAFE configuration created in TwinCAT 3.

# 5.4.5 Address settings on TwinSAFE terminals with 1023 possible addresses

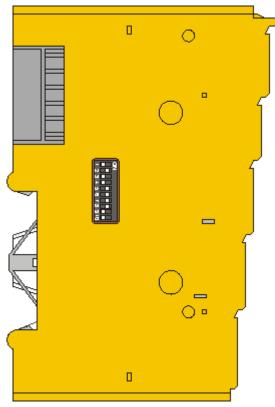


Fig. 14: Address settings on TwinSAFE terminals with 1023 possible addresses

The TwinSAFE address of the terminal is set via the 10-way DIP switch on the left-hand side of the TwinSAFE terminal. TwinSAFE addresses between 1 and 1023 are available.

DIP switch						Address				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	1
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	2
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	3
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	4
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	5
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	6
ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	7
ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	1023

#### 

#### TwinSAFE address

Each TwinSAFE address may only be used once within a network / a configuration! The address 0 is not a valid TwinSAFE address!

### 5.4.6 Creating a safety project in TwinCAT 3

#### Further documentation

Information on TwinSAFE function blocks, groups and connections can be found in the *TwinSAFE Logic FB* documentation on the Beckhoff website under <u>http://www.beckhoff.com/english/download/twinsafe.htm</u>.

#### 5.4.6.1 Add new item

In TwinCAT 3 a new project can be created via Add New Item... in the context menu of the Safety node.

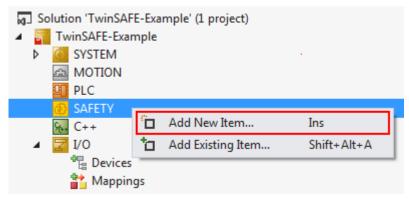


Fig. 15: Creating a safety project - Add New Item

The project name and the directory can be freely selected.

Add New Item - TwinSAFE	-Example	<u>୧</u> ×
▲ Installed	Sort by: Default	Search Installed Templates (Ctrl+E) 👂 🗸
TwinCAT Safety Project Online	TwinCAT Default Safety Project TwinCA	T Safety Project TwinCAT Safety Project Creates a new default safety project.
v Online	TwinCAT Empty Safety Project TwinCA	T Safety Project
<u>N</u> ame: Safety_proje	rt_1	
Location: c:\TwinSAFE	-Example\	Browse Add Cancel

Fig. 16: Creating a safety project - project name and directory

#### 5.4.6.2 TwinCAT Safety Project Wizard

In the TwinCAT Safety Project wizard you can then select the target system, the programming language, the author and the internal project name. Select the setting *Hardware Safety PLC* as the target system and the graphical editor as the programming language. The author and the internal project name can be freely selected by the user.

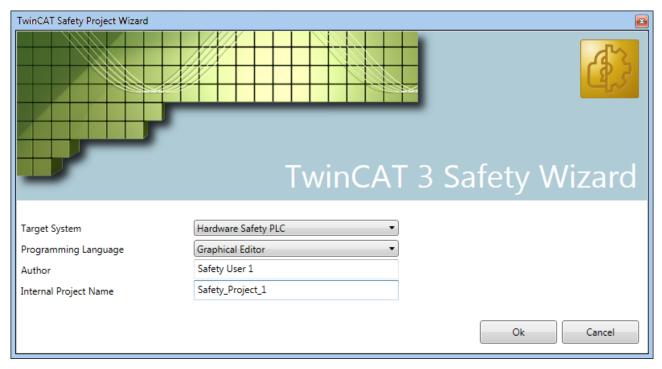


Fig. 17: TwinCAT Safety Project Wizard

#### 5.4.6.3 Target System

Once the project has been created with the project wizard, the safety project can be assigned to the physical TwinSAFE terminal EL6910 by selecting the *Target System* node.

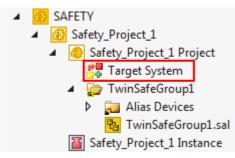


Fig. 18: Selecting the Target System node

Set the target system to EL6910 via the drop-down list and link it with the EL6910 terminal via the Link

button next to *Physical Device*. If online ADS access to the terminal is possible, the software version, serial number, online project CRC and hardware address are automatically read from the terminal. The hardware address must match the *Safe Address* set by the user.

# **BECKHOFF**

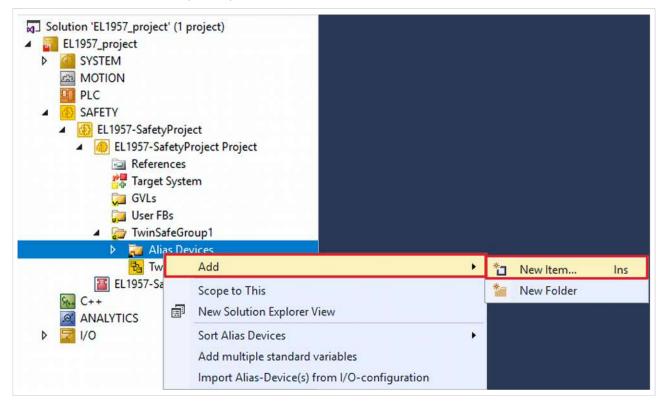
Target System: Physical Device:		TwinCAT System Manager Process Image Connection Info Data
Software Version	Device is an external device	Show Input/Output Data as byte array (old configuration)
Serial Number:	374631	
Project CRC: Map Serial Numb	0x0000 er: Map Project CRC:	
Version Number:		
Safe Address:	559	
Hardware Addres	ss: 559 🥩 😭	
Teminal View:	On 12345678910 Off 1999 1999 1999	
AmsNetId:	5.32.183.242.2.1	
AmsPort:	1009	

Fig. 19: Linking of target system and TwinSAFE terminal

#### 5.4.6.4 Alias devices

The communication between the safety logic and the I/O level is realized via an alias level. At this alias level (sub-node *Alias Devices*) corresponding alias devices are created for all safe inputs and outputs, and also for standard signal types. For the safe inputs and outputs, this can be done automatically via the I/O configuration.

The connection- and device-specific parameters are set via the alias devices.



If the automatic import is started from the I/O configuration, a selection dialog opens, in which the individual terminals to be imported can be selected.



Select from I/O tree	
<ul> <li>Device 1 (EtherCAT) [EtherCAT Master]</li> <li>Term 3 (EK1100) [EK1100 EtherCAT Coupler (2A E-Bus)]</li> <li>Term 5 (EL2904) [EL2904, 4 Ch. Safety Output 24V, 0.5A, TwinSAFE]</li> <li>Module 1 (FSOES)</li> <li>Term 7 (EL1904) [EL1904, 4 Ch. Safety Input 24V, TwinSAFE]</li> <li>Module 1 (FSOES)</li> </ul>	
Select All Select None OK Cancel	

Fig. 20: Selection from the I/O tree

The alias devices are created in the safety project when the dialog is closed via OK.

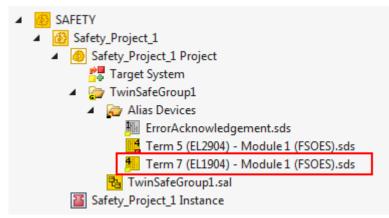
Alternatively, the user can create the alias devices individually. To this end select *Add* and *New* item from the context menu, followed by the required device.

Add New Item - SafetyProject				? 💌
▲ Installed	Sort by:	Default 🔹 🎬 📃		Search Installed Templates (Ctrl+E) 🔎 🕶
Standard Safety	4 di	igital inputs	Safety	<b>Type:</b> Safety Alias device for 4 digital inputs on
<ul> <li>EtherCAT</li> <li>Beckhoff Automation GmbH</li> </ul>	4 di	igital outputs	Safety	EtherCAT.
KBus PROFIsafe	6 di	igital inputs	Safety	
Online	2 di	igital inputs and 2 digital outputs	Safety	
	AX	5805 Drive Option Card (1 axis, up to FW 4)	Safety	
	AX	5805 Drive Option Card (2 axes, up to FW 4)	Safety	
	AX.	5805 Drive Option Card (1 axis, FW 5)	Safety	
	AX	5805 Drive Option Card (2 axes, FW 5)	Safety	
	EK1	960 (Compact Controller)	Safety	
	0x0	000139D - TSC (EL5021-0090)	Safety	
Name: 4 digital i	nputs_1.sds			Add Cancel

Fig. 21: Creating alias devices by the user

#### 5.4.6.5 Parameterization of the alias device

The settings can be opened by double-clicking on the Alias Device in the safety project structure.



#### Fig. 22: Alias Device in the safety project structure

The *Linking* tab contains the FSoE address, the checkbox for setting as *External Device* and the link to the physical I/O device. If an ADS online connection to the physical I/O device exists, the DIP switch setting is

displayed. Re-reading of the setting can be started via the button in the links to the EL6910/EJ6910 process image are displayed under *Full Name (input)* and *Full Name (output)*.

Linking	Connection	Safety Parameters	Process Image	
FSoE Address:			Device	is an external device: 🔲
Physical Device:		IID^Device 1 (EtherCA	T)^Term 3 (EK110	00)^Term 7 (EL1904)^M 🔀 📑
Dip Switc	h: 5	. 🥩		
Full Name	e (input): T	IID^Device 1 (EtherCA	T)^Term 3 (EK110	00)^Term 4 (EL6910)^C( 📰
Full Name	e (output): T	IID^Device 1 (EtherCA	T)^Term 3 (EK110	00)^Term 4 (EL6910)^C( 📰

Fig. 23: Links to EL6910/EJ6910 process image

The Connection tab shows the connection-specific parameters.

Linking	Conne	ction	Safety Parameters	Proc	ess Image			
Connec Conn-N	ction Set lo:	ttings 2			Connection COM ERF	ables		
Conn-lo Mode:			master	+ -	Info Data Map S		Map Inputs	
Watchd	_	100 Ilt (Fail	Safe Data) is COM E	RR				

Fig. 24: Connection-specific parameters

Parameter		User inter- action re- quired
Conn. no.	Connection number - automatically assigned by the TwinCAT system	No

Parameter	Description	User inter- action re- quired
Conn ID	Connection ID: preallocated by the system, but can be changed by the user. A Conn ID must be unique within a configuration. Duplicate connection IDs result in an error message.	Check
Mode	FSoE master: EL6910/EJ6910 is FSoE master for this device. FSoE slave: EL6910/EJ6910 is FSoE slave for this device.	Check
Watchdog	Watchdog time for this connection. A ComError is generated if the device fails to return a valid telegram to the EL6910/EJ6910 within the watchdog time.	Yes
Module Fault is ComError	This checkbox is used to specify the behavior in the event of an error. If the checkbox is ticked and a module error occurs on the Alias Device, this also leads to a connection error and therefore to disabling of the TwinSAFE group, in which this connection is defined.	Yes
ComErrAck	If ComErrAck is linked to a variable, the connection must be reset via this signal in the event of a communication error.	Yes
Info data	The info data to be shown in the process image of the EL6910/EJ6910 can be defined via these checkboxes. Further information can be found in the documentation for <i>TwinCAT function blocks for TwinSAFE Logic terminals</i> .	Yes

The EL6910/EJ6910 support activation of a ComErrAck at each connection. If this signal is connected, the respective connection must be reset after a communication error via the signal ComErrAck, in addition to the

ErrAck of the TwinSAFE group. This signal is linked via the link button in the COM ERR Ack. The following dialog can be used for selecting an alias device. The signal can be cancelled via the *Clear* button in the *Map to* dialog.

Map to	<b>X</b>
<ul> <li>Safety_Project_1</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li>Alias Devices</li> <li>ComErrAck - Connection 1</li> <li>Channel 1</li> <li>In</li> </ul>	Standard I/Os Local group Other groups Usage Unused only Used and unused Direction In Out
Clear	OK Cancel

Fig. 25: Selecting an alias device

The safety parameters matching the device are displayed under the *Safety Parameters* tab. They have to be set correctly to match the required performance level. Further information can be found in the TwinSAFE application manual.

Linking	Connect	ion	Safety Parameters	Proce	ess Image	
Inc	lex		Name		Value	Unit
<b>4</b> 8000	:0	FS (	Operating Mode		>1<	
800	00:01	Ope	rating Mode		digital (0)	
<b>4</b> 8001:	:0	FS S	Sensor Test		>5<	
800	01:01	Sensor test Channel 1 active			TRUE (1)	
800	01:02	Sensor test Channel 2 active			TRUE (1)	
800	01:03	Sensor test Channel 3 active			TRUE (1)	
800	01:04	Sensor test Channel 4 active			TRUE (1)	
<b>4</b> 8002	:0	FS Logic of Input pairs		>5<		
800	02:01	Log	ic of Channel 1 and 2		single logic ch	
800	02:03	Log	ic of Channel 3 and 4		single logic ch	
Edit						

Fig. 26: Safety parameter for the device

#### 5.4.6.6 Connection to AX5805/AX5806

There are separate dialogs for linking an AX5805 or AX5806 TwinSAFE Drive option card, which can be used to set the safety functions of the AX5000 safety drive options.

Creating and opening of an alias device for an AX5805 results in five tabs; the *Linking*, *Connection* and *Safety Parameters* tabs are identical to other alias devices.

Drive Option Card(	2 axes, FW 5)_1.sds 😐 🗙
Linking Connecti	on Safety Parameters General AX5805 Settings Process Image
FSoE Address:	1 Linking Mode: Automatic
Physical Device:	TIID^Device 1 (EtherCAT)^Drive 5 (AX5206-0000-0203)^Term 6 (, 🔀 💻
Dip Switch:	n.a. 😂
Full Name (input):	TIID^Device 1 (EtherCAT)^Term 1 (EK1100)^Term 2 (EL6900)^C(
Full Name (output):	TIID^Device 1 (EtherCAT)^Term 1 (EK1100)^Term 2 (EL6900)^C(

Fig. 27: AX5000 safety drive functions

The *General AX5805 Settings* tab can be used to set the motor string and the SMS and SMA functions for one or two axes, depending on the added alias device.

# BECKHOFF

Drive Option Card(2 a	xes, FW 5)_1.sds + 😕	(		-
Linking Connection	Safety Parameters	General AX5805 Settings	Process Image	_
Axis1				
Motor String:	AM8021-xD0x			
Maximum Values:	SMS	SMA		
Axis2				
Motor String:	AM8023-x0F0			
Maximum Values:	SMS	SMA		

Fig. 28: AX5000 safety drive options - general AX5805 settings

The Process Image tab can be used to set the different safety functions for the AX5805.

puts						1.0	Output	s					
Nessage Size: 1	1 Byte	es (4 By	tes Safe [	Data)	•		Mess	age Size:	11 By	tes (4 l	Bytes Safe	Data)	•
Name			osition					Name			Position		
Axis 1 STO	BIT	0.1	0.0				Avie	1 STO	BI		0.0		
Axis 1 SSM(1)	BIT	0.1	0.1					1 SS1(1)			0.1		
Axis 1 SSM(2)	BIT	0.1	0.2					1 SS2(1)			0.2		
Axis 1 SOS(1)	BIT	0.1	0.3		1			1 SOS(1)			0.3		
Axis 1 SSR(1)	BIT	0.1	0.4		1			1 SSR(1)			0.4		
Axis 1 SDIp	BIT	0.1	0.5		1			1 SDIp			0.5		
Axis 1 SDIn	BIT	0.1	0.6					1 SDIn	BIT		0.6		
Axis 1 Error_Ack	BIT	0.1	0.7				Axis	1 Error_A	ck BI1	0.1	0.7		
		0.1	1.0					-		0.1	1.0		
		0.1	1.1							0.1	1.1		
		0.1	1.2							0.1	1.2		
		0.1	1.3		1					0.1	1.3		
		0.1	1.4							0.1	1.4		
		0.1	1.5							0.1	1.5		
		0.1	1.6		_					0.1	1.6		_
		0.1	17		Ψ.					0.1	17		Υ.

Fig. 29: AX5000 safety drive options - Process Image

The parameters under the *General AX5805 Settings* and *Process Image* tabs are identical to the parameters under the *Safety Parameters* tab. Offers user-friendly display and editing of the parameters. The parameters under the *Safety Parameters* tab can also be edited.

The parameters for this function can be set by selecting a function in the inputs or outputs and pressing the *Edit* button. New safety functions can be added in the process image by selecting an empty field (---) and pressing *Edit*.

The parameter list corresponding to the safety function can be shown; in addition, an optional diagram of the function can be shown. At present the diagram is still static and does not show the currently selected values.

# BECKHOFF

Linking Connection Safety Parameters Inputs Message Size: 11 Bytes (4 Bytes Safe Da	Configure I/O element(s)	
Name Type Size Position Axis 1 STO BIT 0.1 0.0	Function: 0x66E0 Axis 1 SSM    Instance  Function Diagram	e: 1 🔹
Axis 1 SSM(1)         BIT         0.1         0.1           Axis 1 SSM(2)         BIT         0.1         0.1           Axis 1 SSM(2)         BIT         0.1         0.2           Axis 1 SOS(1)         BIT         0.1         0.3           Axis 1 SOS(1)         BIT         0.1         0.3           Axis 1 SOS(1)         BIT         0.1         0.3           Axis 1 SDIp         BIT         0.1         0.4           Axis 1 SDIp         BIT         0.1         0.5           Axis 1 SDIn         BIT         0.1         0.6           Axis 1 Error_Ack         BIT         0.1         0.7            0.1         1.0         0.7            0.1         1.1         0.7            0.1         1.2         0.1         1.2            0.1         1.3         0.1         1.4            0.1         1.5         0.1         1.6	n_UL_SSM_1 n_LL_SSM_2	
Edit Natch 1 Expression A	lication	Unit

Fig. 30: AX5000 safety drive options - Function Diagram

### 5.4.6.7 External connection

An external *Custom FSoE Connection* can be created for a connection to a further EL69x0, EJ6910, KL6904 or third-party device. If a dedicated ESI file exists for a third-party device, the device is listed as a selectable safety device, and the *Custom FSoE Connection* option is not required.

Add New Item - Safe	etyProject				? X
▲ Installed		Sort by: Default	·	Search Installed Templates (Ct	rl+E) 🔑 -
Standard Safety EtherCAT Beckhoff Aut KBus PROFIsafe Online	tomation GmbH	Custom FSoE Co	nnection Safe	ty Type: Safety Alias device for a custom FSc to an external device.	E connection
Name:	Custom FSoE Co	onnection_2.sds		Add	Cancel

Fig. 31: Creating an external connection (Custom FSoE Connection)

Before the connection can be used and linked further, the process image size must be parameterized. This can be set under the *Process Image* tab. Suitable data types for different numbers of safety data are provided in the dropdown lists for the input and output parameters.

_inking Inputs	Connect	ion	Proce	ess Ir	nage			 Outputs						
-	ige Size: (	11 B	ytes (4	4 Byte	es Safe	e Data)	•	Message Size:	11 6	Bytes	(4 Byte	es Saf	e Data)	•
	Name		Туре	Size	Posi			Name					Data) Data)	
Safe [	Data Byte	0[0]	BIT	0.1	0.0			Safe Data Byte	111	Bytes	(4 Byte	es Saf	e Data)	
Safe [	Data Byte	0[1]	BIT	0.1	0.1			Safe Data Byte	15 E	Bytes	(6 Byte	es Saf	e Data)	
Safe [	Data Byte	0[2]	BIT	0.1	0.2			Safe Data Byte						
Safe [	Data Byte	0[3]	BIT	0.1	0.3			Safe Data Byte	23 6	Bytes	(10 By	tes Sa	afe Data)	
Safe [	Data Byte	0[4]	BIT	0.1	0.4			Safe Data Byte	271	Bytes	(12 By	tes Sa	ate Data)	ł
Safe [	Data Byte	0[5]	BIT	0.1	0.5			Safe Data Byte	0	sytes	(14 By	tes Sa	ate Data)	
Safe [	Data Byte	0[6]	BIT	0.1	0.6			Safe Data Byte	0[6]	BIT	0.1	0.6		
Safe [	Data Byte	0[7]	BIT	0.1	0.7			Safe Data Byte	0[7]	BIT	0.1	0.7		
Safe [	Data Byte	1[0]	BIT	0.1	1.0			Safe Data Byte	1[0]	BIT	0.1	1.0		
Safe [	Data Byte	1[1]	BIT	0.1	1.1			Safe Data Byte	1[1]	BIT	0.1	1.1		
Safe [	Data Byte	1[2]	BIT	0.1	1.2			Safe Data Byte	1[2]	BIT	0.1	1.2		
Safe [	Data Byte	1[3]	BIT	0.1	1.3			Safe Data Byte	1[3]	BIT	0.1	1.3		
Safe [	Data Byte	1[4]	BIT	0.1	1.4			Safe Data Byte	1[4]	BIT	0.1	1.4		
Safe [	Data Byte	1[5]	BIT	0.1	1.5			Safe Data Byte	1[5]	BIT	0.1	1.5		
	Data Byte		BIT	0.1	1.6		-	Safe Data Byte			0.1	1.6		-
Ed	lit	ודיו	DIT	0.1	17			Edit	1171	DIT	0.1	17	100 C	

Fig. 32: Parameterization of the process image size

Once the size is selected, the individual signals within the telegram can be renamed, so that a corresponding plain text is displayed when these signals are used in the logic. If the signals are not renamed, the default name is displayed in the editor (Safe Data Byte 0[0], ...).

Linking Connection	Process Image	
Inputs		Outputs
Message Size: 11 E	Bytes (4 Bytes Safe [	Data)  • Message Size: 11 Bytes (4 Bytes Safe Data) •
Name	Type Size Posi	Name Type Size Posi
EStop 1 (external)	BIT 0.1 0.0	Safe Data Byte 0[0] BIT 0.1 0.0
Safe Data Byte 0[1]	BIT 0.1 0.1	M Configure I/O element
Safe Data Byte 0[2]	BIT 0.1 0.2	Configure I/O element
Safe Data Byte 0[3]	BIT 0.1 0.3	Name: Safe Data Byte 0[1]
Safe Data Byte 0[4]	BIT 0.1 0.4	Name: Sale Data byte 0[1]
Safe Data Byte 0[5]	BIT 0.1 0.5	Data Type: BIT 1 Bit(s) 🔻
Safe Data Byte 0[6]	BIT 0.1 0.6	
Safe Data Byte 0[7]	BIT 0.1 0.7	
Safe Data Byte 1[0]	BIT 0.1 1.0	Ok Cancel
Safe Data Byte 1[1]	BIT 0.1 1.1	
Safe Data Byte 1[2]	BIT 0.1 1.2	Safe Data Byte 1[2] BIT 0.1 1.2
Safe Data Byte 1[3]	BIT 0.1 1.3	Safe Data Byte 1[3] BIT 0.1 1.3
Safe Data Byte 1[4]	BIT 0.1 1.4	Safe Data Byte 1[4] BIT 0.1 1.4
Safe Data Byte 1[5]	BIT 0.1 1.5	Safe Data Byte 1[5] BIT 0.1 1.5
Safe Data Byte 1[6]		Safe Data Byte 1[6] BIT 0.1 1.6
Edit	DIT 01 17	Edit
Edit		

Fig. 33: Renaming the individual signals within the telegram

The connection is linked under the *Linking* tab. The Link button next to *Full Name (input)* and *Full Name (output)* can be used to select the corresponding variable.

Linking Connecti	on Process Image
Safe Address:	7 Device is an external device:
Physical Device:	
Dip Switch:	
Full Name (input):	K1100)^Term 4 (EL6910)^ConnectionInputs^Message_4 TxPD0
Full Name (output):	1100)^Term 4 (EL6910)^ConnectionOutputs^Message_4 RxPDO 🏼 🛃

Fig. 34: Selecting the variables

This can be a PLC variable, for example, which is then forwarded to the remote device or can be linked directly with the process image of an EtherCAT Terminal (e.g. EL69x0 or EL6695).

ВЕСКИЛЬС
----------

Attach Variable Message_4 TxPDO (Input)	×
Search:	<ul> <li>Show Variables</li> <li>Unused</li> <li>Used and unused</li> <li>Exclude disabled</li> <li>Exclude same Image</li> <li>Show Tooltips</li> <li>Sort by Address</li> <li>Show Variable Types</li> <li>Matching Type</li> <li>Matching Size</li> <li>All Types</li> <li>Array Mode</li> <li>Offsets</li> <li>Continuous</li> <li>Show Dialog</li> <li>Variable Name</li> <li>Hand over</li> <li>Take over</li> </ul>
	111

Fig. 35: Direct linking with the process image of an EtherCAT Terminal

Further information can be found in the TwinCAT documentation for the variable selection dialog.

The Connection tab is used to set the connection-specific parameters.

Linking Con	nection Process Image			
Connection S	Settings		Connection Variable	8
Conn-No:	3		COM ERR Ack:	
Conn-Id:	4	+	lafa Data	
Mode:	FSoE master	•	Info Data Map State	Map Inputs
Type:	None	•	Map Diag	Map Outputs
Watchdog:	100			
Module F	ault (Fail Safe Data) is COM	ERR		
Safe Parame	eters			
Appl. Param.	: 0101FF10			
_	64 00 (100) am. Length: 04 00 (4)			
02 00 64 ff 10	00 04 00 01 01	-		

Fig. 36: Connection-specific parameters

Detailed information about the individual settings can be found in the following table.

Parameter	Description	User inter- action re- quired
Conn. no.	Connection number: is automatically assigned by the TwinCAT system	No
Conn ID	Connection ID: preallocated by the system, but can be changed by the user. A Conn ID must be unique within a configuration. Duplicate connection IDs result in an error message	Check
Mode	FSoE master: EL6910/EJ6910 is FSoE master for this device. FSoE slave: EL6910/EJ6910 is FSoE slave for this device.	Check
Туре	None: Setting for third-party equipment, for which no ESI file is available. KL6904: Setting for KL6904 (safety parameter inactive) EL69XX: Setting for EL6900/EL6930/EL6910/EJ6910 (safety parameter inactive)	Yes
Watchdog	Watchdog time for this connection: A ComError is generated, if the device fails to return a valid telegram to the EL6910 within the watchdog time.	Yes
Module Fault is ComError	This checkbox is used to specify the behavior in the event of an error. If the checkbox is ticked and a module error occurs on the Alias Device, this also leads to a connection error and therefore to disabling of the TwinSAFE group, in which this connection is defined.	Yes
Safe Parameters (Appl. Param)	Device-specific parameters: The parameter length is automatically calculated from the number of characters that is entered. This information will typically be provided by the device manufacturer.	Yes
ComErrAck	If ComErrAck is linked to a variable, the connection must be reset via this signal in the event of a communication error.	Yes
Info data	The info data to be shown in the process image of the EL6910/EJ6910 can be defined via these checkboxes. Further information can be found in the documentation for <i>TwinCAT function blocks for TwinSAFE Logic terminals</i> .	Yes

#### 5.4.6.8 Creating the safety application

The safety application is realized in the SAL worksheet pertaining to the TwinSAFE group (SAL - **S**afety **A**pplication Language).

The toolbox provides all the function blocks available on the EL6910/EJ6910.

# BECKHOFF

Toolbo	x	• 🕂 🗙	Toolbox		₹ Ф
Search	Toolbox	<u>-</u> م	Search	Toolbox	8
I Fund	tionBlocks (boolean)		I Func	tionBlocks (integer)	
h.	Pointer		k	Pointer	
8	safeAnd		+	safeAdd	
2	safeConnShutdown		$\mathcal{O}$	safeCamMonitor	
	safeDecouple		2 T	safeCompare	
°.	safeEdm		+	safeCounter	
<b>e</b>	safeEstop		÷	safeDiv	
5 <mark>5</mark>	safeMon		)	safeEnvelope	
8-5	safeMuting		×	safeLimit	
Ċ.	safeOpmode		#	safeLoadSensing	
21	safeOr		*	safeMul	
2	safeRs		62	safeScaling	
2	safeSr		Ø,	safeSLI	
ণ্ট	safeTof		8	safeSpeed	
C'	safeTon		-	safeSub	
32	safeTwohand			safeViolationCNT	

Fig. 37: Function blocks available for EL6910/EJ6910

The function blocks can be moved from the toolbox into the SAL worksheet via drag and drop. Variables can be created by clicking next to a function block input or output, which can then be linked with alias devices in the *Variable Mapping* dialog.

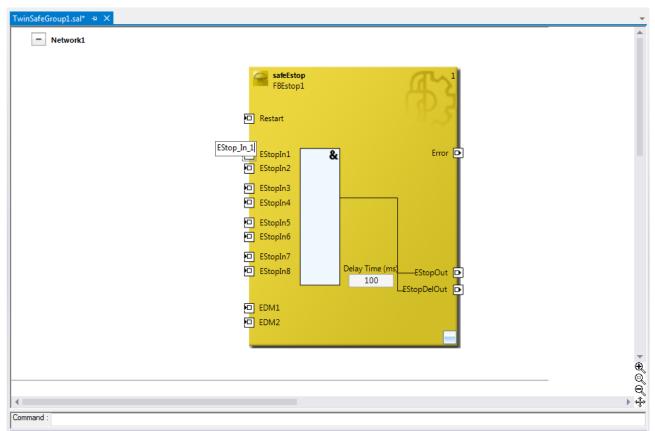


Fig. 38: Function block on the SAL worksheet

Once the pointer connector **Pointer** has been selected from the toolbox, connections between the input and output ports of the function blocks can be dragged with the mouse.

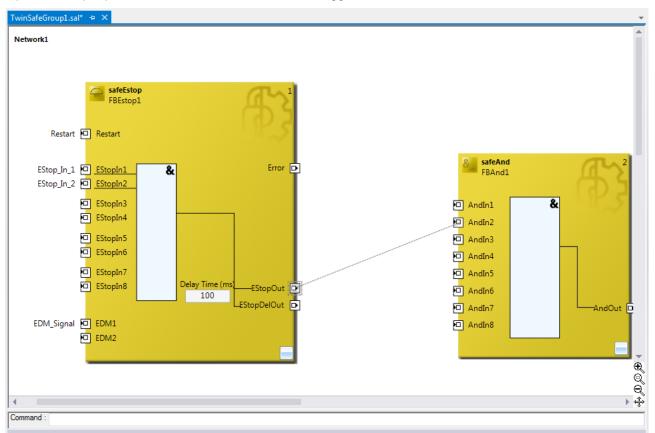


Fig. 39: Dragging a connection between two function blocks

# BECKHOFF

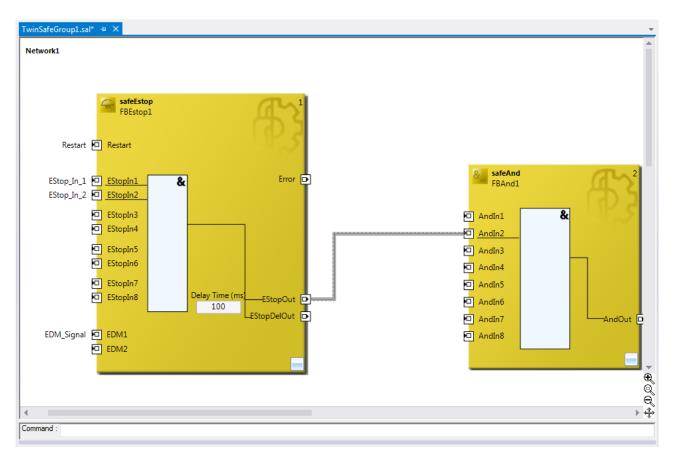


Fig. 40: Connection between two function blocks

#### 5.4.6.9 Networks

For structuring the safety application, several networks can be created within a sal worksheet. Right-click in the worksheet and select *Add After* and *Network* or *Add Before* and *Network* to create a network after or before the current network.

	Add After	•	Network
	Add Before	•	
	Autolayout	•	
	Show Page Break Preview	•	
	Show Online Value		
	Change Execution Order of FBs		
×	Delete	Del	
	Validate		
	Validate All		
ų	Properties	Alt+Enter	

Fig. 41: Creating a network

The instance path to the FB port to be linked can be specified, in order to exchange signals between the networks. The instance path consists of the network name, the FB name and the FB port, each separated by a dot. The input of the instance path is case-sensitive.

<Network name>.<FB name>.<FB port name>

Sample: Network1.FBEstop1.EStopIn3

Alternatively, Change Link can be selected by opening the context menus next to the FB port.

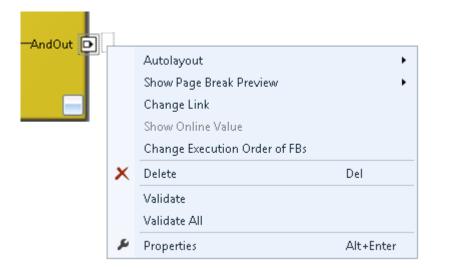


Fig. 42: Change Link

This function opens a dialog for selecting a suitable FB port.

Map to	
<ul> <li>SafetyProject</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li>Module Fault</li> <li>Network1</li> </ul>	Function block ports Local group Other groups Group ports
<ul> <li>Image: Second Sec</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Local group</li> <li>Other groups</li> <li>Usage</li> <li>Unused only</li> <li>Used and unused</li> </ul>
Clear	Direction O In O Out OK Cancel

Fig. 43: Dialog for selecting a suitable FB port

Once the link has been created on one side of the connection, the link is automatically set/displayed on the opposite side.

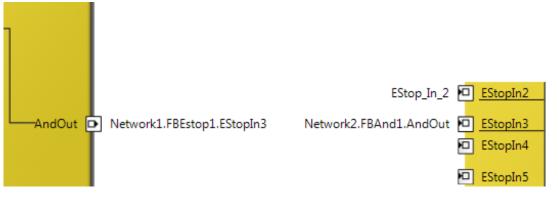


Fig. 44: Link display

### 5.4.6.10 TwinSAFE groups

It makes sense to create TwinSAFE groups in cases where different machine safety zones are to realize, or simply in order to separate the fault behavior. Within a group, a FB or connection error (here: alias device) leads to a group error and therefore to switching off all outputs for this group. If an error output of an FB is set, it will be forwarded as a logical 1 signal.

A group can be created by opening the context menu of the safety project and selecting Add and New Item....

Add New Iten	n - Safety_Projec	t_1					? ×
▲ Installed		Sort by:	Default	Ŧ	₩[		Search Installed Templates (Ctrl+E)
Group D Online		SAL	TwinSafeGroup		Gro	цр	<b>Type:</b> Group Creates a new group in a TwinSafe project.
Name:	TwinSafeGroup2						Add Cancel

Fig. 45: Creating a TwinSAFE group

Like the first group, the group of a subitem for the alias devices and a sal worksheet.

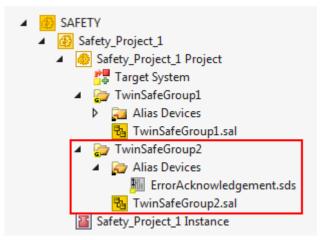


Fig. 46: Components of the TwinSAFE group

The instance path to the FB port to be linked can be specified, in order to exchange signals between the groups. The instance path consists of the group name, the FB name and the FB port, each separated by a dot. The input of the instance path is case-sensitive.

<group name>.<network name>.<FB name>.<FB port name>

Sample: TwinSafeGroup1.Network1.FBEstop1.EStopIn3

Alternatively, Change Link can be selected by opening the context menus next to the FB port.

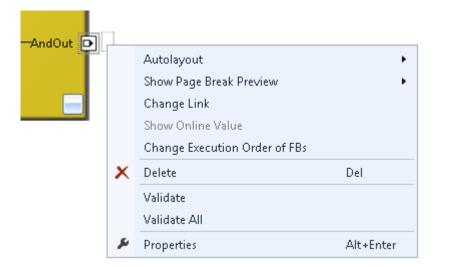


Fig. 47: Change Link

This function opens a dialog for selecting a suitable FB port.

Map to	
<ul> <li>SafetyProject</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li>Network1</li> <li>FBAnd2</li> <li>FBEstop1</li> <li>Restart</li> <li>EStopIn1</li> <li>EStopIn2</li> <li>EStopIn3</li> <li>EStopIn4</li> <li>EStopIn5</li> <li>EStopIn6</li> <li>EStopIn7</li> <li>EStopIn8</li> <li>EDM1</li> <li>EDM2</li> <li>Metwork2</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup2</li> </ul>	Function block ports
Clear	OK Cancel

Fig. 48: Dialog for selecting a suitable FB port

Once the link has been created on one side of the connection, the link is automatically set/displayed on the opposite side.

## BECKHOFF

		EStop_In_2	EStopIn2
		TwinSafeGroup2.Network1	EStopIn3
AndOut	TwinSafeGroup1.Network1		EStopIn4
	TwinSafeGroup1.Network1.FBEstop1.EStopIn3	TwinSafeGroup2.Network1.F	FBAnd1.AndOut

Fig. 49: Link display

Т

#### 5.4.6.11 Variables of the TwinSAFE group

The inputs and outputs of the TwinSAFE groups are consolidated under the *Group Ports* tab of the *Variable Mapping* dialog.

#### Group inputs EL6910/EJ6910

For a project to be valid, as a minimum the signals *Run/Stop* and *ErrAck* must be linked.

ariables Grou	ip Ports	Replacement Values Max Start Deviation
Group Port	Direction	Alias Port
Err Ack	input	ErrorAck.In (TwinSafeGroup2)
Run/Stop	input	Run.In (TwinSafeGroup2)
Module Fault	input	_
Com Err	output	_
FB Err	output	_
Out Err	output	_
Other Err	output	_
Com Startup	output	_
FB Deactive	output	_
FB Run	output	_
In Run	output	

#### Safety Project Online View Variable Mapping Error List Output

#### Fig. 50: The Variable Mapping dialog

Group Port	Direction	Description	
Err Ack	IN	Error Acknowledge for resetting errors within the group - Signal must be linked with a standard variable	
Run/Stop	IN	1 - Run; 0 – Stop - Signal must be linked with a standard variable	
Module Fault	IN	Input for an error output of another module that is connected, e.g. EK1960	

# BECKHOFF

Group Port	Direction	Description	
Com Err	OUT	Communication error in one of the connections	
FB Err	OUT	Error at one of the FBs used	
Out Err	OUT	not used	
Other Err	OUT	ModuleFault OR AnalogValueFault OR WaitComTimeoutFault	
Com Startup	OUT	JT At least one of the connections of this group is in startup	
FB Deactive         OUT         The group was deactivated. (See also chapter <u>Customizing / di</u> <u>TwinSAFE groups [▶ 121]</u> )		The group was deactivated. (See also chapter <u>Customizing / disabling</u> <u>TwinSAFE groups [▶ 121]</u> )	
FB Run	FB Run OUT FBs of the TwinSAFE group are processed		
In Run	n Run OUT TwinSAFE group is in RUN state		

#### **Group State**

Value	Status	Description	
1	RUN	Input RUN=1, no error in the group, and all connections have started up without error	
2	STOP	Input RUN = 0	
4	ERROR	Group is in error, see Diagnostic information	
5	RESET	After an error has occurred, all errors have been rectified and the Err Acl signal is 1	
6	START	The group remains in this state as long as not all connections have started up after the start of the group (RUN=1)	
7	STOPERROR	When the group is started or initialized, it assumes the STOPERROR status if the TwinSAFE connections are assigned to the group.	
		The group switches from STOPERROR state into ERROR state if the Run input is TRUE.	
16	DEACTIVE	Group was deactivated via customizing	
17	WAITCOMERROR	This state is set when the customizing function "Passivate" is selected and the system waits for ComError of the group	

#### **Group Diag**

Value	Status	Description	
0	-	No error	
1	FBERROR	at least one FB is in ERROR state	
2	COMERROR	at least one connection is faulty	
3	MODULEERROR	the input ModuleFault is 1	
4	CMPERROR	On startup, at least one analog FB input deviates from the last saved value (Power-On Analog Value Check Error)	
5	DEACTIVATE ERROR	In "passivate manual control unit" mode the timeout has elapsed while waiting for the COM error	
6	RESTARTERROR	The TwinSAFE Logic program was restarted because the EtherCAT connection was restarted or a user logged in without reloading the TwinSAFE Logic program (or parts of it).	

#### 5.4.6.12 Order of the TwinSAFE groups

The order of the groups can be changed, in order to realize a defined processing sequence of the safety application.

To this end, select the entry *Edit TwinSAFE Group Order* via the node menu of the safety project node. A dialog opens, in which the order of the groups can be changed. The individual groups do not necessarily have to be numbered in consecutive ascending order. The numbering can contain gaps.

Ē	Scope to This New Solution Explorer View	
	Build Dependencies	•
	Add	•
	Edit TwinSAFE Group Order	
	Check Safe Addresses	
	Generate Documentation	
	Export Project (as xml file)	
	Export Project (as bin file)	
×	Remove	Del
\$	Open Folder in File Explorer	
ų	Properties	Alt+Enter

Fig. 51: Context menu Edit TwinSAFE Group Order

The current group order is shown in the column *Current Value*. The new order is specified by entering a value in the column *New Value*, followed by *OK*.

Change Execution Order of Ty	winSAFE Groups				
TwinSAFE Group	Current Value	New Value			
Group1	0	0			
Group2	1	1			
Group3	2	2			
OK Cancel					

Fig. 52: Dialog Change Execution Order of TwinSAFE Groups

#### 5.4.6.13 Command line

The command line below the SAL worksheet can be used to enter commands for executing functions.

L	EStop_In_1	EStopIn1	&	Error 🖸	
l	EStop_In_2	EStopIn2			
	TwinSafeGroup2.Network1	EStopIn3 EStopIn4			• <del>C</del> OO
	<b>€</b>				<ul> <li>▶ ⊕</li> </ul>
	Command :				

Fig. 53: The command line below the SAL worksheet

Currently the commands listed in the following table are supported.

Command	Description
FBNAME FB_INSTANCENAME NETWORKNAME;	Adding a function block Sample: safeAnd FBAnd1 Network1
FB_INSTANCENAME->PORTNAME =	Creating a variable mapping
VARIABLE_NAME;	Sample: FBAnd1->AndIn1 = testVariable
FB_INSTANCENAME->PORTNAME =	Creating a connection between two FBs
FB_INSTANCENAME->PORTNAME;	Sample: FBAnd1->AndIn1 = FBOr1->OrOut;

#### 5.4.6.14 FB port properties

The behavior of the inputs can be parameterized by opening the properties for the upper input of an input pair or an individual input of the function block. For an input group, such as the function block ESTOP, the individual inputs to be activated or deactivated, and single- or two-channel evaluation can be set.

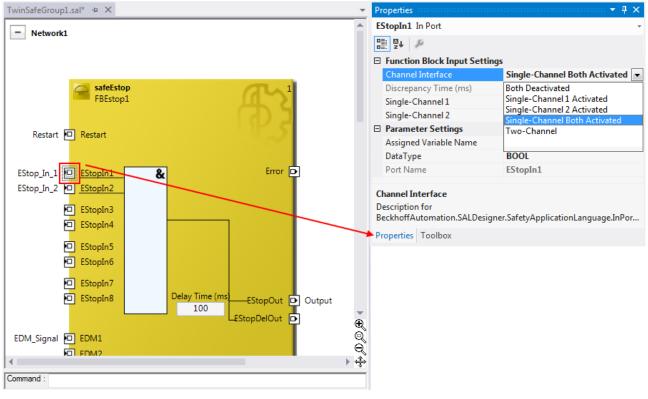


Fig. 54: FB port properties

Channel Interface	Description
Both Deactivated Both inputs are deactivated	
Single-Channel 1 Activated	Channel 1: Single-channel evaluation
	Channel 2: deactivated
Single-Channel 2 Activated	Channel 1: deactivated
	Channel 2: Single-channel evaluation
Single-Channel Both Activated	Channel 1: Single-channel evaluation
	Channel 2: Single-channel evaluation
Two-Channel	Both inputs are activated, and two-channel evaluation with <i>Discrepancy Time (ms)</i>

If the *Two-Channel* evaluation is enabled, the corresponding *Discrepancy time (ms)* can be set in milliseconds. For each input there is a setting to indicate whether the input should be evaluated as *Break Contact (NC)* or *Make Contact (NO)*. When a variable or a connecting line is connected to the function block, the corresponding channel is enabled automatically.

Properties concentration		Ψ×
EStopIn1 In Port		Ŧ
Function Block Inpu	Settings	
Channel Interface	Two-Channel	
Discrepancy Time (m	) 1000	
Single-Channel 1	Break Contact (NC)	
Single-Channel 2	Break Contact (NC)	-
Parameter Settings	Break Contact (NC)	
Assigned Variable Na	ne Make Contact (NO)	
DataType		
Port Name		

Fig. 55: Make Contact (NO) / Break Contact (NC) setting

These settings are also accessible for each individual port of an FB via the context menu item *Change InPort Settings*.

E	Re	safeMon FBMon1 estart		
E	T M	Autolayout	Error	
E				
F		Show Page Break Preview	•	
E		Change Link		
٦		Show Online Value		
		Change Execution Order of FBs		
Ε		Change InPort Settings		
Ε	ж	Cut	Ctrl+X	
	Ū,	Сору	Ctrl+C	5
	Ô	Paste	Ctrl+V	5
_	×	Delete	Del	ľ
E F		Validate		
Ľ		Validate All		
	ş	Properties	Alt+Enter	

Fig. 56: Menu Change Inport Settings

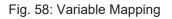
Change InPort Settings: MonIn1					
Channel Interface Deactivated Single-Channel Two-Channel	Contact O Make Contact (NO) Break Contact (NC)				
Discrepancy Time Oms -	OK Cancel				

Fig. 57: Dialog Change InPort Settings

### 5.4.6.15 Variable Mapping

Variables Group	Ports Re	placement Values Max Start Deviation			
Assigned Variable	Direction	Alias Port	Port Name	Instance Name	Function Name
EStop_In_1	input	Term 7 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES).InputChannel1 (TwinSafeGroup1)	EStopIn1	FBEstop1	safeEstop
EStop_In_2	input	_	EStopIn2	FBEstop1	safeEstop
Restart	input	RestartForEstop.In (TwinSafeGroup1)	Restart	FBEstop1	safeEstop
EDM_Signal	input	_	EDM1	FBEstop1	safeEstop
Output	output	_	EStopOut	FBEstop1	safeEstop

Safety Project Online View Variable Mapping Error List Output



Variables are linked to the alias devices in the *Variable Mapping* window. Use the Link button by the selection dialog for the alias port. Safe only signal types or safe and standard signal types are offered in the selection dialog, depending on the port setting of the FB. Safe Boolean signals are shown with a yellow background, standard signal types with a white background.

If several outputs are to be written by one variable, these signals can be assigned by holding down the CTRL key and selecting the channels.

Map to	<b>×</b>
<ul> <li>Safety_Project_1</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li>Alias Devices         <ul> <li>ExternalConnectionToEL6900</li> <li>Term 7 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES)</li> <li>Channel 1</li> <li>InputChannel1</li> <li>InputChannel2</li> <li>InputChannel3</li> <li>InputChannel4</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Safe I/Os Local group Other groups Usage Unused only Used and unused Direction In Out
Clear	OK Cancel

Fig. 59: Selection dialog for the alias port

#### 5.4.6.16 Safety toolbars

Once the development of the safety project is complete, the project has to be loaded onto the target system, in this case EL6910/EJ6910. To this end the toolbars *TwinCAT Safety* and *TwinCAT Safety CRC* have to be added.

$\checkmark$	TwinCAT Safety
$\checkmark$	TwinCAT Safety CRCs

Fig. 60: Activation of the TwinCAT Safety and TwinCAT Safety CRC toolbars

ें 🥜 🤡 🔐 🚵 🌽 🙆 🛞 🚊 📕 CRCs: 0x---- | 0x---- | 0x---- 💡

Fig. 61: Display of the TwinCAT Safety and TwinCAT Safety CRC toolbars

#### Toolbar TwinCAT Safety

lcon	Name	Description
<b>~</b>	Verify Safety Project	The safety project is checked for validity.
≫	Verify Complete Safety Project	The safety project including the hardware level is checked for validity.
н»	Download Safety Project	Loading the safety project onto the target system, here EL6910/ EJ6910
нà	Delete Safety Project	Deleting the safety project from the target system, here EL6910/ EJ6910
60	Show Online Data of Safety Project	Switching on the Online View for the safety project.
ß	Customize Safety Project	Customizing the safety project (switching off TwinSAFE groups and setting of safe substitute values for the group outputs). This is possible if the online and offline CRC are the same and at least one group has been configured for customizing.

#### Toolbar TwinCAT Safety CRC

lcon	Name	Description
CRCs:	CRC Toolbar	Left-click on the toolbar to initiate an update of the CRCs by the user. Red icon: CRCs are different
CRCs:	CRC Toolbar	Green icon: All CRCs are identical
0x9135   0x9135   0x9135	Online CRC	CRC of the safety project on EL6910/EJ6910. This value is read online by the EL6910/EJ6910. In the absence of an ADS connection to the
		EL6910/EJ6910, this value is displayed with 0x
0:9135   0:9135   0:9135	Downloaded CRC	CRC of the safety project that was loaded last. If no safety project is loaded when the TwinCAT project is opened, the value is displayed
		with 0x
0:9135   0:9135   0:9135	Offline CRC	CRC of the current safety project, as stored in the safety editor. A CRC is displayed, if the stored project is valid. If the project is invalid,
		0x is displayed as CRC.

#### 5.4.6.17 Checking the TwinSAFE addresses

The hardware addresses of the alias devices used can be checked and set via the dialog *Check Safe Addresses*.

To this end, select the entry *Check Safe Addresses* via the node menu of the safety project node. A dialog opens, which lists all alias devices that use hardware addresses. The addresses set in the software (*Safe/FSoE Address*) and the hardware addresses (*Hardware Address*) are shown in separate columns for each alias device and for the target system. In the column *Take Hardware Address* the user can specify whether the hardware addresses for the alias devices settings are applied when the dialog is closed via the *OK* button.

Ē	Scope to This New Solution Explorer View		
	Build Dependencies		
	Add +		
	Edit TwinSAFE Group Order		
	Check Safe Addresses		
	Generate Documentation		
	Export Project (as xml file)		
	Export Project (as bin file)		
🗙 Remove Del			
\$	C Open Folder in File Explorer		
ş	Properties	Alt+Enter	

Fig. 62: Check Safe Addresses context menu

Safety Project/ TwinSAFE Group	Target System/ Safety Alias Device	Safe/FSoE Address	Hardware Address	Take Hardware Address
Untitled1	Term 6 (EL6910)	12	3	
Group1	Term 2 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES)	49159	49159	
Group3	Term 3 (EL2904) - Module 1 (FSOES)	783	783	
Group1	Box 11 (BK1120) - Term 2 (KL1904)	45	1	
Group1	Term 7 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES)	130	130	
Group1	Term 4 (EL2904) - Module 1 (FSOES)	527	520	<b>V</b>
Group2	Term 8 (EL5021-0090) - Module 1 (EL5021-0090)	125	n.a.	

Fig. 63: Check Safe Addresses dialog

### 5.4.7 Downloading the safety application

Before downloading the safety project to the EL6910/EJ6910 or a logic component, the project should first

be checked for validity. If the hardware is complete, the hardware level 🕅 can be used for checking, or

checking can take place at the project level 🧹 , if online access is only available for the EL6910/EJ6910 or

the logic component. If the check returns no errors, the project download 🔛 can continue.

#### Use only qualified tools

Only use a qualified tool (see note on system limits) for loading, verifying and enabling the project on the EL6910/EJ6910 or the logic component!

User name and password are case-sensitive

Pay attention to upper/lower case characters for the user name and password. The standard user is *Administrator*, the standard password is *TwinSAFE*.

NOTICE

#### Power supply during download

Make sure that the TwinSAFE Logic is not switched off during the download. This can lead to unexpected behavior or permanently disable the TwinSAFE Logic.

#### **WARNING**

#### Execution of the safety application

During a login or download of a safety application, the execution of the current project is stopped on the TwinSAFE Logic.

Download Project Data				
Steps	Login			
Login	Username:	Administrator		
Select Project Data				
	Serial Number:	00123456		
	Password:	•••••		
		Next Cancel		

Fig. 64: Download Project Data - The Login dialog

In the *Download Project Data* dialog specify the user name, the serial number of the EL6910/EJ6910 or the logic component onto which the project is to be loaded, and the user password. The default user name is *Administrator*, the default-password is *TwinSAFE*. Use the *Next* button to move to the next dialog.

Download Project Data				
Steps		Select Project Data		
Login	Select Data:	Complete Project Data		
Select Project Data		Complete Project Data Safe Logic Data Mapping Data Parameter Data Info Data		
		Next Cancel		

Fig. 65: Download Project Data – The Select Project Data dialog

In the *Select Project Data* dialog select *Complete Project Data* to load the whole project onto the EL6910/ EJ6910 or the logic component. Use the *Next* button to move to the next dialog.

Download Project Data					
Steps	Download	Result			
Login	Configuration Datasets	Download Result			
Select Project Data	Safe Logic Data	<b>O</b>			
Download Result	Mapping Data	٢			
	Parameter Data	<b>O</b>			
Final Verification	Info Data	<b>O</b>			
Activation					
	[	Next Cancel			

Fig. 66: Download Project Data - The Download Result dialog

Once the download is complete, the download results are displayed. Use the *Next* button to move to the next dialog.

Steps	Fir	nal Veri	fication	
login	Configured Datasets	Online CRC	Calculated CRC	Verification Result
elect Project Data	Safe Logic Data	0xA8B4	0xA8B4	0
Download Result	Mapping Data	0xB29A	0xB29A	Ö
Final Verification	Parameter Data	0x02B0	0x02B0	Ø
Activation				
	I have manually veri	fied the dat		
	that the correct fund	ctionality m	ust be tested r	nanually!

#### Fig. 67: Download Project Data – The Final Verification dialog

The locally calculated CRCs and the online CRCs of the safety project are displayed in the *Final Verification* dialog. They are automatically checked for equality and displayed via the column *Verification Result*. The user must also check these data for equality and then confirm this by ticking the checkbox. Use the *Next* button to move to the next dialog.

Download Project Data				
Steps	Act	ivation		
Login	Username:	Administrator		
Select Project Data				
Download Result	Serial Number:	0		
Final Verification				
Activation	Password:	•••••		
		Finish Cancel		
		Cancer		

Fig. 68: Download Project Data - The Activation dialog

In the *Activation* dialog the user re-enters the password to activate the safety project on the EL6910/EJ6910 or the logic component. Use the *Finish* button to complete the download of the safety project.

#### **A WARNING**

#### Verification of the input and output process data

After downloading the safety-related program to the TwinSAFE logic, the user must check that the input and output process data of the TwinSAFE logic are plausible, within the valid value range and in the expected magnitude. This is especially true for analog signals, which are transmitted via e.g. PROFIsafe, FSoE sensors, TwinSAFE SC terminals or external control systems to the TwinSAFE logic. It is particularly important to check whether the device uses the Motorola or the Intel format or Big or Little Endian.

Project data	Description
Safe Logic Data	Safe Logic Data contains the safety related program.
Mapping Data Mapping Data contains the link data for inputs, outputs, function blocks, contect.	
Parameter Data	Parameter Data contains the safe user parameters that are stored on the TwinSAFE Logic. These can be safe substitute values and the user parameters of the connections.
Info Data	Info Data contains the settings which Info Data for connections, function blocks, groups etc. are activated and have to be filled by the TwinSAFE Logic.

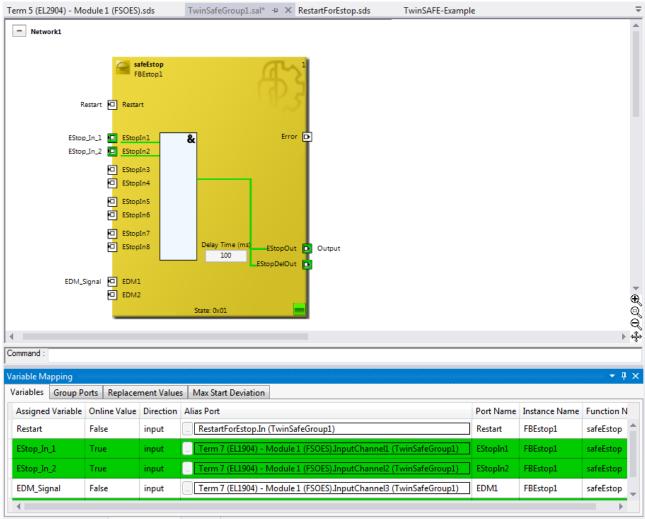
#### Info Data of the safety project

The Info Data will NOT take effect to the calculation of the project CRC. This allows the Info Data to be changed at a later stage without changing the project CRC. If the Info Data for an existing project are changed, a project download including at least the Info Data must be carried out, despite the fact that the CRC is unchanged, otherwise the Info Data will

not be filled. In addition, the TwinCAT configuration must be activated so that the process image size in TwinCAT matches the expected size within the TwinSAFE Logic.

### 5.4.8 Online Mode

In Online mode <sup>60</sup> the current values of the safety project are displayed. A green color change indicates logical 1 within the SAL worksheet and the variable mapping. No color change means logical 0.



Safety Project Online View Variable Mapping Error List Output

Fig. 69: SAL worksheet and variable mapping in online mode

On each function block the current FB state is shown as text and in the form of an icon. The different states are listed in the FB documentation. The following table describes the icons.

FB Icon	Description
State: 0x	FB State: RUN In RUN state no error is present, and the output of the FB is set.
State: 0x	FB State: SAFE In SAFE state no error is present, and the output of the FB is NOT set.
State: 0x	FB State: ERROR/STOP In ERROR/STOP state an FB error is present or the FB is still in STOP state. This is the case if the group has not yet been started.

In addition, the online display can be extended by displaying analog and digital values. To this end the function can be enabled or disabled by selecting *Show Online Values* from the context menu in the SAL worksheet.



Fig. 70: Activation of Show Online Values

In online mode the analog and digital values are then displayed as text next to the respective variables.

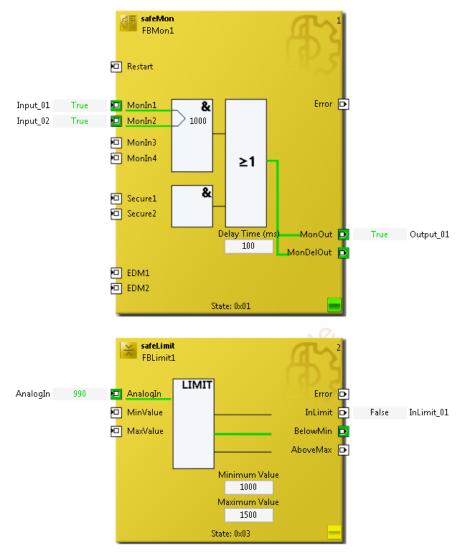


Fig. 71: Display of the analog and digital values in online mode

Detailed information about the whole safety project is shown on the *Safety Project Online View* tab. Any errors in the connections or function blocks are displayed in plain text.

Sat	fety Project Online View	<b>→</b> ₽ >
	Name	Value
4	TwinSafeGroup1	State: ERROR (0/2 connections not running, 1/1 functions blocks in error
	State	0x04 (ERROR)
	Diag	0x01 (000000012), FB Error
	▲ Inputs	
	RUN	1
	Error Acknowledgement	0
	✓ Outputs	
	Fb Err	1
	Com Err	0
	Other Err	0
	Alias Devices	
	Term 5 (EL2904) - Module 1 (FSOES)	Conn-Name: Message_2, Conn-No: 1
	State	0x68 (Data)
	⊿ Diag	0x80 (10000000 <sub>2</sub> )
	xxxx 00002	No Diagnosis info
	1xxx xxxxx2	Master reports Failsafe Value active
	Term 7 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES)	Conn-Name: Message_3, Conn-No: 2
	State	0x68 (Data)
	⊿ Diag	0x80 (10000000 <sub>2</sub> )
	xxxx 00002	No Diagnosis info
	1xxx xxxxz	Master reports Failsafe Value active
	Function Blocks	
	FBEstop1 (safeEstop)	
	State	0x04 (ERROR)
	Diag	0x0010 (000000000010000z)
	XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXX	EDM monitoring error EDM1

Fig. 72: The Safety Project Online View tab

### 5.4.9 New features in TC3.1 Build 4022

In the TwinCAT Version 3.1 Build 4022 some extensions have been implemented for the TwinSAFE editor. With the release of the TwinCAT version, these are available to the user. This chapter lists the new features.

#### 5.4.9.1 Group status

The status of the TwinSAFE group is displayed as a color-coded frame in online mode.

The RUN state is marked with a green one, the ERROR state with a red frame, and all other states with a blue frame.

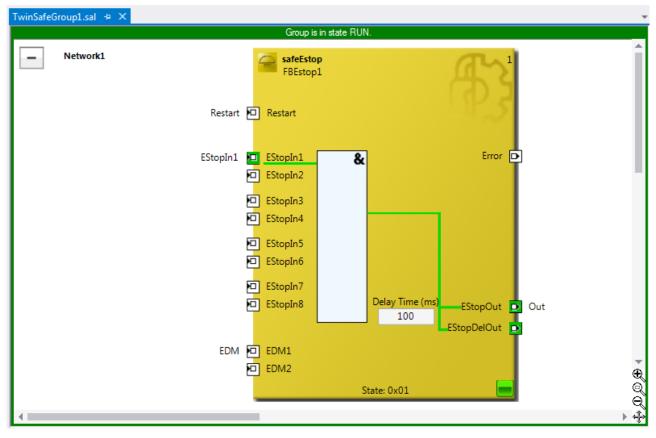
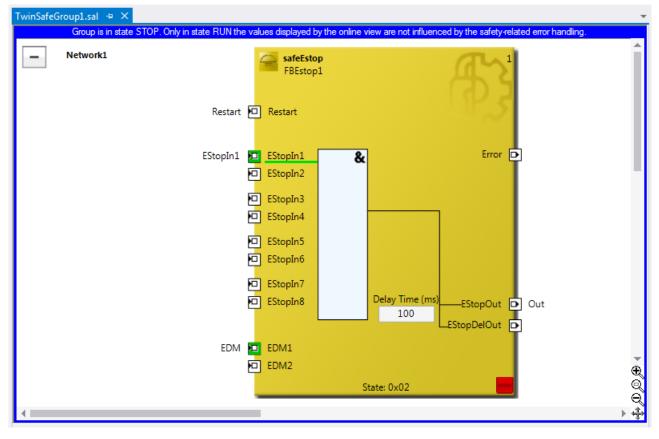


Fig. 73: Group Status Online RUN

TwinSafeGroup1.sal 🗢 🗙			Ŧ
Group is in state ERROR. Only in state RUN	the values displayed by the online	e view are not influenced by the safety-related error handling.	
Network1	SafeEstop FBEstop1	ALL 1	Î
Restar	t 🖸 Restart	IP3	
EStopIn1	EStopIn1 8	Error D	
	EStopIn3 EStopIn4		
	<ul> <li>EStopIn5</li> <li>EStopIn6</li> </ul>		
	EStopIn7 EStopIn8	Delay Time (ms) 100 EStopDelOut	
EDN	EDM1		÷
4	_	State: 0x01	► € © 0 ↔

#### Fig. 74: Group Status Online ERROR



#### Fig. 75: Group Status Online STOP



### 5.4.9.2 Online view group ports

In online mode the group inputs and outputs are marked according to their signal status. A logical 1 of the signal is represented with a green background, a logical 0 with a white background. Error information is displayed with a red background.

'ariable Mapp	oing						•	<b>다</b> (
Variables G	iroup Ports	Repla	acement Va	lues	Max Start Deviation			
Group Port	Online \	/alue	Direction	Alias	Port			
Err Ack	False		input	E	rrAck.In (TwinSafeGro	up1)		
Run/Stop	True		input	F	tun.In (TwinSafeGroup	1)		
Module Fa	ult False		input					
Com Err	True		output					
FB Err	True		output					
Other Err	False		output					
Com Startu	ip False		output					
FB Deactive	e False		output					
FB Run	True		output					
In Run	False		output					

Variable Mapping

Fig. 76: Online View Group Ports

### 5.4.9.3 Group templates

The user has a choice between three templates.

The templates differ by the number of already existing links (none, ErrAck created and linked to group port, ErrAck and Run created and linked to group ports).

Add New Item - TwinSA	AFE_4022				? 🔀
▲ Installed		Sort by:	Default 👻 📰 📃		Search Installed Templates (Ctrl+E)
TwinCAT Safety Pro	oject	(A)	TwinCAT Safety Project Preconfigured ErrAck	TwinCAT Safety Project	<b>Type:</b> TwinCAT Safety Project Creates a new safety project with a
			TwinCAT Safety Project Preconfigured Inputs	TwinCAT Safety Project	TwinSAFE group with preconfigured ErrAck and Run mappings.
		(de)	TwinCAT Empty Safety Project	TwinCAT Safety Project	
			Click here to go online and find te	mplates.	
<u>N</u> ame:	Untitled1				
Location:	c:\			•	<u>B</u> rowse
					<u>A</u> dd Cancel

Fig. 77: Templates for Safety Projects

#### 5.4.9.4 Networks collapsable

The networks defined in a TwinSAFE group can be collapsed.

TwinSafe	Group1.sal*	⇔ X	-
-	Network1		Î
		FBEstop1	
		Restart 🖸 Restart	I
		TwinSafeGroup1.sal* 🗢 🗙	
		+ Network1	

Fig. 78: Collapsing networks

### 5.4.9.5 Subfolder Alias Devices

Under the node *Alias Devices*, further subfolders can be created. After the subfolder has been created, it can be renamed, here for example to *Drives*.

🙆 SAFETY						
🔺 🙆 Safety Sample						
Safety Sample Project						
🚰 Target System						
TwinSafeGroup1						
🔺 🚡 Alias Devices						
📶 BMK 1.2 117 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES).sds		Add	•	ΰ	New Item	Ins
时 BMK 2.4 O19 (EL2904) - Module 1 (FSOES).sds		Scope to This		*	New Folder	
🔤 ErrAck.sds	Ē	New Solution Explorer View				
📶 Run.sds		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
🔁 TwinSafeGroup1.sal		Sort Alias Devices	•			
Safety Sample Instance		Add multiple standard variables				
		Import Alias-Device(s)				

Fig. 79: Adding a subfolder

After adding a subfolder, *Alias Devices* can be added in this folder.

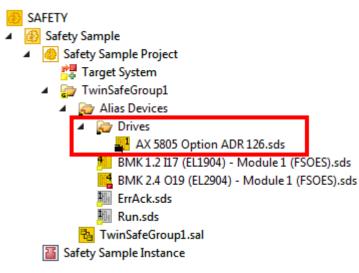


Fig. 80: Subfolder e.g. Drives

## 5.4.9.6 Goto linked element

The entry *Goto Linked Element* can be called via the context menu. All links and variables used on that port are listed. Selecting an entry triggers a jump to the corresponding position in the network, a TwinSAFE group or variable mapping.

EStopOut	Net	work2.FBMon1.MonIn1		_
EStopDelOut 🗗		Autolayout	•	
· 1		Show Page Break Preview	•	
		Change Link		
		Goto Linked Element	•	Network2.FBMon1.MonIn1
		Show Online Value		Network3.FBMon2.MonIn1
		Change Execution Order of FBs		Output_2a
	ж	Cut	Ctrl+X	
	ď	Сору	Ctrl+C	
	ĉ	Paste	Ctrl+V	
	х	Delete	Del	
		Validate		
		Validate All		
	ų	Properties	Alt+Enter	
L				

Fig. 81: Goto Linked Element

### 5.4.9.7 Path view to linked signal

The *Linking* tab of the *Alias Devices* displays the links to the PLC and to the I/O devices. The name in the process image of the TwinSAFE logic is displayed under the entry *Name*.

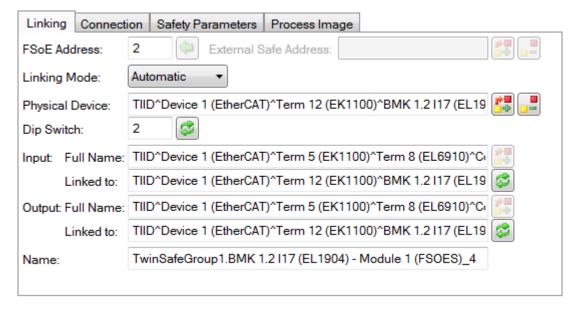


Fig. 82: Path view for safety Alias Devices

For the *Standard Alias Devices*, the path to the signal below the TwinSAFE logic (full name), the link to the PLC (Linked to), and the name in the process image of the TwinSAFE logic are displayed.

Linking	Process Image				
		Linking Mode: Manual 🔹			
Full Name	TIID^Device 1	(EtherCAT)^Term 5 (EK1100)^Term 8 (EL6910)^SI			
Linked to:	TIPC^MainPLC^MainPLC Instance^PlcTask Outputs^MAIN.bErrA				
Name:	TwinSafeGrou	p1.ErrAck_1			

Fig. 83: Path view for Standard Alias Devices

## 5.4.9.8 Multiline comments

Comments in the TwinSAFE project may now be multiline.

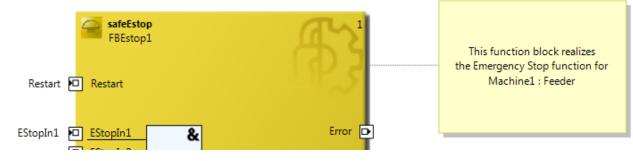


Fig. 84: Multiline comments

## 5.4.9.9 Names of Alias Devices in the process image

The user has now the option of adapting the naming of process data below the TwinSAFE logic in the I/O tree. For this purpose, checkboxes are available on the *Target System* dialog to accept the naming of TwinSAFE connections and standard inputs and outputs from the respective *Alias Device* names.

ConnectionInputs/Outputs
Take over Safety Alias Device names ✓ (Connection Info Data names will also be adjusted)
StandardInputs/Outputs
Take over Standard Alias Device names

Fig. 85: Properties under Target System

After the checkboxes are set, the names of the alias devices are taken.

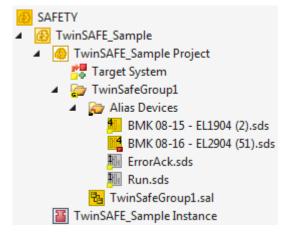
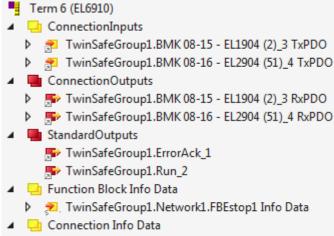


Fig. 86: Take Alias Device Name - Safety Project

In the I / O tree below the TwinSAFE logic, the project is shown in the following screenshot. The name consists of the group name, alias device name, and a running index.



- TwinSafeGroup1.BMK 08-15 EL1904 (2)\_3 Info Data
- TwinSafeGroup1.BMK 08-16 EL2904 (51)\_4 Info Data

Fig. 87: Take Alias Device Name - TwinSAFE logic process image

### 5.4.9.10 Project settings - Verification

The project settings can be found below the target system.

#### Safe Address Verification

The Safe Address Verification entry is used to set how the safety addresses are checked.

- Project wide unique (recommended) Unique safety addresses within the entire solution
- Similar to TwinCAT 2 Unique addresses per TwinSAFE Logic
- Allow multiple usage Multiple safety addresses are possible (user evaluation required)

Target System	Configuration: N/A	Platform: N/A	-
User Administration			
Backup/Restore	Verification Settings		
Project Settings	Safe Address Verification:	Project wide unique (recommended)	
	FB InPort Activation Verification:	Project wide unique (recommended) Similar to TwinCAT 2 Allow multiple usage	

Fig. 88: Safe Address Verification

#### **FB InPort Activation Verification**

The FB InPort Activation Verification entry is used to set how the input ports of TwinSAFE FBs are checked.

- Strict activated & connected (recommended) Each activated port must be connected, and each connected port must be activated.
- Activated or connected allowed If a port is only activated or only connected, this does not lead to an error message.

Target System	Configuration: N/A	Platform: N/A
User Administration		
Backup/Restore	Verification Settings	
Project Settings	Safe Address Verification:	Project wide unique (recommended)
	FB InPort Activation Verification:	Strict activated & connected (recommended)
		Strict activated & connected (recommended) Activated or connected allowed

Fig. 89: FB InPort Activation Verification

#### NOTICE

#### Support of project settings

The settings are supported from software version 03 of the EL6910 (SW03) and EK1960 (SW03). Furthermore, all newer logic components, such as the EL1918, are supported.

### 5.4.9.11 Displaying the project size

#### **Diagnostic Properties of the project node**

If the project node of the TwinSAFE project is selected, the properties under the entry Diagnostic show the current project parameters. These are e.g. the project size in bytes, the number of connections, the number of function blocks, or the number of TwinSAFE groups.

Properties	<b>-</b> ₽ ×
Safety Sample Project Properties	-
Diagnostic	
Complete Project Configuration Size (in Byte)	144
Number of FSoE Master Connections	2
Number of FSoE Slave Connections	0
Number of Functionblocks	3
Number of PROFIsafe Master Connections	0
Number of PROFIsafe Slave Connections	0
Number of Safety Alias Devices	2
Number of Standard Alias Devices	2
Number of TwinSAFE Groups	1
Number of TwinSAFE SC Master Connections	0

Fig. 90: Project Properties - Diagnostic

#### **Diagnostic Properties of the group node**

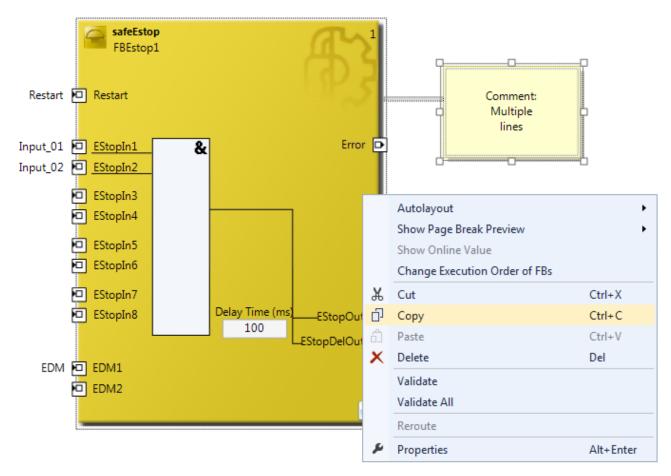
If the group node of the TwinSAFE project is selected, the properties under the entry Diagnostic display the current TwinSAFE group parameters. These are e.g. the number of connections, the number of function blocks, or the number of standard signals.

Properties	<b>-</b> ₽ ×
TwinSafeGroup1 Folder Properties	-
<b>₩</b>	
Diagnostic	
Number of FSoE Master Connections	2
Number of FSoE Slave Connections	0
Number of Functionblocks	3
Number of PROFIsafe Master Connections	0
Number of PROFIsafe Slave Connections	0
Number of Safety Alias Devices	2
Number of Standard Alias Devices	2
Number of TwinSAFE SC Master Connections	0

Fig. 91: Group Properties - Diagnostic

### 5.4.9.12 Copy and Paste for FBs and comments

The copy and paste function refers to function blocks, comments and connections between function blocks. The copied variable names and links remain unchanged, the FB instances are automatically incremented (here FBEstop1 becomes FBEstop2).



#### Fig. 92: Copying the data

After inserting the data, the following message appears. The user may have to adjust copied variable names.

Safety Pro	ject 🔀
4	Please verify manually the result of the paste operation!
	ОК

#### Fig. 93: Message box after inserting the data

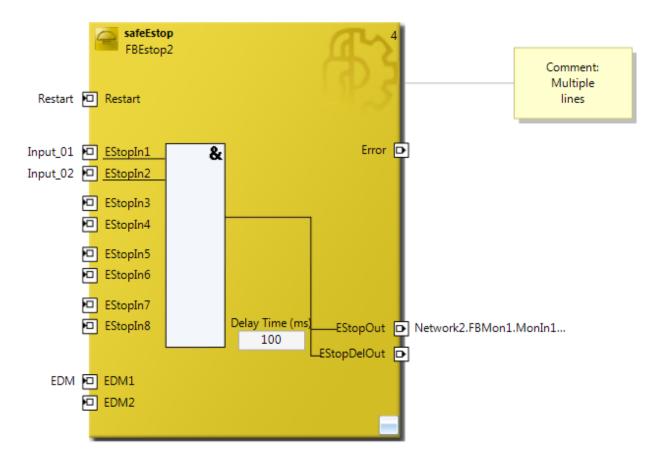


Fig. 94: Inserted data

Here, in the example, the user must adapt the links of the output EStopOut and change the variable names Restart, Input\_01, Input\_02 and EDM so that no duplicate names are assigned.

### 5.4.9.13 Global settings in Visual Studio

Options can be selected under the Tools menu in Visual Studio. In these options, settings for the TwinSAFE environment can be made.

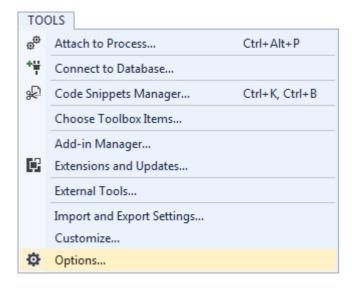


Fig. 95: Visual Studio - Menu Tools / Options

Under *TwinCAT / TwinSAFE Environment / Default Info Data* you can configure which info data should be activated automatically when TwinSAFE projects, groups, connections or FBs are created.

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Options		? 💌
Search Options (Ctrl+E)	<ul> <li>Connection Info         <ul> <li>Enable Diag</li> <li>Enable Inputs</li> <li>Enable Outputs</li> <li>Enable State</li> </ul> </li> <li>Device Info         <ul> <li>Enable Id</li> <li>Enable Project CRC</li> <li>Enable Serial Number</li> </ul> </li> <li>Functionblock Info         <ul> <li>Enable Diag</li> <li>Enable State</li> </ul> </li> <li>Group Info         <ul> <li>Enable Diag</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	False False False False False False False False False False
<ul> <li>XAE Environment</li> <li>Windows Forms Designer</li> </ul>	Enable Diag The "Diag" info will be enabled w	then creating a new connection.

Fig. 96: Global setting - Default Info Data

Under *TwinCAT / TwinSAFE Environment / Group Diagram Editor* you can specify whether the Undo / Redo function should automatically zoom and scroll into the area that has changed.

Options	? <mark>×</mark>
Search Options (Ctrl+E) Environment Projects and Solutions Source Control Text Editor Debugging Database Tools HTML Designer Text Templating TwinCAT Event Logger Measurement PLC Environment PLC Environment Default Info Data Group Diagram Editor	Group Diagram Editor Settings Ensure visibility after Undo/Redo True
<ul> <li>▷ XAE Environment</li> <li>▷ Windows Forms Designer</li> </ul>	Ensure visibility after Undo/Redo Automatic zoom and scroll after Undo/Redo to ensure visibility of changed items.
	OK Cancel

Fig. 97: Global Setting - Group Diagram Editor

## 5.4.9.14 Sorting

#### Setting the execution order of the groups via dialog

The context menu of the project node can be used to access the execution order of the TwinSAFE groups.

SAFETY			
Safety Sample			
🔺 🙆 Safety Sample Project			
<ul> <li>Target System</li> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li></li></ul>	Ē	Scope to This New Solution Explorer View Build Dependencies	•
📑 BMK 2.4 O19 (E		Add	•
船 ErrAck.sds 船 Run.sds		Sort TwinSAFE Groups	•
🔁 TwinSafeGroup1.sa		Edit TwinSAFE Group Order	
		Check Safe Addresses Generate Documentation	
		Export Project (as xml file)	
		Export Project (as bin file)	
	×	Remove	Del
	୯	Open Folder in File Explorer	
	ų	Properties	Alt+Enter

Fig. 98: Context menu - Edit TwinSAFE Group Order

By selecting a group and then holding and dragging an entry with the mouse, the execution order of the groups can be changed. The new order is accepted with the OK button.

	SAFE Group	Current Value	New Value
TwinSafeGroup2 1 1	afeGroup1	0	0
	afeGroup2	1	1
TwinSafeGroup3 2 2	afeGroup3	2	2

Fig. 99: Execution order for TwinSAFE groups

#### **Sorting of Alias Devices**

You can use the context menu of the Alias Devices node to configure the display order of the alias devices.

SAFETY Safety Sample Safety Safety Sample Safety Safety Sample Safety Safety Sa	stem Group		_	
🔺 🧽 Alias 🖬 🚮		Add •		
E BI		Scope to This		
<u>間</u> 」Er 期日Ru	Ē	New Solution Explorer View		
Ba Twint		Sort Alias Devices	1	Alphabetical Order (Ascending)
🚡 Safety Samp		Add multiple standard variables		Alphabetical Order (Descending)
		Import Alias-Device(s)		According Process Image Position

#### Fig. 100: Sorting of Alias Devices

#### Sorting of FBs (execution order)

The execution order of the function blocks can be accessed via the context menu within the graphical worksheet.

	Compared to a second se	a <b>feEstop</b> BEstop1						
	Collapse							
	Add After	•						
	Add Before							
	Autolayout							
	Show Page Break Preview							
	Show Online Value							
	Change Execution Order of FB	s						
ж	Cut	Ctrl+X						
Ð	Сору	Ctrl+C						
â	Paste	Ctrl+V						
×	Delete	Del						
	Validate							
	Validate All							
ş	Properties	Alt+Enter						

Fig. 101: Context Menu - Change Execution Order of FBs

By selecting an FB and then holding and dragging an entry with the mouse, the execution order of the function blocks can be changed. The new order is accepted with the OK button.

	Function Block	Current Value	New Value
letwork1	FBEstop1	1	1
letwork2	FBMon1	2	2
letwork3	FBMon2	3	3
letwork4	FBEstop2	4	4

Fig. 102: Execution order FBs

### 5.4.9.15 Direct mapping of local I/Os

If a TwinSAFE Logic has local inputs and outputs, e.g. an EK1960, an assignment to safe and non-safe signals can be made by the user via the *Internal Direct Mapping* tab of the alias device. These direct assignments have the advantage that no logic program has to be created by the user for this purpose.

To be able to use the internal direct mapping, the Linking mode of the Alias Device must be set to local.

Linking	Connection	Safety Parameters	Process I	mage	Internal Safety Parameters	Internal Process Image	Internal Direct Ma	appings
Interna	I I/O		Direction	Alias	Port			
FSOUT	F Module 6.Ch	annel 2.Output	Out					•
FSOUT	F Module 6.Ch	annel 3.Output	Out					
FSOUT	T Module 6.Ch	annel 4.Output	Out					
FSOUT	Module 6.Err	Ack	Out	M	loduleErrAck.In (TwinSafeGro	up1)		
FSOUT	r Relais Modu	le.Channel 1.Output	Out	<mark>T</mark> e	erm 15 (EL1904) - Module 1 (	FSOES).InputChannel1 (T	winSafeGroup1)	
FSOUT	FSOUT Relais Module.Channel 2.Output		Out					
FSOUT	l Relais Modu	le.Channel 3.Output	Out					
FSOUT	l Relais Modu	le.Channel 4.Output	Out					
FSOUT	l Relais Modu	le.ErrAck	Out	M	loduleErrAck.In (TwinSafeGro	up1)		
FSIN N	Nodule 1.ErrAc	:k	Out	M	loduleErrAck.In (TwinSafeGro	up1)		
FSIN N	Nodule 2.ErrAc	*	Out	M	loduleErrAck.In (TwinSafeGro	up1)		
FSIN N	Nodule 3.ErrAd	*	Out	M	loduleErrAck.In (TwinSafeGro	up1)		
FSIN N	Nodule 4.ErrAc	:k	Out	M	loduleErrAck.In (TwinSafeGro	up1)		-

Fig. 103: Dialog - Internal Direct Mapping

Typical applications are linking the ErrAck signals of the modules with a Standard Alias Device or switching an output due to a safe input signal.

In the figure the relay output FSOUT Relay Module Channel 1.Output is switched by the safe input Term(15) (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES) InputChannel 1.

## 5.4.9.16 Backup/Restore settings

Backup/restore settings have been extended so that TwinSAFE logic components can also be used to store a TwinSAFE project CRC. The following table describes the settings for each TwinSAFE connection listed in the Backup/Restore dialog.

Checkbox	Description	Available in
Store Project CRC in Slave	Only active when FSoE Connection Type is set to Master.	EL69xx, EL1904, EL2904, EP1908
	The CRC of the local project is stored on the target slave and can be used for the backup/ restore mechanism.	
	Now, besides the EL1904 and EL2904, TwinSAFE logics are also supported for storing the CRC.	
Store Slave Project CRC in Master	Only active when FSoE Connection Type is set to Master.	EL691x, EK1960, EJx9xx and newer products
	If the target slave is a logic component that uses the backup/restore mechanism, the project CRC of the logic project of the target slave must be entered manually here.	
Store Master Project CRC in Slave	Only active if FSoE Connection Type is set to Slave.	EL691x, EK1960, EJx9xx and newer products
	The FSoE master sends a CRC to be stored on the local TwinSAFE component so that it can be used for a restore function on the remote FSoE master. This checkbox can be used even if the local backup/restore function is not active.	
Read Project CRC from Master	Only active if FSoE Connection Type is set to Slave.	EL691x, EK1960, EJx9xx and newer products
	The CRC, which is entered on the FSoE master (see Store Slave Project CRC in Master), can be read by the FSoE slave for the local restore function.	

Operation				RF	CKHUF
Target System User Administration	Configuration: N/A	atform: N/A		▼	
Backup/Restore Project Settings	Activate Backup/Restore				
	Available Alias Devices for Backup/Restore-Mode				
	Alias Device	Store Project CRC in Slave	Store Slave Project CRC in Master	Store Master Project CRC in Slave	Read Project CRC from Master
	Term 13 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES) (TwinSafeGroup1)	<b>v</b>			
	Term 15 (EL2904) - Module 1 (FSOES) (TwinSafeGroup1)	<b>V</b>			
	Term 16 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES) (TwinSafeGroup1)	$\checkmark$			
	Term 17 (EL1904) - Module 1 (FSOES) (TwinSafeGroup1)	<b>V</b>			
	EL6910 FSoE Connection (TwinSafeGroup1)		0x67A6		
	Restore, if 3 from 5 FSo	E-Connections ha	ave the correct C	CRC stored	
	User Administration           Image: Restore User Administration				

Fig. 104: Backup/Restore settings

### 5.4.9.17 Multiple download

New TwinSAFE products typically also support the use of a local logic function. Thus the number of necessary downloads can increase significantly. In TwinCAT 3.1 Build 4022 it is now also possible to load several safety projects simultaneously onto the corresponding logic components via the *Multiple Download* feature.

This feature can be selected in the toolbar and via the TwinSAFE menu.

i 🖉 🦻 | 112 113 🖉 🚯 | 601 | 🕑 🖕

Fig. 105: Multiple Download - Toolbar

After selecting the function, select the projects for which a simultaneous download of the safety project is to be carried out and confirm the selection with the *Next* button.

NOTICE

#### Multiple downloads for different users

If safety projects are to be loaded onto logic components with different users, the multiple download with selection of the respective suitable logic components must be carried out several times.

Multi-Download					x			
Steps	Select Valid Project(s)							
Select Valid Project(s)	Download	Project Name	Physical Device	CRCs	Target System			
General Download Settings	✓	-	Term 5 (EL1918) Term 7 (EL6910)		EL1918			
				Next	Cancel			

Fig. 106: Multiple Download - Selection of projects

In the general settings, enter the user name and password and check the displayed serial numbers of the logic components. Use the *Verified* checkbox to confirm that the correct serial numbers are displayed and used. Click the *Next* button to start the download.

Multi-Download	×
Steps	General Download Settings
Select Valid Project(s)	Complete Download
General Download Settings	Download complete project data with default group customization settings (customization is possible after the download) and use these login credentials for each project:
	Username: Administrator
	Password:
	Please verify the Serial Number of each project:
	Verified Project Name Physical Device Serial Number Target System
	✓ EL1918project Term 5 (EL1918) 12345678 EL1918
	✓ Untitled1 Term 7 (EL6910) 1100310 EL6910
	Back Next Cancel

Fig. 107: Multiple Download - general settings

In the Final Verification dialog confirm the correctness of the online and calculated CRCs by checking the checkbox. Click the *Next* button to switch to the Activation dialog.

Steps			Final V	/erificati	on		
Select Valid Project(s)	Project Name	Physical Device		Download I	Result		Target System
General Download Settings			Configured Datasets	Online CRC	Calculated CRC	Verification Result	
Final Verification	EL1918project	Term 5 (EL1918)	Safe Logic Data	0x4BAC	0x4BAC	0	EL1918
Activation			Mapping Data	0x86B4	0x86B4	Ö	
			Parameter Data	0xEF97	0xEF97	0	
Multi-Download Result			Configured Datasets	Online CRC	Calculated CRC	Verification Result	
	Untitled1	Term 7 (EL6910)	Safe Logic Data	0x6828	0x6828	0	EL6910
			Mapping Data	0x2A77	0x2A77	Ø	
			Parameter Data	0x7959	0x7959	<b>O</b>	

Fig. 108: Multiple Download - Final Verification

To activate the safety projects, enter the password for the current user again and confirm with the *Next* button.

Multi-Download	x
Steps	Activation
Select Valid Project(s)	C Login Credentials
General Download Settings	Username: Administrator
Final Verification	Password:
Activation	
Multi-Download Result	Activate       Project Name       Physical Device       Target System         Image: EL1918project       Term 5 (EL1918)       EL1918         Image: Image: EL1918       Image: EL1918       Image: EL1918         Image: Image: Image: Image: EL1918       Image: EL1918       Image: EL1918         Image: Ima
	Next Cancel

#### Fig. 109: Multiple Download - Activation

The Result dialog lists all safety projects with the status *Activated* and *Downloaded*. Click the *Finish* button to finish the multiple download.

Multi-Download				x
Steps	Mul	ti-Downl	oad Resu	t
Select Valid Project(s)	Activated Downloaded	Project Name	Physical Device	Target System
General Download Settings	00	EL1918project	Term 5 (EL1918)	
Final Verification	00	Untitled1	Term 7 (EL6910)	EL6910
Activation				
Multi-Download Result				
			Finish	Cancel

Fig. 110: Multiple Download - Result

## 5.5 Info Data

#### Further Information

Information on the contents of the info data can be found in the TwinSAFE Logic FB documentation (see References)

## 5.5.1 Info data for the connection

Info data for connections can be enabled on the *Connection* tab of the alias device.

		oalety i arameters	Process In	nage	
	s - Station open				
Some rise				44.000	1
			-	Dete	
Rule				Data Map State	Map Inputs
Materials	-000		<b>v</b>	Map Diag	Map Outputs

Fig. 111: Enabling the info data for connections

The info data are shown in the I/O tree structure below the EL6910 in the process image. From here, these signals can be linked with PLC variables. Further information on the included data can be found in the documentation for *TwinCAT function blocks for TwinSAFE logic terminals*. Use the checkbox *Show Input/Output Data as byte array* under *Target System* to adjust the process image.

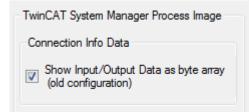


Fig. 112: Checkbox for the connection info data

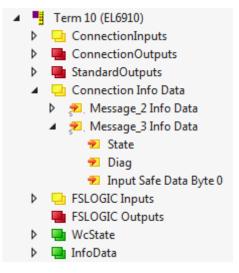


Fig. 113: Info data for the connection in the I/O tree structure as byte array

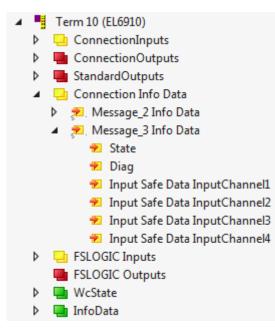


Fig. 114: Info data for the connection in the I/O tree structure as individual data

## 5.5.2 Info data for function blocks

For function blocks, info data can be enabled in the properties of the function block.

Properties according to the second second	
FBEstop1 FBEstop	<b>.</b>
🗆 Info Data	
Map Diag	True
Map State	True
Misc	
Order Of Execution	1
Parameter Setting	
Safe Inputs After Disc Er	False
Properties	
Properties	
Function Name	safeEstop

Fig. 115: Enabling the info data for function blocks

The info data are shown in the I/O tree structure below the EL6910 in the process image. From here, these signals can be linked with PLC variables. Further information on the included data can be found in the documentation for *TwinCAT function blocks for TwinSAFE logic terminals*.

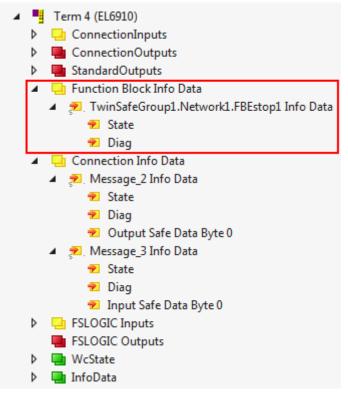


Fig. 116: Info data for the function block in the I/O tree structure

## 5.5.3 Info data for the TwinSAFE group

For TwinSAFE groups, info data can be enabled via the properties of the TwinSAFE group.

Network1 Network
Customization Settings
Passification Allowed False
Permament Deactivation Allow False
Temporary Deactivation Allow: False
Timeout Passification Allowed 10000
Verify Analog FB Inputs at Grou False
🖂 Failsafe Settings
Analog FB Output Failsafe Valu Zero
🖂 Info Data
Map Diag True
Map State True
🗆 Misc
Network Order Id 0
🗆 Parameter Setting
Network Name Network1

Fig. 117: Enabling the info data in the properties of the TwinSAFE group

The info data are shown in the I/O tree structure below the I/O device in the process image. From here, these signals can be linked with PLC variables. Further information on the included data can be found in the documentation for *TwinCAT function blocks for TwinSAFE logic terminals*.

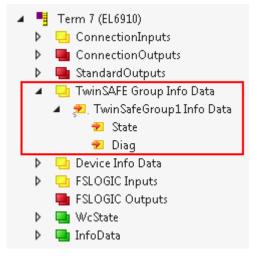


Fig. 118: Info data for the TwinSAFE group in the tree structure

## 5.5.4 Info data for the device

The info data for the EL6910 can be enabled on the *Target System* tab. These are the serial number of the EL6910 and the current online CRC of the safety project.

Target System Configurat	tion: N/A	Platform: N/A	
User Administration			
	Target System: Physical Device: Software Version:	EL6910  Term 10 (EL6910)  Device is an external device 01 0111111 0x0000  Map Project CRC:  Map Project CRC:  1  559 559  0  0  1  2  3  559  0  0  1  532  532	TwinCAT System Manager Process Image Connection Info Data Show Input/Output Data as byte array (old configuration)
	AmsPort:	1009	

Fig. 119: Enabling the info data for the EL6910

The info data are shown in the I/O tree structure below the EL6910 in the process image. From here, these signals can be linked with PLC variables.

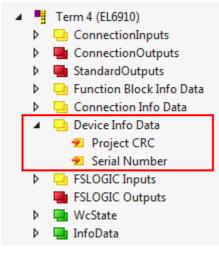


Fig. 120: Info data of the EL6910 in the tree structure

## 5.6 Version history

The *version history* button will under *Target System* can be used to read the version history of the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960. It includes the user, the date, the version and the CRC of the safety projects loaded on the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960.

User Name	Date	Version	Project CRC
User1	3/2/2016 4:13 PM	1	0xE0A9
User1	3/3/2016 12:43 PM	2	0xE9D9
User1	3/3/2016 12:45 PM	3	0x5DDB
User1	3/3/2016 12:47 PM	4	0xB423
User1	3/3/2016 12:48 PM	5	0xB04D

Fig. 121: Version History

## 5.7 User Administration

User administration is called up via the *Target System* tree item. Use *Get User List* to read the current list of users of the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960. The user *Administrator* cannot be deleted. The default password can and should be replaced with a customer-specific password. This is done via the *Change Password* button. The default password is *TwinSAFE*. The password must be at least 6 characters long. A maximum of 40 users can be created.

Target System	Configuration: N/A	▼ Platform:	N/A -
User Administration			
Backup/Restore	Target System:	EL6910	]
	Physical Device:	Term 4 (EL6910)	]
	Serial Number:	00123456	]
	User List		
	Administrator		Get User List
			Add User(s)
			Delete User(s)
			Change Password
			Change Access Rights

#### Fig. 122: User Administration

The administrator password is required to create or delete users. Open the *Login* dialog by left-clicking on *Add User(s)*.

Add New User(s)	
Steps	Login
Login	Username: Administrator
Add New User(s)	
	Serial Number:
	Password: !
	Next Cancel

#### Fig. 123: User Administration - Login

The Add User dialog opens once the correct serial number and administrator password have been entered.

Add New User(s)	
Steps	Add New User(s)
Login	New User User Credentials Access Rights
Add New User(s)	Username: NewUser1 Password: ••••• Repeat Password: •••••  >> X Keep Values New User(s) Access Rights
	Finish Cancel

Fig. 124: User Administration - Add New User(s) - User Credentials

Add New User(s)	۵
Steps	Add New User(s)
Login Add New User(s)	New User User Credentials Access Rights Change Password Download Safe Logic Data Download Mapping Data Download Safe User Data/Replacement Values Download Info Data Download Project Data in Restore Mode Activate/Deactivate Groups X Keep Values
	New User(s) Access Rights Finish Cancel

Fig. 125: User Administration - Add New User(s) - Access Rights

Enter the new user and the corresponding password (twice). The password must be at least 6 characters

long. In addition, select the rights for the new user. Use the button to apply these data and display them in the New User list.

Add New User(s)	
Steps	Add New User(s)
Login	New User User Credentials Access Rights
Add New User(s)	Access rights
	Username:
	Password:
	Repeat Password:
	>> X Keep Values
	New User(s) Access Rights
	NewUser1 👔 🕅 🌽
	Finish Cancel

#### Fig. 126: User Administration - New User added

Several users can be created before leaving the dialog via the *Finish* button.

Access Rights	Description
Change Password	Users can change their password.
Download Safe Logic Data	The user can load the safety-related program onto the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960.
Download Mapping Data	The user can load the mapping data for inputs, outputs, FBs etc. onto the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960.

Access Rights	Description
Download Safe User Data / Replacement Values	The user can change safe user parameters on the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960 and also change and load safe substitute values
Download Info Data	The user can activate and load the info data for connections and FBs on the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960.
Download Project Data in Restore Mode	The user can perform a restore. Not currently supported.
Activate / Deactivate Groups	The user can execute Customizing (enable and disable TwinSAFE groups) on the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960.

## 5.8 Backup/Restore

Following the exchange of an EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960, the previous project can be loaded to the new device using the *Backup/Restore* mechanism.

In order to be able to use this functionality, the *Backup/Restore* mechanism must be enabled in the safety project, and the terminals must be selected, on which the current CRC of the safety project is to be stored.

For a restore operation the user can specify the minimum number of selected terminals on which the correct CRC must be stored.

Using the checkbox *Restore User Administration* the user can specify whether the user administration should be transferred to the new device via the restore mechanism.

Target System	Configuration: N/A    Platform: N/A
User Administration	
Backup/Restore	
	Activate Backup/Restore
	Available Alias Devices for Backup/Restore-Mode
	Term 5 (EL2904) - Module 1 (FSOES) (TwinSafeGroup1)
	4
	Restore, if 1 from 2 FSoE-Slaves have the correct CRC stored
	User Administration
	Restore User Administration

Fig. 127: Backup/Restore

In order to be able to use the *Backup/Restore* mechanism, create a backup of the current safety project and store it on the hard disk of the controller, for example. To carry out a restore, the user can either check when starting the controller whether the serial number of the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960 has changed, or start the restore manually via a service menu, e.g. in the visualization.



#### Restore

If a project that doesn't match the system is loaded during a *restore*, this will only be detected when the distributed CRCs are checked. The previous project is then deleted from the logic terminal. This cannot be undone.

One possible sequence for checking whether a restore is carried out is shown in the following sequence chart.

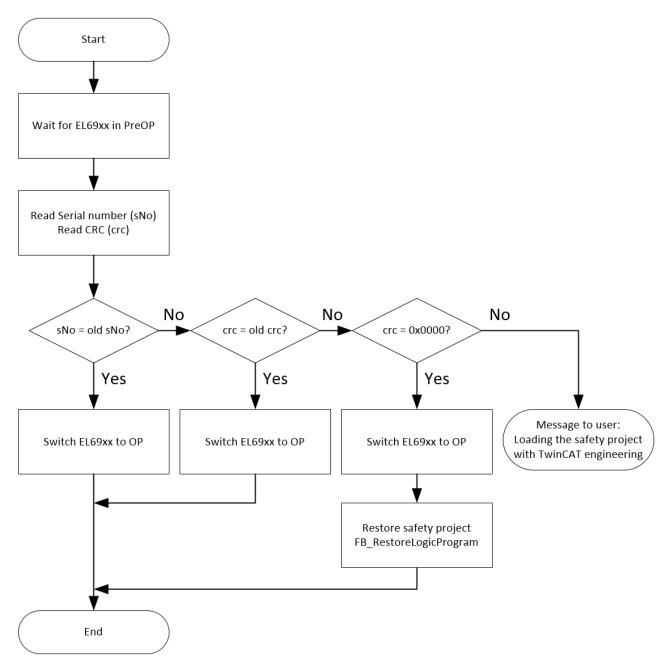


Fig. 128: Restore check sequence chart

#### Function blocks for backup/restore

The PLC function blocks with which a backup and restore can be performed on a TwinSAFE logic component (currently EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960), can be found on the Beckhoff homepage. This is a compiled library that can be installed in the TwinCAT Library Repository.

The TC3\_EL6910\_Backup\_Restore library contains 2 PLC function blocks. FB\_SAVELOGICPROGRAM and FB\_RESTORELOGICPROGRAM.

#### FB\_SAVELOGICPROGRAM

FB_SAVELOGICPROGRAM	
- bExecute BOOL	BOOL Done
	STRING(200) sResult —
—u16EcatPort WORD	BOOL bErr
-u32BufferAddress PVOID	
u32BufferSize DWORD	
-sFileName T_MaxString	

#### Fig. 129: FB\_SAVELOGICPROGRAM illustration

#### FUNCTION\_BLOCK FB\_SAVELOGICPROGRAM

Name Ty	уре	Inherited from	Address	Initial	Comment
bExecute BC	DOL			FALSE	Positive edge starts the backup process
au8EcatNetId AF	RRAY [05] OF BYTE				EtherCAT Net-ID of the TwinSAFE Logic - link to e.g. EL6910/InfoData/AdsAddr/netId
u16EcatPort W	/ORD				Port of TwinSAFE-Logic - link to e.g. EL6910/InfoData/AdsAddr/port
u32BufferAddress PV	VOID				Address of buffer, in which the TwinSAFE Logic program should be stored temporarily - buffer e.g. ARRAY[016#FFFF] OF BYTE
u32BufferSize DV	WORD				size of buffer
sFileName T_	_MaxString				File, in which the TwinSAFE Logic program should be stored
sNetIDWriteFile T_	_AmsNetID				AmsNetID of device where the file should be written to
Done BC	DOL			FALSE	User information that the FB finished the operation
sResult ST	TRING(200)				FB Result
bErr BC	DOL				An error occured during operation, details in sResult

#### Fig. 130: FB\_SAVELOGICPROGRAM parameters

#### FB\_RESTORELOGICPROGRAM

FB_RESTORELOGICPROGRAM	1
bExecute BOOL	BOOL Done
au8EcatNetId ARRAY [05] OF BYTE	STRING(200) sResult
u16EcatPort WORD	BOOL bErr
u32BufferAddress <i>PVOID</i>	
u32BufferSize DWORD	
sFileName T_MaxString	
sNetIDReadFile T_AmsNetID	

#### Fig. 131: FB\_RESTORELOGICPROGRAM illustration

FUNCTION_BLOCK FB_RESTORELOGICPROGRAM
---------------------------------------

Name	Туре	Inherited from	Address	Initial	Comment
bExecute	BOOL			FALSE	Positive edge starts the restore process
au8EcatNetId	ARRAY [05] OF BYTE				EtherCAT-Net-ID of the TwinSAFE Logic - link to e.g. EL6910/InfoData/AdsAddr/netId
u16EcatPort	WORD				Port of TwinSAFE-Logic - link to e.g. EL6910/InfoData/AdsAddr/port
u32BufferAddress	PVOID				Address to buffer, in which the TwinSAFE Logic program should be stored - buffer e.g. ARRAY[016#FFFF] OF BYTE
u32BufferSize	DWORD				size of buffer
sFileName	T_MaxString				File which contains the TwinSAFE logic program and should be restored
sNetIDReadFile	T_AmsNetID				AmsNetID of device where the file is stored
Done	BOOL			FALSE	User information that the FB finished the operation
sResult	STRING(200)				FB result
bErr	BOOL				An error occured during operation, details in Result

#### Fig. 132: FB\_RESTORELOGICPROGRAM parameters

#### Sample

```
PROGRAM MAIN
VAR
fb_save: FB_SAVELOGICPROGRAM;
fb_restore: FB_RESTORELOGICPROGRAM;
StartBackup: BOOL;
EL6910AmsNetID AT %I*: ARRAY [0..5] OF BYTE;
EL6910port AT %I*: WORD;
internalBuffer: array[0..16#FFFF] of byte;
FileString: T_MaxString := 'c:\temp\safety\complibTest_EL6910.bin';
LocalAmsNetID: T_AmsNetID := '172.55.76.53.1.1';
SaveDone: BOOL;
SaveResult: STRING(200);
SaveErr: BOOL;
internalbuffer2: array[0..16#FFFF] of Byte;
RestoreDone: BOOL;
```

```
RestoreResult: STRING(200);
       RestoreErr: BOOL;
END VAR
// Backup of the TwinSAFE logic program
fb save(
                              StartBackup,
      bExecute:=
      au8EcatNetId:= EL6910AmsNetID,
u16EcatPort:= EL6910port.
      ul6EcatPort:= EL0510port,
u32BufferAddress:= ADR(internalBuffer),
u32BufferSize:= SIZEOF(internalBuffer),
sFileName:= FileString,
       sNetIDWriteFile:= LocalAmsNetID,
                               SaveDone,
       Done=>
       sResult=>
                              SaveResult.
      bErr=>
                 SaveErr);
// Restore of the TwinSAFE logic program
fb restore(
      bExecute:=
                              StartRestore,
      au8EcatNetId:= EL6910AmsNetID,
      ul6EcatPort:=
                              EL6910port,
      u32BufferAddress:= ADR(internalbuffer2),
      u32BufferSize:= SIZEOF(internalBuffer2),
sFileName:= FileString
       sFileName:=
                              FileString,
       sNetIDReadFile:=
                             LocalAmsNetID,
       Done=>
                               RestoreDone,
       sResult=>
                              RestoreResult.
       bErr=>
                              RestoreErr);
```

## 5.9 Export/import of the safety project

The safety project can be archived via the context menu of the safety project. The data type of this archive is \*.tfzip.

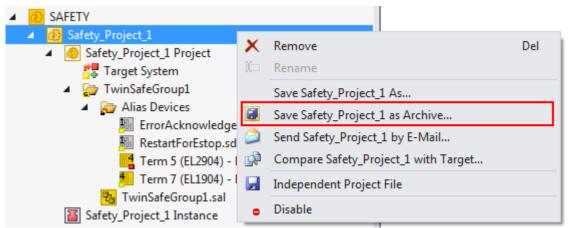


Fig. 133: Archiving the safety project

The safety project can be exported to XML format one level below the safety project node. This XML format can be used for exchange between TwinCAT 3 and TwinCAT 2.

The menu item *Export project (as bin file)* can be used to save the safety project in a binary format, so that it can be used by the TwinSAFE loader, for example.

<ul> <li>SAFETY</li> <li>Safety_Project_1</li> <li>Safety_Project_1 Project</li> </ul>	_		
Target System		Scope to This	
<ul> <li>TwinSafeGroup1</li> <li>Alias Devices</li> </ul>		New Solution Explorer View	
ErrorAcknowle		Project Dependencies	
RestartForEstc		Project Build Order	
12 Term 5 (EL290		Add	+
H Term 7 (EL190		Add Reference	
🔁 TwinSafeGroup1. TwinSafeGroup1.		Generate Documentation	
₩ C++		Export Project (as xml file)	
Þ 🔁 I/O		Export Project (as bin file)	
	×	Remove	Del
	100	Rename	
	ų	Properties	Alt+Enter

Fig. 134: Saving the safety project in a binary format (e.g. for the TwinSAFE loader)

A previously exported safety project can be imported via the context menu of the main Safety entry in the TwinCAT project structure. *Add Existing Item...* can be used to select the file type for the import.

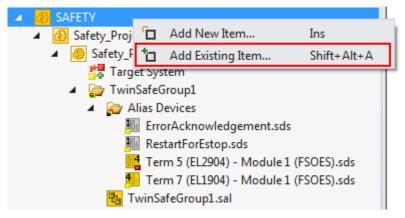


Fig. 135: Selecting the file type for importing a safety project

The following file types are supported:

- Safety project files \*.splc,
- Safety project archives \*.tfzip
- · Safety projects in XML format

Öffnen		x
V TwinSAFE-Example > TwinS	SAFE-Example 🕨 👻 🐓	TwinSAFE-Example durchsuch 🔎
Organisieren 🔻 Neuer Ordner		≣ ▼ 🔟 🔞
TwinSAFE-Example	<ul> <li>Name</li> <li>_Boot</li> <li>_Config</li> <li>PLCcode</li> <li>Safety_Project_1</li> </ul>	
Boot	<b>▼</b>	+
Dateiname:	•	Safe Plc Project File (*.splcproj; ▼         Safe Plc Project File (*.splcproj;)         Safe Plc Project File (*.splcproj)         Safe Plc Project Archive (*.tfzip)         TwinCAT 2.x Safety Project (*.xml)

Fig. 136: Importing a safety project

## 5.10 Diag History tab

Any errors that occur in the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960 are stored in the their diag history. The diag history can be viewed by selecting the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960 in the I/O tree structure and then selecting the *Diag History* tab. Use the *Update History* button to fetch the current from the EL6910, EJ6910 or EK1960. Error within the logic; the function blocks and the connections are stored with a corresponding timestamp.

General	EtherCA	T Pro	ocess Data	Startup	CoE - Onlin	e Diag History	Online		
Update History Only new Messages Ack. Messages Export Diag History Advanced									
Туре	1	Flags	Timestamp		Mess	age			
🔟 En	or I	N	29.9.2015	11:04:11 2	28 (Ox38	03) FB 1 (ESTO	P): An EDM-fault (0x0010) was detected in state SAFE		
🔘 En	or I	N	29.9.2015	10:34:18 \$	55 (0x38	06) FB 1 (ESTO	P): An EDM-fault (0x0010) was detected in state START		

Fig. 137: Diag History

Use the *Advanced…* button to open the advanced settings. Here, the user can customize the behavior of the diag history.

Advanced Settings	×	J
Messages	Message Types         Image: disable Infos         Image: disable Warnings         Image: disable Errors         Emergency         Image: enable sending Emergency         Overwrite/Acknowledge Mode         Image: enable Acknowledge Mode	
	OK Abbrechen	

Fig. 138: Diag History - Advanced Settings

#### Advanced Settings

Setting	Description
Message Types	<ul> <li>disable Info Messages with status <i>Info</i> are not stored in the diag history</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>disable Warnings Messages with status <i>Warning</i> are not stored in the diag history</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>disable Errors Messages with status <i>Error</i> are not stored in the diag history</li> </ul>
Emergency	In addition to saving the message in the diag history, an emergency object is sent, which is displayed in the logger window of TwinCAT.
Overwrite / Acknowledge Mode	This setting is currently not supported.

# 5.11 **PROFIsafe configuration**

## 5.11.1 Correct configuration of the complete system

The following information must be observed when implementing a PROFIsafe communication within a TwinCAT application.

In addition, there is a restriction with regard to the transmission of PROFIsafe within EtherCAT.

PROFIsafe telegram only via E-bus and PROFINET/PROFIBUS

On account of the PROFIsafe policy, the use of PROFIsafe is permitted only via the PROFIBUS and PROFINET fieldbuses or via a backplane bus, in this case for example the E-bus. The use of PROFIsafe via other fieldbuses is impermissible for reasons connected with patent law.

The following Siemens AG patents are relevant according to the PROFIsafe profile:

- EP1267270-A2 Method for data transfer
- WO00/045562-A1 Method and device for determining the reliability of data carriers
- WO99/049373-A1 Shortened data message of an automation system
- EP1686732 Method and system for transmitting protocol data units
- EP1802019 Identification of errors in data transmission
- EP1921525-A1 Method for operation of a safety-related system
- EP13172092.2 Method and system for detection of errors

Depending on the architecture of the application, appropriate measures must therefore be taken. Permissible and impermissible system configurations are explained below for greater detail.

### 5.11.1.1 Valid PROFIsafe configurations

The following notes apply to PROFIsafe Master and PROFIsafe Slave configurations. PROFIsafe can be used if a CX controller is used, which only has EtherCAT Terminals attached and only exchanges data with a device via PROFIbus, for example.

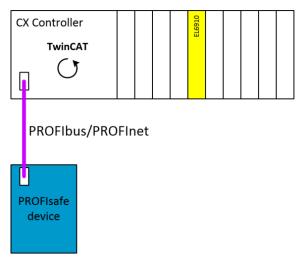


Fig. 139: Valid PROFIsafe configuration - sample 1

If a TwinCAT PC is used, which exchanges data with EtherCAT Terminals via EtherCAT, for example, the PROFIsafe telegram must not leave the EK1100 station. To this end the EL6910 is connected to an EK1100 station together with an EL6631/EL6731 PROFIbus master, for example. The following configuration is therefore valid.

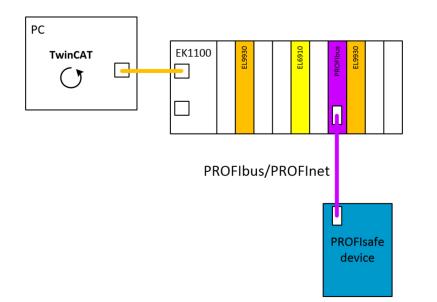


Fig. 140: Valid PROFIsafe configuration - sample 2

## 5.11.1.2 Invalid PROFIsafe configurations

The following configuration is not permitted according to the PROFIsafe policy, since the PROFIsafe telegram leaves the EK1100 via EtherCAT, is copied via the TwinCAT PC and is only then sent to the PROFIsafe slave via PROFIbus.

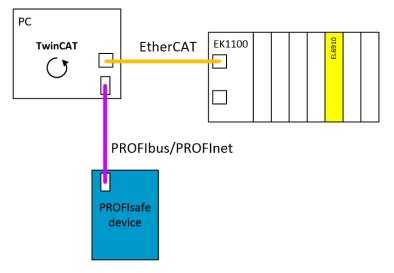


Fig. 141: Invalid PROFIsafe configuration - sample 1

The following configuration is not permitted according to the PROFIsafe policy, since the PROFIsafe telegram leaves the EK1100 via EtherCAT, is received on the second EK1100 and is only then sent to the PROFIsafe slave via PROFIbus.

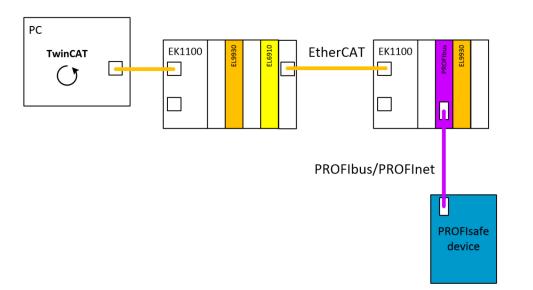


Fig. 142: Invalid PROFIsafe configuration - sample 2

## 5.11.2 Configuration of an EL6910 as a PROFIsafe Master

The method of creating a connection between the EL6910 as the PROFIsafe Master and a PROFIsafe Slave is described below.

## 5.11.2.1 Configuration of a safety project

The configuration of the connection is realized as usual via an *Alias Device*. A *Custom PROFIsafe Connection* can be created via the context menu of the node *Alias Devices* selecting *Add* and New item....

Add New Item - Safe	ty_Project_1	2 ×
▲ Installed	Sort by: Default	Search Installed Templates (Ctrl+E)
Standard ⊿ Safety	Custom PROFIsafe Connection Safety	Type: Safety Alias device for a custom PROFIsafe
EtherCAT KBus		connection.
PROFIsafe  Online		
Name: Custom P	ROFIsafe Connection_2.sds	
		Add Cancel

Fig. 143: Creating a Custom PROFIsafe connection

After opening the alias device, the process image size of the connection can be set via the *Process Image* tab. The individual signals can be renamed so that this text is ultimately displayed as the signal name within the safety application.

nputs					1 C	Outputs				
Message Size: 7 Bytes (3 B	ytes Sa	afe Da	ata)	•		Message Size:	5 Bytes (1 Byte	s Safe	Data)	
Name	Туре	Size	Posi			Na	me	Туре	Size	Posi
PROFIsafe Input1 ESTOP	BIT	0.1	0.0			Safe Data Byte	0[0]	BIT	0.1	0.0
PROFIsafe Input2 ESTOP	BIT	0.1	0.1			Safe Data Byte	0[1]	BIT	0.1	0.1
Guard Door 1	BIT	0.1	0.2			Safe Data Byte	0[2]	BIT	0.1	0.2
Guard Door 2	BIT	0.1	0.3			Safe Data Byte	0[3]	BIT	0.1	0.3
Safe Data Byte 0[4]	BIT	0.1	0.4			Safe Data Byte	0[4]	BIT	0.1	0.4
Safe Data Byte 0[5]	BIT	0.1	0.5			Safe Data Byte	0[5]	BIT	0.1	0.5
Safe Data Byte 0[6]	BIT	0.1	0.6			Safe Data Byte	0[6]	BIT	0.1	0.6
Safe Data Byte 0[7]	BIT	0.1	0.7			Safe Data Byte	0[7]	BIT	0.1	0.7
Safe Data Byte 1[0]	BIT	0.1	1.0							
Safe Data Byte 1[1]	BIT	0.1	1.1							
Safe Data Byte 1[2]	BIT	0.1	1.2							
Safe Data Byte 1[3]	BIT	0.1	1.3							
Safe Data Byte 1[4]	BIT	0.1	1.4							
Safe Data Byte 1[5]	BIT	0.1	1.5							
Safe Data Byte 1[6]	BIT	0.1	1.6	_						
0-f- D-t- D.t- 1171	DIT	0.1	17	•						

Fig. 144: Setting the process image size

Set the safe address on the *Linking* tab. Under *Full Name (input)* and *Full Name (output)* it contains information on which process data have to be linked with the corresponding signals of the PROFIsafe control. The setting Linking Mode *Automatic* is necessary in order to enable the simple transfer of the safety parameters to the corresponding device in the I/O tree.

Linking	Connectio	on Safety Para	meters P	Process Image		
Safe Addr	ess:	9		Linking M	lode: Automatic 🔹	
Physical [	Device:					📇 💻
Dip Switc	h:	2				
Full Name	e (input):	K1100)^Term 4	(EL6910)^	ConnectionInpu	its^Message_7 TxPDO	
Full Name	e (output):	100)^Term 4 (I	EL6910)^Co	onnectionOutpu	ts^Message_7 RxPDO	

Fig. 145: Setting the safe address

Select the PROFIsafe master on the *Connection* tab under mode.

Linking Con	nection Safety Parameters Pro	ocess Image
Connection	Settings	Connection Variables
Conn-No:	1	COM ERR Ack:
Conn-Id:	2 +	Info Data
Mode:	PROFIsafe master	Map State Map Inputs
Watchdog:	100	Map Diag Map Outputs
Module F	ault (Fail Safe Data) is COM ERR	

Fig. 146: Selecting the PROFIsafe master

Parameter	Description	User inter- action re- quired
Conn. no.	Connection number: is automatically assigned by the TwinCAT system	No
Conn ID	Connection ID: preallocated by the system, but can be changed by the user. A Conn ID must be unique within a configuration. Duplicate connection IDs result in an error message	Control
Mode	PROFIsafe master: The EL6910 is PROFIsafe master for this device.	Yes
Watchdog	Watchdog time for this connection. A ComError is generated, if the device fails to return a valid telegram to the EL6910 within the watchdog time.	Yes
	This checkbox is used to specify the behavior in the event of an error. If the checkbox is ticked and a module error occurs on the alias device, this also leads to a connection error and therefore to switching off the TwinSAFE group, in which this connection is defined.	Yes
Info data	The info data to be shown in the process image of the EL6910 can be defined via these checkboxes. Further information can be found in the FB documentation.	Yes

The Safety Parameters tab provides the parameters for the PROFIsafe master connection.

Linking Connection	Safety Parameters	Process Image			
Name	R/W	Current Value	IO Treeitem Value	Default Value	
F_Check_Seq_Nr	R/W	0 (0)			
F_Check_iPar	R/W	0 (0)			
F_SIL	R/W	SIL3 (2)			
F_CRC_Length	R	3-Byte-CRC (0)			
F_Block_ID	R	0 (0)			
F_Par_Version	R	V2-mode (1)			
F_Source_Add	R/W	0x0001 (1)			
F_Dest_Add	R/W	0x0009 (9)			
F_WD_Time	R/W	0x0064 (100)			
F_iPar_CRC	R/W	0x00000000 (0)			
F_Par_CRC	R	0x0B3E (2878)			
Edit Set Curr	ent to Default Value	Set Current to IO Treeiterr	Nalue Get IO Treeitem	Values Update IO Tree	eltem

Fig. 147: Parameters for the PROFIsafe master connection

Parameter	Description
F_Check_Seq_Nr	Setting (0/1) to indicate whether the sequence number of the connection should be checked.
F_Check_iPar	Setting (0/1) to indicate whether the parameterization should take place via an iPar server.

Parameter	Description
F_SIL	Selecting the required SIL level (SIL1, SIL2, SIL3, NoSIL)
F_CRC_Length	Display of the CRC length
F_Block_ID	always 0
F_Par_Version	PROFIsafe version used (typically V2 mode)
F_Source_Add	Setting the PROFIsafe source address
F_Dest_Add	Setting the PROFIsafe destination address
F_WD_Time	Setting the watchdog time
F_iPar_CRC	i-parameter(s) for the PROFIsafe slave
F_Par_CRC	Calculated CRC across all parameters

The parameter  $F_iPar_CRC$  refers to the *iParameters* of the PROFIsafe device. These must be set directly in the I/O configuration on the PROFIsafe device. Additional third-party software from the vendor may be necessary for the calculation of the iPar CRC. The CRC calculated there must be entered accordingly under  $F_iPar_CRC$  on the Safety Parameters tab.

After completion of the configuration of the parameters, they must be transferred to the I/O configuration by clicking the button *Update IO TreeItem* final.

### 5.11.2.2 Configuration of TwinCAT I/O

### 

#### **iParameters**

The identical iParameters as on the *Alias Device* must be configured on the PROFIsafe I/O device so that communication can start correctly.

### 5.11.3 Configuration of an EL6910 as a PROFIsafe Slave

The method of creating a connection between the EL6910 as the PROFIsafe Slave and a PROFIsafe Master is described below.

Unlike the configuration of the EL6910 as a PROFIsafe Master, several steps are necessary at this point.

### 5.11.3.1 Configuration of a safety project

The connection to the PROFIsafe Master is realized as usual via an *Alias Device*. A *Custom PROFIsafe Connection* can be created via the context menu of the node *Alias Devices* selecting *Add* and *New item....* 

Add New Item - Safe	ty_Project_1	2 ×
▲ Installed	Sort by: Default	Search Installed Templates (Ctrl+E)
Standard ▲ Safety ▷ EtherCAT KBus PROFIsafe	Custom PROFIsafe Connection Safety	<b>Type:</b> Safety Alias device for a custom PROFIsafe connection.
▷ Online		
Name: Custom P	ROFIsafe Connection_2.sds	Add Cancel

Fig. 148: Creating a Custom PROFIsafe connection

After opening the alias device, the process image size of the connection can be set via the *Process Image* tab. The individual signals can be renamed so that this text is ultimately displayed as the signal name within the safety application.

iputs	-				Outputs				
Message Size: 7 Bytes (3 B	ytes Sa	ate Da	ata)	•	Message Size:	5 Bytes (1 B	lytes Safe	Data)	
Name	Туре	Size	Posi		Na	me	Туре	Size	Posi
PROFIsafe Input1 ESTOP	BIT	0.1	0.0		Safe Data Byte	0[0]	BIT	0.1	0.0
PROFIsafe Input2 ESTOP	BIT	0.1	0.1		Safe Data Byte	0[1]	BIT	0.1	0.1
Guard Door 1	BIT	0.1	0.2		Safe Data Byte	0[2]	BIT	0.1	0.2
Guard Door 2	BIT	0.1	0.3		Safe Data Byte	0[3]	BIT	0.1	0.3
Safe Data Byte 0[4]	BIT	0.1	0.4		Safe Data Byte	0[4]	BIT	0.1	0.4
Safe Data Byte 0[5]	BIT	0.1	0.5		Safe Data Byte	0[5]	BIT	0.1	0.5
Safe Data Byte 0[6]	BIT	0.1	0.6		Safe Data Byte	0[6]	BIT	0.1	0.6
Safe Data Byte 0[7]	BIT	0.1	0.7		Safe Data Byte	0[7]	BIT	0.1	0.7
Safe Data Byte 1[0]	BIT	0.1	1.0						
Safe Data Byte 1[1]	BIT	0.1	1.1						
Safe Data Byte 1[2]	BIT	0.1	1.2						
Safe Data Byte 1[3]	BIT	0.1	1.3						
Safe Data Byte 1[4]	BIT	0.1	1.4						
Safe Data Byte 1[5]	BIT	0.1	1.5						
Safe Data Byte 1[6]	BIT	0.1	1.6	_					
0-4- D-1- D.1- 107	DIT	0.1	17	Ŧ					

#### Fig. 149: Process image

Set the safe address on the *Linking* tab. Under Full Name (input) and Full Name (output) it contains information on which process data have to be linked with the corresponding signals of the PROFIsafe control. The entry *Safe Address* must be used as F\_Dest\_Add on the master side.

Linking	Connectio	on Safety Parameter	rs Process Image
Safe Addr	ess:	10 🔄	Linking Mode: Automatic 🔹
Physical [	Device:		
Dip Switcl	h:	2	
Full Name	e (input):	K1100)^Term 4 (EL69	910)^ConnectionInputs^Message_7 TxPD0
Full Name	e (output):	100)^Term 4 (EL691	0)^ConnectionOutputs^Message_7 RxPD0
	e (e sup aly.	,,	

Fig. 150: Safe Address setting

Select the PROFIsafe slave on the *Connection* tab under Mode. No further settings are required.

Linking Conn	ection	Safety Parameters	Proc	ess Image			
Connection S	ettings			Connection	Variables		
Conn-No:	1			COM ERR A	Ack:		
Conn-Id:		}	+	Info Data			
Mode:	PROF	safe slave	•	Map Stat		Map Inputs	
Watchdog:				Map Dia	g	Map Outputs	
Module Fa	ault (Fail	Safe Data) is COM E	RR				

Fig. 151: Connection setting

No Safety Parameters need to be set if using the EL6910 as a PROFIsafe Slave.

#### 5.11.3.2 Configuration of the process image PROFIsafe Gateway

For the use of the PROFIsafe protocol via one of the available Beckhoff PROFIsafe Gateways (e.g. EL6631), the latter must be configured for the use of PROFIsafe. A corresponding GSDML file with PROFIsafe support is needed for this. A current version for the corresponding type of gateway can be found on the Beckhoff homepage.

So that the PROFIsafe configuration can be processed successfully by the PROFIsafe Gateway in use (e.g. EL6631), the PROFIsafe telegram must be configured in the process image of the EL6631. By using the correct GSDML file, all possible combinations of telegram size are made available and can then be connected with the *Alias Device*.

#### 5.11.3.3 Configuration of the PROFIsafe Master

The PROFIsafe slave is configured in the parameterization software of the PROFIsafe master. The telegram length selected in the Alias Device and in the PROFIsafe Gateway must be observed accordingly.  $F\_Dest\_Add$ , which is configurable in the PROFIsafe Master, must correspond to the *Safe Address* in the Alias Device (in this case 10).

Parametername F_SIL	Wert SIL3	Hex	Wert ändern
-CRC_Length	3-Byte-CRC		
F_Block_ID F_Par_Version	0 1		
Source_Add	2000	*	
E_Dest_Add E_WD_Time	10 100	A	
ktueller F-Parameter-CF A1F	C (CRC1) hexadezimal:		

Fig. 152: Configuration of the slave connection in the PROFIsafe master software

The parameters shown here are sent together with the CRC as a 10-byte parameter to the PROFIsafe Slave when starting the PROFIsafe Master.

#### 5.11.3.4 Configuration of PROFIsafe Gateway communication

The PROFIsafe Master transfers the configuration data of the connection via acyclic services. These must be forwarded via the Gateway (e.g. EL6631) to the EL6910. This is usually realized inside the standard controller. To do this the Gateway must first be configured so that the data can be forwarded via the standard controller.

#### 5.11.3.4.1 Gateway configuration

Within the TwinCAT configuration, the PROFINET device (in the PROFInet subtree of the I/O configuration) must be configured for the parameterization of the PROFIsafe Slave. To do this, the AmsNetID and the port must be set to the task that initiates the program sample below. For the first task in the first runtime system this is port 851 under TwinCAT 3 and port 802 under TwinCAT 2.

Solution Explorer 🔹 🔻 🗙	TwinCAT Project15 🛛 😐 🔾	×	
© ⊃ ঐ 'o - ₫ 🕨 🛱	General Adapter PRO	IFINET Sync Task Diag H	History Diagnosis
Search Solution Explorer (Ctrl+ü)			
Solution 'TwinCAT Project15' (1 project)	Protocol AMS NetId:	172.17.42.36.3.1	Port Settings
<ul> <li>TwinCAT Project15</li> <li>SYSTEM</li> </ul>	Protocol AMS PortNr.:	65535	Scan PNIO Devices
A MOTION	Server AMS NetId:	172.17.42.36.1.1	Topology
III PLC			
🚳 SAFETY	Server AMS PortNr.:	851	IRT Config
96+ C++	PN SW Version:		
▲ 🔀 I/O			
Devices			
🕨 🔫 Device 1 (EtherCAT)			
Device 2 (EL6631-0010)			
📸 Mappings			

Fig. 153: Configuration of the PROFINET device

The *Protocol AMS NetId* of the PROFINET device is located in the advanced EtherCAT settings of the EL6631-0010 (in the EtherCAT subtree of the I/O configuration) under the entry *Mailbox AoE*.

Advanced Settings		<b>—</b> ×-
<ul> <li>General</li> <li>Mailbox</li> <li>CoE</li> <li>FoE</li> <li>AoE</li> <li>Distributed Clock</li> <li>ESC Access</li> </ul>	AoE ADS over EtherCAT (AoE) Generate NetId Initialize NetId NetId: 172.17.42.36.3.1	
		OK Cancel

Fig. 154: Protocol AMS NetID of the PROFINET device

### 5.11.3.4.2 Sample program for parameterization

With the following program sample, the parameter data are received and saved in the PLC as persistent data. Each time the EL6910 is started, the parameters are transmitted to the EL6910 again and saved there in the CoE object 0x8005.



#### Saving PROFIsafe parameters persistently

The safety parameters for the slave connection transferred by the PROFIsafe master to the EL6910 are only transferred once when the PROFIsafe master starts up. If the EL6910 is restarted, these parameters are not transmitted again. Therefore, the saved data must be transferred again. If this is not done, the master must be restarted when the slave restarts.

#### Variable declaration

```
PROGRAM F Parameter E169x0
VAR
      FbWriteInd: ADSWRITEIND;
      FbWriteRes: ADSWRITERES;
      FbWrite: ADSWRITE;
      au8EL6930NetId AT %I*: ARRAY[0..5] OF BYTE;
      u16EL6930Port AT %I*: WORD;
      u16EL6930State AT %I*: WORD;
      u160ldState: WORD;
      bWriteFPar: BOOL;
      sNetId: STRING(23);
      bNetIdInitialized: BOOL;
      i: INT;
      au16FParameter: ARRAY [0..7] OF WORD;
END VAR
VAR PERSISTENT
      au8FParameter: ARRAY[0..9] OF BYTE;
END VAR
```

#### **Program sample**

```
(* Setting AmsNetID of EL69x0 *)
IF NOT bNetIdInitialized THEN
      sNetId := '';
      FOR i := 0 TO 5 DO
            sNetId := CONCAT(sNetId,BYTE TO STRING(au8EL6930NetId[i]));
            sNetId := CONCAT(sNetId, '.');
      END FOR
      bNetIdInitialized := TRUE;
END IF
(* ADS Write Indication - Reading parameter data *)
FbWriteInd();
IF FbWriteInd.VALID THEN
      IF FbWriteInd.LENGTH = 10 THEN
            FW_MemCpy(ADR(au8FParameter), FbWriteInd.DATAADDR, 10);
            bWriteFPar := TRUE;
      END IF
      FbWriteRes(
            NETID := FbWriteInd.NETID,
            PORT := FbWriteInd.PORT,
            INVOKEID := FbWriteInd.INVOKEID,
            RESULT := 0,
            RESPOND := TRUE
            );
            FbWriteRes(RESPOND := FALSE);
            FbWriteInd(CLEAR := TRUE);
            FbWriteInd(CLEAR := FALSE);
END IF
memcpy(ADR(au16FParameter), ADR(au8FParameter), SIZEOF(au8FParameter));
(* Calculate parameter CRC in case of EL6910 *)
aul6FParameter[7]:=F CalcCrc011B(ul6Size:=14 , u32DataAdr:= ADR(aul6FParameter));
(* ADS Write - Write parameter to EL69x0 *)
FbWrite(
     NETID := sNetId.
      PORT := u16EL6930Port,
      IDXGRP := 16#F302,
      IDXOFFS := 16#FE220001,
      LEN := SIZEOF(au16Fparameter),
      SRCADDR := ADR(au16FParameter),
      WRITE := bWriteFPar
);
IF bWriteFPar AND NOT FbWrite.BUSY THEN
      IF NOT FbWrite.ERR THEN
            bWriteFPar := FALSE;
      END IF
      FbWrite(WRITE := FALSE);
END IF
(* Write parameter each startup of the EL69x0 *)
IF (u160ldState AND 16#0F) <> (u16EL6930State AND 16#0F) THEN
      IF (u160ldState AND 16#0F) <> 2
            AND (u160ldState AND 16#0F) <> 4
            AND (u160ldState AND 16#0F) <> 8 THEN
            IF (u16EL6930State AND 16\#0F) = 2
                  OR (u16EL6930State AND 16\#0F) = 4
                  OR (u16EL6930State AND 16#0F) = 8 THEN
                  bWriteFPar := TRUE;
            END IF
      END IF
      u160ldState := u16EL6930State;
END IFs
```

When using this program sample, the index offset must be adapted to suit the configured PROFIsafe connection for successful writing of the parameters to the EL6910. The value in the sample shown here is *FE220001*. The last two digits are the connection number of the PROFIsafe connection (in this case *01*). This is to be taken from the corresponding *Alias Device* of the safety project (on the *Connection* tab).

In order to calculate the CRC of the parameters, an additional function is required for the EL6910 (in the sample program it is the call *F\_CalcCrc011B*).

#### Variable declaration

FUNCTION F_CalcCrc011B : WORD
VAR_INPUT
ul6Size: WORD;
u32DataAdr: POINTER TO DWORD;
END_VAR
VAR
i: WORD;
b1,b2: BYTE;
ul6Crc: WORD;
w1,w2: WORD;
au16CrcTab: ARRAY[0255] OF WORD :=
[16#0000,16#011B,16#0236,16#032D,16#046C,16#0577,16#065A,16#0741,
16#08D8,16#09C3,16#0AEE,16#0BF5,16#0CB4,16#0DAF,16#0E82,16#0F99,
16#11B0,16#10AB,16#1386,16#129D,16#15DC,16#14C7,16#17EA,16#16F1,
16#1968,16#1873,16#1B5E,16#1A45,16#1D04,16#1C1F,16#1F32,16#1E29,
16#2360,16#227B,16#2156,16#204D,16#270C,16#2617,16#253A,16#2421,
16#2BB8,16#2AA3,16#298E,16#2895,16#2FD4,16#2ECF,16#2DE2,16#2CF9, 16#32D0,16#33CB,16#30E6,16#31FD,16#36BC,16#37A7,16#348A,16#3591,
16#3A08,16#3B13,16#383E,16#3925,16#3E64,16#3F7F,16#3C52,16#3D49,
16#46C0,16#47DB,16#44F6,16#45ED,16#42AC,16#43B7,16#409A,16#4181,
16#4E18,16#4F03,16#4C2E,16#4D35,16#4A74,16#4B6F,16#4842,16#4959,
16#5770,16#566B,16#5546,16#545D,16#531C,16#5207,16#512A,16#5031,
16#5FA8,16#5EB3,16#5D9E,16#5C85,16#5BC4,16#5ADF,16#59F2,16#5E89,
16#65A0,16#64BB,16#6796,16#668D,16#61CC,16#60D7,16#63FA,16#62E1,
16#6D78,16#6C63,16#6F4E,16#6E55,16#6914,16#680F,16#6B22,16#6A39,
16#7410,16#750B,16#7626,16#773D,16#707C,16#7167,16#724A,16#7351,
16#7CC8,16#7DD3,16#7EFE,16#7FE5,16#78A4,16#79BF,16#7A92,16#7B89,
16#8D80,16#8C9B,16#8FB6,16#8EAD,16#89EC,16#88F7,16#8DDA,16#8AC1,
16#8558,16#8443,16#876E,16#8675,16#8134,16#802F,16#8302,16#8219,
16#9C30,16#9D2B,16#9E06,16#9F1D,16#985C,16#9947,16#9A6A,16#9B71,
16#94E8,16#95F3,16#96DE,16#97C5,16#9084,16#919F,16#92B2,16#93A9,
16#AEE0,16#AFFB,16#ACD6,16#ADCD,16#AA8C,16#AB97,16#A8BA,16#A9A1,
16#A638,16#A723,16#A40E,16#A515,16#A254,16#A34F,16#A062,16#A179,
16#BF50,16#BE4B,16#BD66,16#BC7D,16#BB3C,16#BA27,16#B90A,16#B811,
16#B788,16#B693,16#B5BE,16#B4A5,16#B3E4,16#B2FF,16#B1D2,16#B0C9,
16#CB40,16#CA5B,16#C976,16#C86D,16#CF2C,16#CE37,16#CD1A,16#CC01,
16#C398,16#C283,16#C1AE,16#C0B5,16#C7F4,16#C6EF,16#C5C2,16#C4D9,
16#DAF0,16#DBEB,16#D8C6,16#D9DD,16#DE9C,16#DF87,16#DCAA,16#DDB1,
16#D228,16#D333,16#D01E,16#D105,16#D644,16#D75F,16#D472,16#D569,
16#E820,16#E93B,16#EA16,16#EB0D,16#EC4C,16#ED57,16#EE7A,16#EF61,
16#E0F8,16#E1E3,16#E2CE,16#E3D5,16#E494,16#E58F,16#E6A2,16#E7B9,
16#F990,16#F88B,16#FBA6,16#FABD,16#FDFC,16#FCE7,16#FFCA,16#FED1,
16#F148,16#F053,16#F37E,16#F265,16#F524,16#F43F,16#F712,16#F609];
END VAR

end\_var

#### **Program sample**

F\_CalcCrc011B := u16Crc;

## 5.12 TwinSAFE SC - configuration

The TwinSAFE SC technology enables communication with standard EtherCAT terminals via the Safety over EtherCAT protocol. These connections use another checksum, in order to be able to distinguish between TwinSAFE SC and TwinSAFE. Eight fixed CRCs can be selected, or a free CRC can be entered by the user.

By default the TwinSAFE SC communication channel of the respective TwinSAFE SC component is not enabled. In order to be able to use the data transfer, the corresponding TwinSAFE SC module must first be added under the Slots tab. Only then is it possible to link to a corresponding alias device.

(	General	EtherCAT	DC	Process Data	Slots	Startup	CoE - Onli	ine	Online			
	Slot	TSC Conne	ection		Module EL5021-00	090	< X	-	odule EL5021-0090	ModuleIdent 0x0000139D	Description Module 1 (EL5021-0090)	
	•					►		•				▶
	Dow	nload SlotCf	fg	🔲 (I->P)					Create project s	specific XML Fil	e	

Fig. 155: Adding the TwinSAFE SC process data under the component, e.g. EL5021-0090

Additional process data with the ID TSC Inputs, TSC Outputs are generated (TSC - TwinSAFE Single Channel).

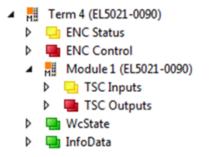


Fig. 156: TwinSAFE SC component process data, example EL5021-0090

Add New Item - SafetyProject		? 🔀
◄ Installed	Sort by: Default	Search Installed Templates (Ctrl+E) 🔎 🗝
Standard ⊿ Safety	4 digital inputs (EtherCAT) Safet	y <b>Type:</b> Safety
▲ EtherCAT Beckhoff Automation Gmb	4 digital outputs (EtherCAT) Safet	y
KBus PROFIsafe	8 digital inputs (EtherCAT) Safet	у
	2 digital inputs and 2 digital outputs (EtherCAT) Safet	y
<ul> <li>♦ Online</li> </ul>	0x0000139D - TSC (EL5021-0090) Safet	/
Name: 0x0000139D -	'SC (EL5021-0090)_1.sds	Add Cancel

A TwinSAFE SC connection is added by adding an alias devices in the safety project and selecting TSC (*TwinSAFE Single Channel*)

Fig. 157: Adding a TwinSAFE SC connection

After opening the alias device by double-clicking, select the Link button in the provided provided in the order to create the link to a TwinSAFE SC terminal. Only suitable TwinSAFE SC terminals are offered in the selection dialog.

Choose physical channel	×
Devices	OK
Device 1 (EtherCAT)	Cancel
Term 9 (EL5021-0090)	O Unused
Module 1 (TwinSAFE Single Channel)	All

Fig. 158: Creating a link to TwinSAFE SC terminal

The CRC to be used can be selected or a free CRC can be entered under the Connection tab of the alias device.

Entry Mode	Used CRCs
TwinSAFE SC CRC 1 master	0x17B0F
TwinSAFE SC CRC 2 master	0x1571F
TwinSAFE SC CRC 3 master	0x11F95
TwinSAFE SC CRC 4 master	0x153F1
TwinSAFE SC CRC 5 master	0x1F1D5
TwinSAFE SC CRC 6 master	0x1663B
TwinSAFE SC CRC 7 master	0x1B8CD
TwinSAFE SC CRC 8 master	0x1E1BD

Linking	Connecti	on Safety Parameters	Process Imag	е	
Conne	ction Settin	ngs	Co	nnection Varia	bles
Conn-N	lo:	1	CC	M ERR Ack:	
Conn-le	d:	2	+ -	o Data	
Mode:		TwinSAFE SC CRC 1 m	aster 🔻 📃	Map State	Map Inputs
CRC P	olynomial:	TwinSAFE SC CRC 1 m	aster	Map Diag	Map Outputs
	-	TwinSAFE SC CRC 2 m			
Watcho	log (ms):	TwinSAFE SC CRC 3 m			
Mod	dule Fault (	TwinSAFE SC CRC 4 m TwinSAFE SC CRC 5 m	aster aster		
		TwinSAFE SC CRC 6 m	aster		
		TwinSAFE SC CRC 7 m	aster		
		TwinSAFE SC CRC 8 m	aster		
		TwinSAFE SC custom C	RC master		

Fig. 159: Selecting a free CRC

These settings must match the settings in the CoE objects of the TwinSAFE SC component. The TwinSAFE SC component initially makes all available process data available. The *Safety Parameters* tab typically contains no parameters. The process data size and the process data themselves can be selected under the *Process Image* tab.

L	inking	Connection	Safety Par	ameters	Process	s Image
	Inputs					Outputs
	Messa	age Size: 19 E	Bytes (8 Byt	es Safe D	ata) 🔻	Message Size: 6 Bytes (1 Bytes Safe Data) 🔻
		Name	Тур	e Size	Position	Name Type Size Position
	Coun	ter value	UDIN	IT 4.0	0.0	1.0 0.0
	Frequ	uency value (int	32) DINT	4.0	4.0	
	Ec	dit				

Fig. 160: Selecting the process data size and the process data

The process data (defined in the ESI file) can be adjusted to user requirements by selecting the *Edit* button in the dialog *Configure I/O element(s)*.

Configure	d:					Available:			
Index	Name	Туре	Size	Position		Index	Name	Туре	Size
6000:11	Counter value	UDINT	4.0	0.0		6000:13	Frequency value	UDINT	4.0
6000:1B	Frequency value (int32)	DINT	4.0	4.0	< Add <		Frequency value (int16)	INT	2.0
				8.0	> Remove >	6000:1C	Frequency value (uint16)	UINT	2.0 0.1
					Move Up Move Down Incr. Size Decr. Size Check OK Cancel				

Fig. 161: Selection of the process data

The safety address together with the CRC must be entered on the TwinSAFE SC slave side. This is done via the CoE objects under *TSC settings* of the corresponding TwinSAFE SC component (here, for example, EL5021-0090, 0x8010: 01 and 0x8010: 02). The address set here must also be set in the *alias device* as *FSoE* address under the *Linking* tab.

Under the object 0x80n0:02 Connection Mode the CRC to be used is selected or a free CRC is entered. A total of 8 CRCs are available. A free CRC must start with 0x00ff in the high word.

Ė 80	10:0	TSC Settings	RW	>2<
	8010:01	Address	RW	0x0000 (0)
	8010:02	Connection Mode	RW	TwinSAFE SC CRC1 master (97039)

Fig. 162: CoE objects 0x8010:01 and 0x8010:02



#### **Object TSC Settings**

Depending on the terminal, the index designation of the configuration object *TSC Settings* can vary. Example:

- EL3214-0090 and EL3314-0090, TSC Settings, Index 8040
- EL5021-0090, TSC Settings, Index 8010
- EL6224-0090, TSC Settings, Index 800F

Set Value Dialo	og	×
Dec:	97039	ŌK
Hex:	0x00017B0F	Cancel
Enum:	TwinSAFE SC CRC1 master	$\sim$
Bool:	0 1	Hex Edit
Binary:	OF 7B 01 00	4
Bit Size:	○1 ○8 ○16 ●32	○64 ○?

Fig. 163: Entering the safety address and the CRC

#### TwinSAFE SC connections

If several TwinSAFE SC connections are used within a configuration, a different CRC must be selected for each TwinSAFE SC connection.

### 5.13 Customizing / disabling TwinSAFE groups

The function Customizing *c*an be selected in the safety toolbars or via the TwinSAFE menu. It can be used to enable and disable groups. There are different deactivation methods, as shown in the following table.

Deactivation	Description
Permanent deactivation	The TwinSAFE group is permanently disabled by the user. The substitute values parameterized for the group are set for the group outputs. If this group is enabled again, the RUN signal for this group must change from 0 to 1, in order for the group to start. Parameter: <i>Permanent Deactivation Allowed</i> : TRUE/FALSE
Deactivation until the EL6910 is switched off and back on again	The TwinSAFE group is disabled until the EL6910 is switched on again. The substitute values parameterized for the group are set for the group outputs. This setting cannot be used as default setting for the safety program download. If this group is enabled again (other than by switching off and on again), the RUN signal for this group must change from 0 to 1, in order for the group to start.
	Parameter: Temporary Deactivation Allowed: TRUE/FALSE
Deactivation of manual control unit	After starting the deactivation, the connection defined in the group must report a COM error after a period of 10 seconds, for example (default setting). If this is not the case, a group error set and corresponding diagnostic message is generated. Only one connection may be defined in the group, which must be a master connection.
	Parameter: <i>Passification Allowed</i> : TRUE/FALSE <i>Timeout Passification Allowed</i> : Time in ms

The customization can also be carried out during the download of the safety application.

In order to be able to perform a customization, the groups must be set accordingly. This is done via the group properties.

Properties	
TwinSAFE Safety Application	
Customization Settings	
Passification Allowed	False
Permament Deactivation Allowed	False
Temporary Deactivation Allowed	False
Timeout Passification Allowed (ms)	10000
Failsafe Settings	
Analog FB Output Failsafe Values	Zero
🗆 Info Data	
Map Diag	False
Map State	False
Parameter Settings	
Group Order Id	0
Startup Settings	
Verify Analog FB Inputs at Group Startup	False

#### Fig. 164: Properties of the TwinSAFE group

If one of the Customizing parameters (*Passification Allowed*, *Permanent Deactivation Allowed* or *Temporary Deactivation Allowed*) is set to TRUE, all outputs of the TwinSAFE group that are not Safety Alias Devices are listed in the list of *Replacement Values*. Here you can parameterize the substitute values to be written to the output in the event of deactivation of the group.

ort Name	Instance Name	Replacement Value	Custom Failsafe Value	
StopOut	FBEstop1	True	False	
EStopDelOut FBEstop1		True	False	
AnalogOut	FBAdd1	0x05DC (1500)	0×0000 (0)	

Fig. 165: Replacement values for the TwinSAFE group

When the Customizing function *line* is selected, the login dialog opens for the user to enter their login data. This login must give permission for customizing.

Customize Safety Project		X
Steps	I	Login
WARNING	Username:	Administrator
Login		
Customize TwinSAFE Groups	Serial Number:	00123456
	Password:	••••••
		Next Cancel

Fig. 166: Login

BECKHOFF

The Customizing dialog opens once the user has entered the data and selected Next.

The current group status is indicated with a green background.

Customize Safety Project					
Steps	Custor	nize 🛛	[winS/	AFE Gro	oups
WARNING	TwinSAFE Groups	Activate	Passivate	Deactivate Temporarily	Deactivate Permanently
Login	TwinSafeGroup1	•	0	0	
Customize TwinSAFE Groups					
				Finish	Cancel

Fig. 167: Customizing TwinSAFE Groups

The user can select the new status via the option area. In the sample below *Deactivate Temporarily* is selected. Use the *Finish* button to close the dialog and execute the required option.

Customize Safety Project					X
Steps	Custor	nize 🛛	[winS/	AFE Gro	oups
WARNING	TwinSAFE Groups	Activate	Passivate	Deactivate Temporarily	Deactivate Permanently
Login	TwinSafeGroup1	•	•	0	0
Customize TwinSAFE Groups					
				Finish	Cancel

Fig. 168: Customized TwinSAFE Group

#### TwinSAFE Logic in PreOP state

If Customizing is carried out on a TwinSAFE Logic with EtherCAT status PreOP, the customizing of a group does not become active. Customizing must be carried out again if the TwinSAFE Logic is in the EtherCAT status SafeOP or OP.

### 5.14 Saving the analog group inputs persistently

EL6910, EJ6910 and EK1960 support persistent saving of analog input values in an internal memory. When the group starts up, the stored data are compared with the current data. Under the tab *Max Start Deviation*, a corresponding deviation can be specified for each defined analog input value of the group.

Variable M	app	oing bootee						<b>•</b> 4	×
Variables	G	roup Ports	Rep	lacement Values	Max St	art Deviatio	n		
Port Nar	ne	Instance N	ame	Max Deviation					
AnalogI	n1	FBAdd1		0x0014 (20)					
AnalogI	n2	FBAdd1		0x001E (30)					
Safety Proj	ect	Online View	Va	riable Mapping	Watch 1	Error List	Output		

Fig. 169: Specifying deviations for analog input values

In the group properties the general settings for setting substitute values and checking the analog values on group startup can be parameterized. Setting the parameter *Verify Analog FB Inputs at Group Startup* to TRUE activates saving of all analog group inputs.

Properties								
TwinSAFE Safety Application								
Customization Settings								
Passification Allowed	False							
Permament Deactivation Allowed	False							
Temporary Deactivation Allowed	False							
Timeout Passification Allowed (ms)	10000							
□ Failsafe Settings								
Analog FB Output Failsafe Values	Zero							
🗆 Info Data	Info Data							
Map Diag	False							
Map State	False							
Parameter Settings								
Group Order Id	0							
Startup Settings								
Verify Analog FB Inputs at Group Startup	False							

Fig. 170: Activate saving of all analog group inputs

## 5.15 Project design limits of EL6910/EJ6910

#### Project design limits

The maximum project design size for EL6910/EJ6910 is determined by the available memory. This is managed dynamically. The values specified in the following table are therefore only guide values and may differ from the actual values, depending on the safety project.

(max. memory size 0x1E00 for three buffers, i.e. with identical input and output process data sizes, the maximum size is 1280 bytes per data direction. Only even start addresses are possible, therefore fill bytes may have to be considered)finSAFE connectionsmaximum 212 (up to 255 CRCs in total; 1 CRC is required for a TwinSAFE connection with 1 or 2 byte safe data.)pported hardware for imSAFE connections of the 6910/EJ6910EL1904 (all) EL2902 (all) EL6900 (all - max. 14 byte safe data) EL6910 (all - max. 126 byte		
Image: Section of the section of th	Process image size	(max. memory size 0x1E00 for three buffers, i.e. with identical input and output process data sizes, the maximum size is 1280 bytes per data direction. Only even start addresses are possible, therefore fill bytes may
TinSAFE connections of the 6910/EJ6910EL2904 (all) EL2902 (all) EL6900 (all - max. 14 byte safe data) EL6930 (all - max. 14 byte safe data) EL6910 (all - max. 126 byte safe data) EL6910 (all - max. 126 byte safe data) EL6910 (all - max. 126 byte safe data) KL1904 (from 2008) KL2904 (from 2008) KL2904 (from 2008) KL6904 as slave (from 2008) AX5805 (all) AX5806 (all)fe data per TwinSAFE nnectionmaximum 126 byte (telegram length 255 byte)coFlsafe telegram length4 to 16 byte PROFIsafe telegram length (user data 0 - 12 byte) maximum 512 (ESTOP with complete input and output mapping)rinSAFE groupsmaximum 128 maximum 40 andard PLC inputs	TwinSAFE connections	(up to 255 CRCs in total; 1 CRC is required for a TwinSAFE connection
nnectionCOFIsafe telegram length4 to 16 byte PROFIsafe telegram length (user data 0 - 12 byte)vinSAFE function blocksmaximum 512 (ESTOP with complete input and output mapping)vinSAFE groupsmaximum 128vinSAFE usermaximum 40andard PLC inputsdynamic (memory-dependent), max. 1024 byte	Supported hardware for TwinSAFE connections of the EL6910/EJ6910	EL2904 (all) EL2902 (all) EL6900 (all - max. 14 byte safe data) EL6930 (all - max. 14 byte safe data) EL6910 (all - max. 126 byte safe data) EL6910 (all - max. 126 byte safe data) KL1904 (from 2008) KL2904 (from 2008) KL6904 as slave (from 2008) AX5805 (all)
rinSAFE function blocksmaximum 512 (ESTOP with complete input and output mapping)rinSAFE groupsmaximum 128rinSAFE usermaximum 40andard PLC inputsdynamic (memory-dependent), max. 1024 byte	Safe data per TwinSAFE connection	maximum 126 byte (telegram length 255 byte)
vinSAFE groups       maximum 128         vinSAFE user       maximum 40         andard PLC inputs       dynamic (memory-dependent), max. 1024 byte	PROFIsafe telegram length	4 to 16 byte PROFIsafe telegram length (user data 0 - 12 byte)
vinSAFE user     maximum 40       andard PLC inputs     dynamic (memory-dependent), max. 1024 byte	TwinSAFE function blocks	maximum 512 (ESTOP with complete input and output mapping)
andard PLC inputs dynamic (memory-dependent), max. 1024 byte	TwinSAFE groups	maximum 128
	TwinSAFE user	maximum 40
andard PLC outputs dynamic (memory-dependent), max. 1024 byte	Standard PLC inputs	dynamic (memory-dependent), max. 1024 byte
	Standard PLC outputs	dynamic (memory-dependent), max. 1024 byte

#### TwinSAFE connection

Only one TwinSAFE connection between two TwinSAFE terminals is possible. For communication with a EL6900, for example, a connection with up to 14 bytes safe user data can be used.

## 5.16 Sync-Manager Configuration

Depending on the size of the TwinSAFE project on the TwinSAFE logic, it may be necessary to adjust the sync manager configuration.

As soon as the following message appears during the saving or downloading of the project, the sync manager configuration for the device has to be adapted.

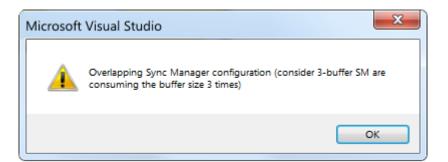


Fig. 171: Overlapping Sync Manager

#### Adapting the Sync-Manager configuration

The Sync Manager settings can be made via the Advanced Settings... of the TwinSAFE logic.

General EtherCAT	Process Data	Startup	CoE - Online	Diag History	Online
Туре:	EL6910, Twin	SAFE PL(	2		
Product/Revision:	EL6910-0000-	0017			
Auto Inc Addr:	FFFD				
	4004	A.		Advanced Sel	tinge
EtherCAT Addr:	1004	W		Auvanceu sei	ungs
EtherCAT Addr: 🔲 Identification Value:		v 4. V		Auvanceu sei	ungs
		A. 7		Auvanceu se	√

Fig. 172: EtherCAT Advanced Settings

To calculate the smallest start address of SM3, the length of SM2 is multiplied by 3 and added to the start address of SM2.

Start SM3 >= Start SM2 + 3\* Length SM2

In addition, the starting address, together with 3 times the length of SM3, must not be larger than the address 0x3000.

Start SM3 + 3\* Length SM3 <= 0x3000

- General Behavior	FMMU / SM								
Timeout Settings	L Start	Length	L EndBit	P Start	Flags	Sm	Su		
Identification	0x0100001	1.0 2	7	0x1200.0	WE	2	0		
<mark>FMMU / SM</mark>	0x0100001	1.0 2	7	0x1D00.0	RE	3	0		
Init Commands	0x0900000	0.1 1	1	0x080D.0	RE	0	0		
Mailbox	0x0000000	0.0 0	0	0x0000.0	W	4	1		
Distributed Clock	0x0000000	0.0 0	0	0x0000.0	R	5	1		
ESC Access	•								
			<i>,</i>	Append	Delete	) <u> </u>	dit		
	Start	Length	Data	M	Master				
	0x1000	256	0x00010026 (1\	VPE)					
	0x1100	256	0x00010022 (1F	RPE)					
	0x1200	2 (6)	0x00010024 (3\						
	0x1D00	2 (6)	0x00010020 (3F	•					
	0x2E00	0	0x00000024 (3∖						
	0x2F00	0	0x00000020 (3P	RP)					
			- A	Append	Delete	Ε	dit		
						,			
					ОК		Car		



Advanced Settings							(	23			
🚍 - General	FMMU / SM										
Behavior Timeout Settings	L Start	Length	L EndBit	P Start	Flags	Sm	Su				
Identification	0x01000011.0	2	7	0x1200.0	WE	2	0				
FMMU / SM	0x01000011.0		7	0x1D00.0	RE	3	0				
Init Commands	0x09000000.1		1	Ux080D.0	HE /	U	0				
- Mailbox	0x00000000.0		0	0x0000.0	¥ /	4	1				
- Distributed Clock	0x00000000.0	U	0	0x0000.0	R	5	1	Edit S	ync Manager		
- ESC Access	•				/		•	-			
			-	Append	Delete	Ec	lit	Тур		Buffer	OK
	Start	Length	Data		Aaster			Inp	uts 🔻	<b>(a)</b> 3	Cancel
	0x1000	-		/	naster			Star	t Address:	li 1	Canoor
	0x1000 0x1100	256 256	0x00010026 (1\ 0x00010022 (1F	· /				742	4		
		206	0x00010022 (14 0x00010024 (3)	· -					1	Access	
		2 (6)	0x00010020 (3F					🖊 Len	gth:	Read	
		0	0x00000024 (3\	1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A				2		🔘 Write	
	0x2F00	0	0x00000020 (3F			-		/			
	L									to EtherCAT	
				Append	Delete	EC	lit	<b>V</b>	Inable		
										📝 to PDI	
									atchdog		
					OK	Car	ncel		-		
									Trigger		

#### Fig. 174: Setting the start address for SM3

After changing the start address, all dialogs are closed with OK, the TwinCAT project is saved and the configuration is activated. If the calculation was carried out correctly, no error message should now be displayed and the project should be executed without errors.

### 5.17 Diagnostics

### 5.17.1 Diagnostic LEDs

The LEDs Diag 1 to Diag 4 display diagnostic information for the EL6910.

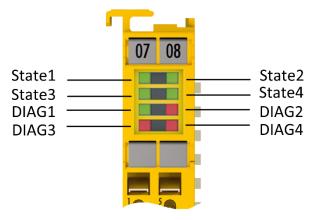


Fig. 175: EL6910 diagnostic LEDs

### 5.17.1.1 LED indicators

#### **Diagnostic LEDs**

LED	lit	flashing	off		
Diag 1 (green)	Environment variables, operating voltage and internal tests are in the valid range • If Diag 2 flashes, a logic	-	Environment variables, operating voltage and internal tests are outside the valid range		
	error code applies		<ul> <li>If Diag 2 flashes, an environment error code applies</li> </ul>		
Diag 2	Together with Diag 3 and 4:	Logic or environment error	Together with Diag 3 and 4:		
(red)	Global shutdown <sup>1)</sup> has occurred. (see diag history of the TwinSAFE components)	code according to Diag1 and tables below is output	Global fault <sup>1)</sup> has occurred. (see diag history of the TwinSAFE components)		
Diag 3 (red)	Global fault or global shutdown on $\mu$ C1 <sup>1)</sup>	-	No global fault or global shutdown on µC1 <sup>1)</sup>		
Diag 4 (red)	Global fault or global shutdown on μC2 <sup>1)</sup>	-	No global fault or global shutdown on μC2 <sup>1)</sup>		

1. A global fault permanently disables the TwinSAFE component, so that it has to be replaced. A global shutdown temporarily disables the TwinSAFE component. The error can be reset by switching off and back on again.

#### Logic error codes of LED Diag 2 (if LED Diag 1 is lit)

Flashing Code	Description
1	Function block error in one of the TwinSAFE groups
2	Communication error in one of the TwinSAFE groups
3	Error combination: Function block and communication
4	General error in one of the TwinSAFE groups
5	Error combination: General and function block
6	Error combination: General and communication

Flashing Code	Description
7	Error combination: General, function block and communication

#### Environment error codes of LED Diag 2 (if LED Diag 1 is off)

Flashing Code	Description
1	Maximum supply voltage µC1 exceeded
2	Supply voltage µC1 below minimum value
3	Maximum supply voltage µC2 exceeded
4	Supply voltage µC2 below minimum value
5	Maximum internal temperature exceeded
6	Internal temperature below minimum value
7	Valid temperature difference between µC1 and µC2 exceeded
8	not used
9	not used
10	General error

### 5.17.1.2 Flash code display

LED	Display	Description
flashing		400 ms ON / 400 ms OFF 1 second pause between the flash codes
flickering		50 ms ON / 50 ms OFF

### 5.17.2 Status LEDs

The LEDs State 1 to State 4 indicate the current status of the EL6910.

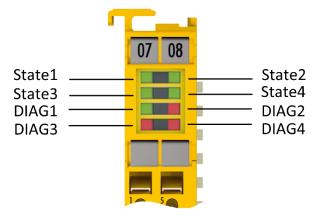


Fig. 176: EL6910 status LEDs

#### LED Display

State 1	State 2	State 3	State 4	Meaning
Off	Off	Off	lit	No TwinSAFE project available on the component
Off	Off	lit	lit	TwinSAFE project loaded, but not yet in RUN state
lit	Off	lit	lit	TwinSAFE project loaded and in RUN state. Customization is active for at least one TwinSAFE group
lit	lit	lit	lit	TwinSAFE project loaded and in RUN state. Customization is NOT active

### 5.17.3 Diagnostic objects

#### Do not change CoE objects!

Do not make any modifications to the CoE objects in the TwinSAFE components! Any modifications (e.g. using TwinCAT) of the CoE objects will permanently set the TwinSAFE components to the Fail-Stop state.

#### Index F984<sub>hex</sub>: Device Info Data C1

The CoE object F984<sub>hex</sub> displays current internal temperature and voltage values of the TwinSAFE components.

Index	Name	Meaning	Flags	Default
F984:01	Voltage C2	Voltage µC2	RO	0 <sub>dec</sub>
F984:02	Temperature C1	Temperature µC1	RO	0 <sub>dec</sub>
F984:03	Firmware CRC C1	CRC Firmware µC1	RO	0 <sub>dec</sub>
F984:04	Vendor data CRC C1	CRC Vendor data µC1	RO	0 <sub>dec</sub>

#### Index F985<sub>hex</sub>: Device Info Data C2

The CoE object F985<sub>hex</sub> displays current internal temperature and voltage values of the TwinSAFE components.

Index	Name	Meaning	Flags	Default
F985:01	Voltage C1	Voltage µC1	RO	0 <sub>dec</sub>
F985:02	Temperature C2	Temperature µC2	RO	0 <sub>dec</sub>
F985:03	Firmware CRC C2	CRC Firmware µC2	RO	0 <sub>dec</sub>
F985:04	Vendor data CRC C2	CRC Vendor data µC2	RO	0 <sub>dec</sub>



#### **Diagnostics history**

Errors occurring during the operation of the TwinSAFE components, such as overtemperature or undervoltage, are entered in the diagnostic history with a corresponding timestamp.

#### Index F100<sub>hex</sub>: FSLOGIC status

The CoE object F100<sub>hex</sub> shows the current status of the TwinSAFE component.

Index	Name	Meaning	Flags	Default
F100:01	Safe Logic State	Status of the internal logic:	RO	0 <sub>bin</sub>
		0: OFFLINE 1: RUN 3: SAFE 6: START 8: PREPARE 10: RESTORE 11: PROJECT-CRC-OK		
F100:02	Cycle Counter	Life cycle counter, which is incremented with each TwinSAFE logic cycle.	RO	0 <sub>bin</sub>

#### The following table contains a description of all values of the index F100<sub>hex</sub> SubIndex 01

Index	Value	Description
F100:01	0: OFFLINE	In the OFFLINE state no TwinSAFE logic program is loaded. No TwinSAFE groups and no TwinSAFE connections are processed.
	1: RUN	In the RUN state all TwinSAFE groups and all TwinSAFE connections configured in the TwinSAFE logic program are processed.
	3: SAFE	The SAFE state is assumed from the RUN state when the TwinSAFE logic program is stopped. If the TwinSAFE logic program is restarted without a new TwinSAFE logic program having been transferred, the TwinSAFE logic should switch again from SAFE to RUN. All

Index	Value	Description
		TwinSAFE groups should be initialized with the initial state STOPERROR, so that an error acknowledgement occurs before safe outputs are connected again. In the SAFE state no TwinSAFE groups and no TwinSAFE connections are processed.
	6: START	The START state is assumed if the TwinSAFE logic program is loaded but the standard communication channel (e.g. EtherCAT) is not yet in process data exchange or the process data lengths configured via the standard communication channel do not match the process data lengths calculated using the TwinSAFE logic program. The START state is also assumed when a user is logged in for the purpose of deleting the current TwinSAFE logic program or transferring the user list. In the START state no TwinSAFE groups and no TwinSAFE connections are processed.
	8: PREPARE	The PREPARE state is assumed at the transition from START to RUN or from SAFE to RUN. In the PREPARE state, the stored data read in from the FRAM is checked and then the RUN state is assumed. If an error is detected during checking of the stored data, all TwinSAFE groups assume the initial state STOPERROR. If no error is detected during checking of the stored data, all TwinSAFE groups assume the initial state STOPERROR.
	10: RESTORE	In the RESTORE state the loaded TwinSAFE restore program is to be checked by comparing its project CRC with the project CRCs read in via the corresponding TwinSAFE connections. In the RESTORE state all TwinSAFE connections configured in the TwinSAFE Restore program are processed.
	11: PROJECT-CRC-OK	The PROJECT-CRC-OK state is assumed once the project CRC of the loaded TwinSAFE restore program has been successfully checked via the TwinSAFE connections. In the PROJECT-CRC-OK state no TwinSAFE groups and no TwinSAFE connections are processed.

This CoE object is additionally copied into the cyclic process image of the TwinSAFE component. From there, this information can be directly linked into the PLC.

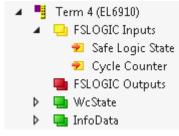


Fig. 177: Diagnostic object - FSLOGIC Status (F100<sub>hex</sub>) in the process image of the TwinSAFE component

### 5.17.4 Cycle time of the safety project

The processing time of the EL6910/EJ6910 can be obtained from the CoE objects below. To determine the cycle time, it has to be multiplied with 1.25, because this is the factor used internally for generating a delay time before the next cycle.

#### 5.17.4.1 Index FEA0hex: CTRL Diag Data

Index	Name	Meaning	Flags	Default
FEA0:09	Actual Safety Control Task Execution Time	Current processing time of the EL6910/EJ6910 when logic state = 1 (RUN) cycle time = 1.25 * value (average value of 64 cycles)	RO	0 <sub>hex</sub>
FEA0:0A	Min Safety Control Task Execution Time	Minimum processing time of the EL6910/EJ6910 when logic state = 1 (RUN) cycle time = 1.25 * value	RO	0 <sub>hex</sub>
FEA0:0B	Actual Safety Control Task Execution Time	Maximum processing time of the EL6910/EJ6910 when logic state = 1 (RUN) cycle time = 1.25 * value	RO	0 <sub>hex</sub>

Index	Name	Meaning	Flags	Default
FEA0:15	Actual Safety Control Task Execution Time	Current processing time of the EL6910/EJ6910 when logic state <> 1 cycle time = 1.25 * value (average value of 64 cycles)	RO	0 <sub>hex</sub>
FEA0:16	Min Safety Control Task Execution Time	Minimum processing time of the EL6910/EJ6910 when logic state <> 1 cycle time = 1.25 * value	RO	0 <sub>hex</sub>
FEA0:17	Actual Safety Control Task Execution Time	Maximum processing time of the EL6910/EJ6910 when logic state <> 1 cycle time = 1.25 * value	RO	0 <sub>hex</sub>

The minimum and maximum values can be reset by writing a value to CoE object 0x1C32:08.

## 5.18 Diagnosis History

The diagnostic history of the TwinSAFE devices that support this function is implemented in accordance with the <u>ETG</u> guideline ETG.1020 Chapter 13 "Diagnosis Handling". The diagnostic messages are saved by the TwinSAFE device in a dedicated CoE object under 0x10F3 and can be read out by the application or by TwinCAT.

Both the control entries and the history itself can be found in the CoE object 0x10F3. The entry Newest Message (0x10F3:02) contains the subindex of 0x10F3, which contains the latest diagnostic message, e.g. 0x06 for diagnostic message 1.

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
10F3:0	Diagnosis History				
10F3:01	Maximum Messages	Maximum number of stored messages. A maximum of 64 messages can be stored. After that the respective oldest messages are overwritten.	UINT8	RO	0x40 (64 <sub>dec</sub> )
10F3:02	Newest Message	Subindex of the latest message	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 <sub>dec</sub> )
10F3:03	Newest Acknowledged Message	Subindex of the last confirmed message	UINT8	RW	0x00 (0 <sub>dec</sub> )
10F3:04	New Messages Available	Indicates that a new message is available	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 <sub>dec</sub> )
10F3:05	Flags	Set via the startup list. If set to 0x0001, the diagnostic messages are additionally sent by emergency to the EtherCAT master	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 <sub>dec</sub> )
10F3:06	Diagnosis Message 001	Diagnostic message 1	BYTE[32]	RO	{0}
10F3:45	Diagnosis Message 064	Diagnostic message 64	BYTE[32]	RO	{0}

#### Index 10F3<sub>hex</sub> Diagnosis History

#### Structure of the diagnostic messages

- DiagCode (4 bytes) in this case always 0x 0000 E000
- Flags (2 bytes) diagnosis type (info, warning or error), timestamp and number of parameters contained (see the following table)
- Text ID (2 bytes) ID of the diagnostic message as a reference to the message text from the ESI/XML
- Timestamp (8 bytes) local slave time in ns since switching on the TwinSAFE device

dynamic parameters (16 bytes) – parameters that can be inserted in the message text (see following table)

#### Flags in diagnostic messages

Data type	Offset	Descri	otion
UINT16	Bits 0 to 3	DiagTy	pe (value)
		0	Info message
		1	Warning message
		2	Error message
		315	reserved
	Bit 4	TwinSA	t = 1, the timestamp contained in the message is the local timestamp of the FE device. The age of the diagnostic message can be deduced by tion with the current timestamp from the CoE object 0x10F8.
	Bits 5 to 7	reserve	d
	Bits 8 to 15	Numbe	r of parameters in this diagnostic message

#### Dynamic parameters in the diagnostic messages

Туре	Data type	Description		
Flags parameter 1	UINT16	Describes the type of parameter 1		
		Bits 12 to 15 =	Bits 0 to 11 = data type of parameter 1	
		0	0x0001 - BOOLEAN 0x0002 - INT8 0x0003 - INT16 0x0004 - INT32 0x0005 - UINT8 0x0006 - UINT16 0x0007 - UINT32 0x0008 - REAL32 0x0011 - REAL64 0x0015 - INT64 0x001B - UINT64	
			Text parameters and formats are specified in ETG.2000.	
Parameter 1	Data type in accordance with flags	Value of param	neter 1	
Flags parameter 2	UINT16	see Flags para	meter 1	
Parameter 2	Data type in accordance with flags	Value of param	neter 2	

The diagnostic messages are saved in text form in the ESI/XML file belonging to the TwinSAFE device. On the basis of the Text ID contained in the diagnostic message, the corresponding plain text message can be found in the respective languages. The parameters can be inserted in the appropriate positions. In the following example, %x is used for a hexadecimal representation of the parameters.

620	#x6032	*	MessageText		
				= Lold	1031
				Rbc Text	SAFEOUT:The Feedback of the active Channel Switch is wrong. Module:0x%x / Channel:0x%x

Fig. 178: ESI/XML message text

Via the entry *New Messages Available* the user receives information that new messages are available. The messages can be read out via CompleteAccess (a CoE read command for the complete CoE object 0x10F3). The *New Messages Available* bit is reset after reading the messages.

The sending of emergency messages to the EtherCAT master is activated by adding the CoE object 0x10F3:05 to the startup list (Transition IP, value 0x0001). If new diagnostic messages arrive, they are entered in object 0x10F3 and additionally sent by emergency to the EtherCAT master.

General	EtherCAT	Process Da	a Slots	Startup	CoE - Online	Diag Histor	y Online	
Trans	ition Pro	tocol Ind	×	Data		Com	nent	
C IP	Col	E Ox1	0F3:05	0x0001 (	1)			
Mov	eUp (	Move Down			New		)elete	Edit

Fig. 179: Startup list

## 6 Lifetime

TwinSAFE components have a lifetime of 20 years, during which the target failure measures are guaranteed. For more information, see the chapter Target failure measures.

The lifetime starts from the date of manufacture according to the Date Code.

#### **▲ WARNING**

#### Replace TwinSAFE component after 20 years

After a lifetime of 20 years, the target failure measures are no longer guaranteed. *Use beyond the lifetime may result in loss of safety.* 

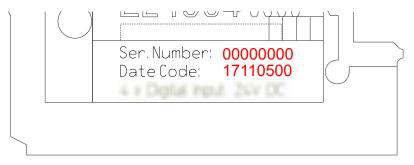
Due to the high diagnostic coverage within the lifetime no special proof tests are required.

The TwinSAFE components bear a Date Code, which is composed as follows:

Date Code: CW YY SW HW

Legend:	Example: Date Code 17 11 05 00
CW: calendar week of manufacture	Calendar week: 17
JJ: year of manufacture	Year: 2011
SW: software version	Software version: 05
HW: hardware version	Hardware version: 00

In addition the TwinSAFE components bear a unique serial number.



## 7 Maintenance and cleaning

• Cleaning by the manufacturer only

Do not operate the TwinSAFE component if it is unacceptably dirty. For the protection class, refer to the chapter Technical data [ $\blacktriangleright$  19].

Send unacceptably dirty TwinSAFE component to the manufacturer for cleaning.

TwinSAFE components are basically maintenance-free.

## 8 Decommissioning

### 8.1 Disposal

NOTICE

#### **Correct disposal**

Observe the applicable national laws and guidelines for disposal. Incorrect disposal may result in environmental damage.

Remove the TwinSAFE component for disposal.

Depending on your application and the products used, make sure that the respective components are disposed of properly:

#### Cast iron and metal

Hand over cast iron and metal parts to scrap metal recycling.

#### Cardboard, wood and polystyrene

Dispose of packaging materials made of cardboard, wood or Styrofoam in accordance with regulations.

#### Plastic and hard plastic

You can recycle parts made of plastic and hard plastic via the waste management center or reuse them in accordance with the component regulations and markings.

#### Oils and lubricants

Dispose of oils and lubricants in separate containers. Hand over containers to the waste oil collection point.

#### **Batteries and accumulators**

Batteries and accumulators may also be marked with the crossed-out wheeled garbage can symbol. You must separate these components from waste. You are legally obliged to return used batteries and accumulators within the EU. Outside the validity of the EU Directive 2006/66/EC, observe the respective regulations.

### 8.1.1 Returning to the vendor

In accordance with the WEEE-2012/19/EU directives, you can return used devices and accessories for professional disposal. The transport costs are borne by the sender.

Send the used devices with the note "For disposal" to:

Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG Gebäude "Service" Stahlstraße 31 D-33415 Verl

In addition, you have the option to contact a local certified specialist company for the disposal of used electrical and electronic appliances. Dispose of the old components in accordance with the regulations applicable in your country.

# 9 Appendix

### 9.1 Volatility

If there are requirements concerning the volatility of products in your application, for example of the U.S. Department of Defense or similar authorities or security organizations, the following process applies:

The product has both volatile and non-volatile components. Volatile components lose their data immediately after removing power. Non-volatile components keep the data even after loss of power.

If there is customer specific data saved on the product, it cannot be ensured that this data might not be restored through for example forensic measures, even after the data is deleted through the provided tool chain. If this data is confidential, the scrapping of the product after usage is recommended to protect this data.

### 9.2 Focus of certificates

The most decisive document for certified components of the TwinSAFE department is the EC type examination certificate. The document contains both the test coverage and the regarded component and component family.

The current certificates of all TwinSAFE components with the underlying standards and directives can be found at <u>https://www.beckhoff.com/en-en/support/download-finder/certificates-approvals/</u>.

If the document refers only to the first four figures of a product (ELxxxx), the certificate is valid for all available variants of the component (ELxxxx-abcd). This is applicable for all components like EtherCAT Terminals, EtherCAT Boxes, EtherCAT plug-in modules and Bus Terminals.

<b>CERTIFIC</b>	EC-Type Exar	Product Service Product Service Rev. 01
FICADO 🔶	Holder of Certificate:	Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG Hülshorstweg 20 33415 Verl GERMANY
CERTI	Product: Model(s):	Safety components EL1918
ификат 🔸	Parameters:	Supply voltage:24VDC (-15%/+20%)Ambient temperature:-25°C+55°CProtection class:IP20
СЕРТИ	Directive 2006/42/EC relating to ma with the principal protection require	ate is issued according to Article 12(3) b or 12(4) a of Council achinery. It confirms that the listed Annex-IV equipment complies ements of the directive. It refers only to the sample submitted to for testing and certification. For details see: www.tuvsud.com/ps-cert
◆ 罪	Test report no.:	BV99670C

If you regard the example EL1918 in the picture, the certificate is valid for both the EL1918 and the available variant EL1918-2200.

### 9.3 Certificate

**BECKHOFF** New Automation Technology Originalerklärung Original declaration EG-Konformitätserklärung EC Declaration of Conformity Nummer: 2017043EL6910-3, Datum: 19.12.2022 Number, Date Hersteller Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG Manufacturer Hülshorstweg 20, 33415 Verl, Germany erklärt, dass das Produkt TwinSAFE EL6910 TwinSAFE Logic declares that the product TwinSAFE logic den Bestimmungen der folgenden EG-Richtlinien entspricht: complies with the relevant requirements of the following EC directives: 2006/42/EG Richtlinie 2006/42/EG des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 17. Mai 2006 über Maschinen und zur Änderung der Richtlinie 95/16/EG (Neufassung) Directive 2006/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on machinery, and amending Directive 95/16/EC (recast) Richtlinie 2014/33/EU des Europäischen Parliaments und des Rates vom 26. Februar 2014 zur Angleichung 2014/33/EU der Rechtsvorschriften der Mitgliedstatten über Aufzüge und Sicherheitsbauteile für Aufzüge Directive 2014/33/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to lifts and safety components for lifts Richtlinie 2014/30/EU des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 26. Februar 2014 zur Harmonisierung der Rechtsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit 2014/33/EU 2014/30/EU (Neufassung) Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States 2014/30/EU relating to electromagnetic compatibility (recast) Richtlinie 2011/65/EU des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 8. Juni 2011 zur Beschränkung 2011/65/EU der Verwendung bestimmter gefährlicher Stoffe in Elektro- und Elektronikgeräten Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in 2011/65/EU electrical and electronic equipment (recast) Die Konformität mit den Bestimmungen der genannten Richtlinien wird durch Einhaltung der folgenden Normen nachgewiesen: The conformity with the listed directives is proved by compliance with the following standards. EN ISO 13849-1:2015 EN IEC 63000:2018 EN 61131-2:2007 EN 81-20:2020 EN 62061:2005/A2:2015 EN 61000-6-2:2005 EN 81-22:2014 EN 61000-6-4:2007 EN 81-50:2020 Die Übereinstimmung eines Baumusters des bezeichneten Produkts mit den EU-Richtlinien wurde bescheinigt von The accordance of a production sample of the designated product with the EC directives is certified by Richtlinie **Benannte Stelle** Baumusterprüfbescheinigung M6A 062386 0043 Rev. 01 2006/42/EG **TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH** 2006/42/EC Ridlerstraße 65, 80339 München, Germany 2022-12-12 2014/33/EU 2014/33/EU **TÜV SÜD Industrie Service GmbH** EU-ESD 045 Westendstraße 199, 80686 München, Germany 2021-05-07 Verantwortlich für die Zusammenstellung der technischen Unterlagen Responsible for the compilation of technical docume Bevollmächtigter Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG Authorised person Hülshorstweg 20, 33415 Verl, Germany Verl, 12. 12. 1012 dus Ort / Datum Dipl.-Phys. Hans Beckhoff, Geschäftsführer Place / Date Dipl.-Phys. Hans Beckhoff, CEO

Fig. 180: EL6910 EC declaration of conformity

RFCKHI

### 9.3.1 EN 81-20, EN 81-22 and EN 81-50

The TwinSAFE components KLx9xx, ELx9xx and EK1960 meet the requirements of EN 81-20, EN 81-22 and EN 81-50. The conformity evaluation is based on the existing certificates.

- Z10 14 12 62386 022
- Z10 14 12 62386 023
- Z10 15 03 62386 033
- Z10 16 11 62386 034
- Z10 17 04 62386 036

The list of components and the corresponding manuals can be found in the following table.

No.	Product name	Description
KL1	KL1904	TwinSAFE input terminals with 4 fail-safe inputs
KL2	KL2904	TwinSAFE output terminal with 4 fail-safe outputs
KL3	KL6904	TwinSAFE Logic terminal with 4 fail-safe outputs
KL1-3	Operating instructions	
	KL1904, version: 2.3.1, o	date: 2017-02-08
	KL2904, version: 2.2.1, o	date: 2017-02-08
	KL6904, version: 2.2.1, o	date: 2017-02-08
EL1	EL1904	TwinSAFE Terminal with 4 digital fail-safe inputs
EL2	EL2904	TwinSAFE Terminal with 4 digital fail-safe outputs
EL3	EL6900	TwinSAFE Logic Terminal
EL4	EL6910	TwinSAFE Logic Terminal
EL5	EL6930	TwinSAFE Logic Terminal with PROFIsafe gateway
EL1-5	Operating instructions	
	EL1904, version: 2.1.1, o	date: 2017-02-07
	EL2904, version: 2.1.1, o	date: 2017-02-07
	EL6900, version: 2.2.0, o	date: 2017-05-10
	EL6910, version: 1.5.0, o	date: 2017-06-01
	EL6930, version: 1.2.0, o	date: 2016-03-15
EK1	EK1960	TwinSAFE Compact Controller
EK1	Operating instructions	
	EK1960, version: 1.1.0,	date: 2017-06-01

The following operating conditions must be adhered to:

- 1. For the use of the modules according to EN 81-22 and EN 81-50, the conditions described in the manuals for achieving category 4 according to EN 13849-1 **must be** observed.
- 2. The use of the modules is limited to indoor applications.
- 3. Basic protection against direct contact must be provided, either by meeting protection class IP2X or by installing the modules in a control cabinet which corresponds at least to protection class IP54 according to EN 60529.
- 4. The ambient conditions regarding temperature, humidity, heat dissipation, EMC and vibrations, as specified in the operating instructions under technical data, must be observed.
- 5. The operating conditions in potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX) are specified in the operating instructions.
- 6. The safe state (triggering) of the application must be the non-energized state (the safe state of the devices is always the non-energized, switched off state; this cannot be changed).
- 7. The service life specified in the operating instructions must be observed.
- 8. If the module is operated outside the permissible temperature range, it changes to "Global Shutdown" state.

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More Information: www.beckhoff.com/EL6910

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